

A brief history of Laboratory Kastler Brossel in Paris (1950 – 2000)

MICHELE LEDUC

Research Director emeritus at CNRS

Member of the Bose-Einstein Condensate group

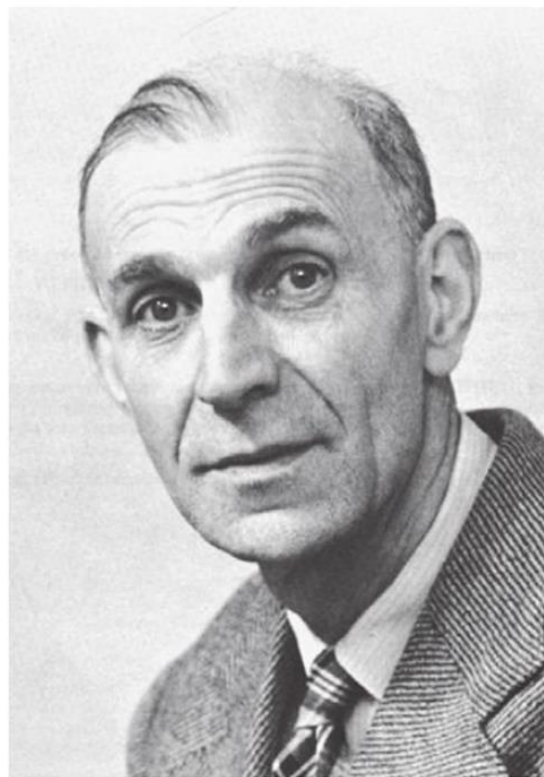
100 years of Quantum Physics. Colloquium in the honor of Serge Haroche. QuyNhon, October 6-9 (2025)



Nobel laureates of the laboratory



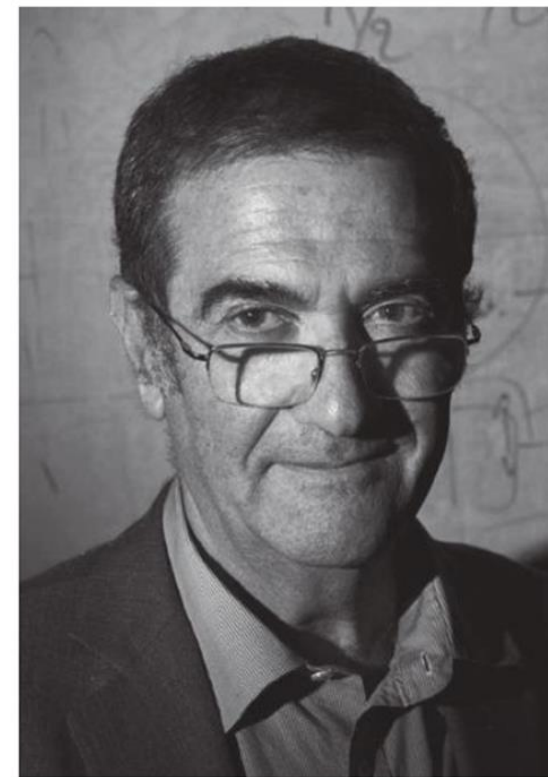
Three Nobel Prizes



Alfred Kastler
1966



Claude Cohen-Tannoudji
1986



Serge Haroche
2012



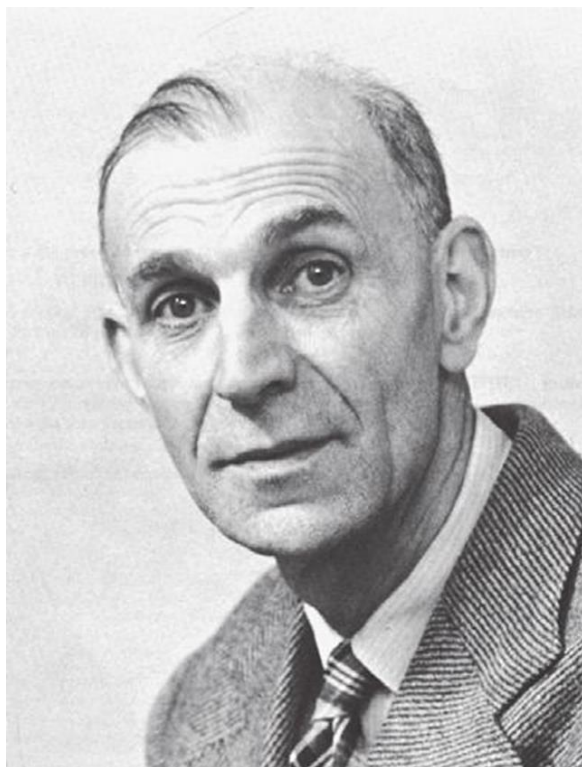
The early days (1950-1965)

1951: Foundation of the laboratory at ENS

Laboratoire de Spectroscopie Hertzienne de l'Ecole Normale Supérieure

Laboratoire Kastler- Brossel in 1994

Alfred Kastler
1902 - 1984



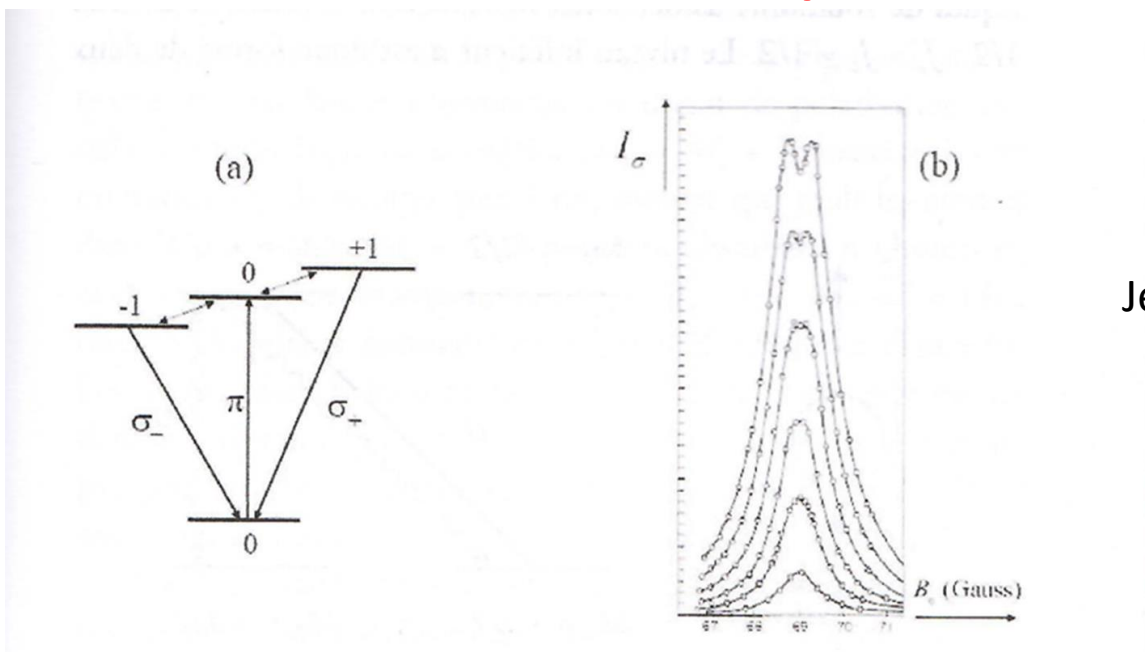
Jean Brossel
1918 - 2003



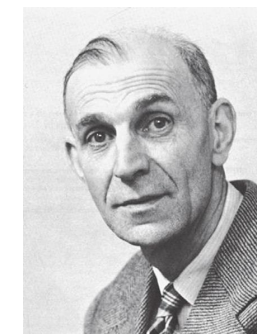
The early days

The double resonance

Optical and hertzian



Jean Brossel
PhD 1951
Paris



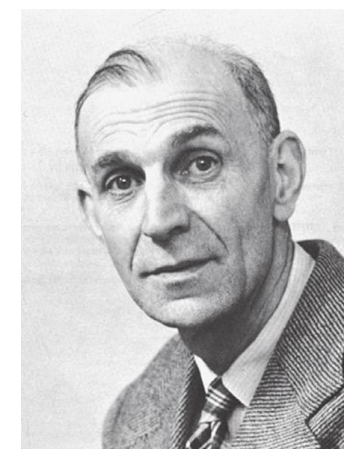
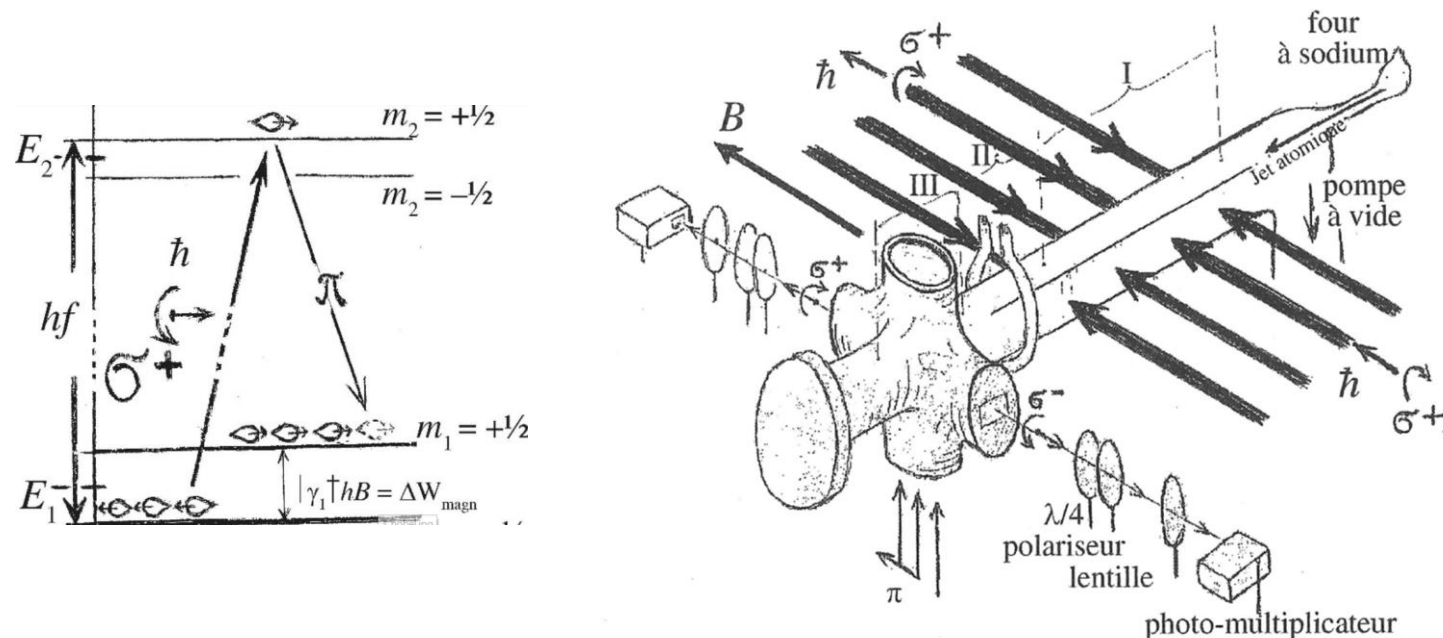
Magnetic resonance between Zeeman sublevels of an optically excited state of Hg atoms



The early days

Optical pumping

Orientation of spins of atoms in the ground state



Principle:
Alfred Kastler
(1950)



First experiment:
Jean Brossel +
Jacques Winter
(1952)

Atomic beam of Na illuminated by circularly polarized light
Selection rules: only atoms in $m=+1/2$ are absorbed

Later for atomic gases in glass cells (*with buffer gas or coating the cell walls*)

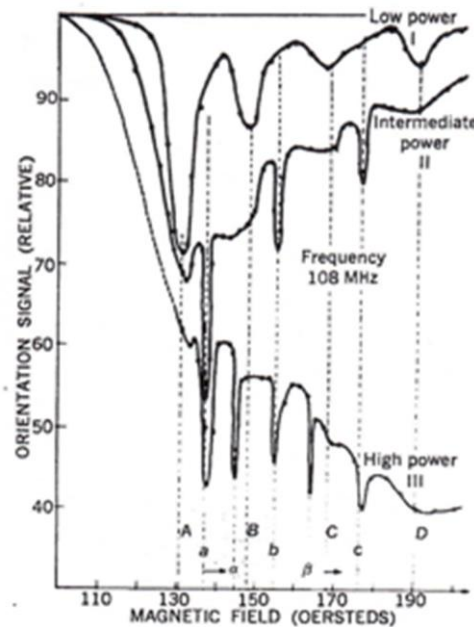


The early days

Multiple-quantum transitions

Brossel
Cagnac
Kastler
1954

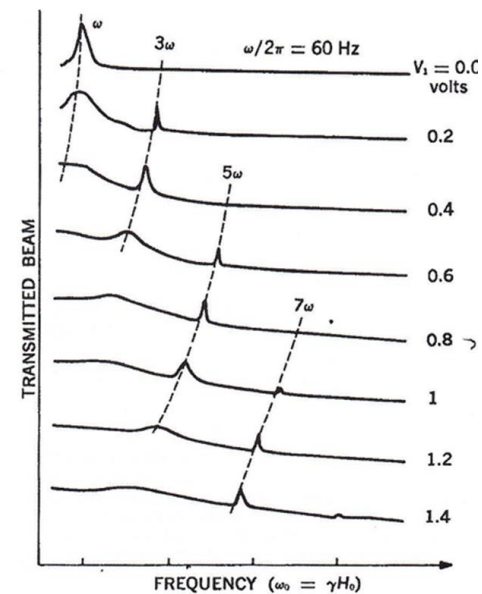
Na



Magnetic resonance
with increasing
radio-frequency field



Bernard Cagnac



Claude Cohen-Tannoudji
Serge Haroche

Hg

Field revisited with attosecond generation (Nobel prize 2023)



© Nobel Prize Outreach. Photo:
Clément Morin
Pierre Agostini



© Nobel Prize Outreach. Photo:
Clément Morin
Ferenc Krausz

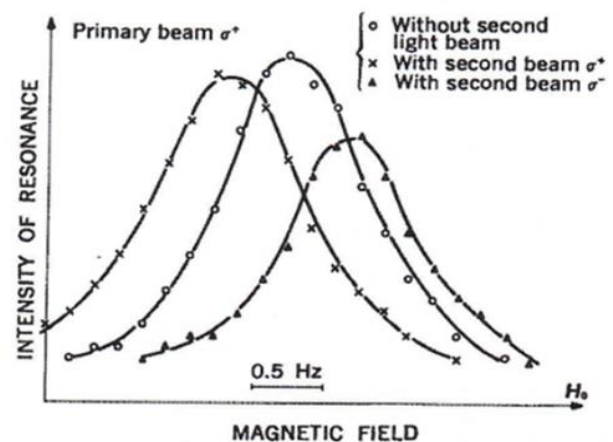
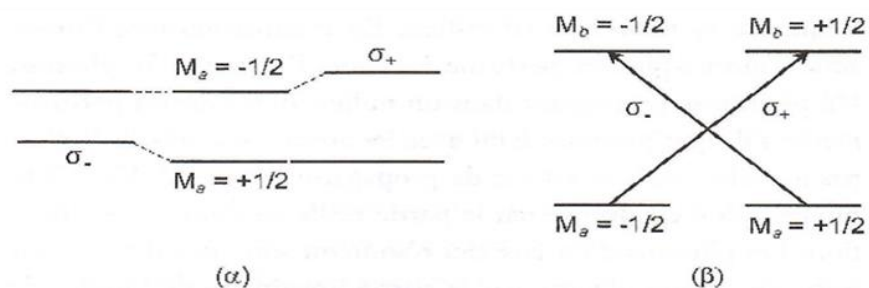


© Nobel Prize Outreach. Photo:
Clément Morin
Anne L'Huillier



The early days

The light shifts



Claude Cohen-Tannoudji
PhD 1960



Irradiation by non resonant light circularly polarized
Frequency displacement of Zeeman sublevels

Further development: the « dressed atom »

Serge Haroche PhD 1971





The early days

Spreading of PhD students

New groups at several universities in France

Close collaboration with the ENS lab

Jacques Blamont *(Career in space)*

Jacques Winter *(NMR at Centre d'Etudes Nucléaires/ Saclay)*

Jean-Claude Pebay Peyroula *(Atomic spectroscopy in Grenoble)*

Jean Margerie *(Optical pumping of defects in solid crystals in Caen)*



The early days

Jean Margerie

LE JOURNAL DE PHYSIQUE

TOME 24, OCTOBRE 1963, PAGE 717.

POMPAGE OPTIQUE DES CENTRES F DANS KBr

Par N. V. KARLOV,
Institut Lebedev, Moscou

J. MARGERIE,
École Normale Supérieure, Paris

et

Y. MERLE-D'AUBIGNÉ,
Laboratoire de Physique Générale, S. A. C. M., Grenoble.

1963

JEAN MARGERIE

1965

1^{re} THÈSE

MÉTHODES D'ÉTUDE EXPÉRIMENTALE DE L'EFFET ZEEMAN DES RAIES LARGES
DANS LE SPECTRE D'ABSORPTION DES SOLIDES

Jury: Kastler Jacquinot Brossel Friedel





The (very) early days

Kastler predicts the « effet lumino-frigorifique »

LE JOURNAL DE PHYSIQUE ET LE RADIUM

TOME 11, JUIN 1930, PAGE 233.

☞ QUELQUES SUGGESTIONS CONCERNANT LA PRODUCTION OPTIQUE ET LA DÉTECTION OPTIQUE
D'UNE INÉGALITÉ DE POPULATION
DES NIVEAUX DE QUANTIFICATION SPATIALE DES ATOMES.
APPLICATION A L'EXPÉRIENCE DE STERN ET GERLACH ET A LA RÉSONANCE MAGNÉTIQUE (1)

Par ALFRED KASTLER.
Laboratoire de Physique de l'École Normale Supérieure, Paris.

1950

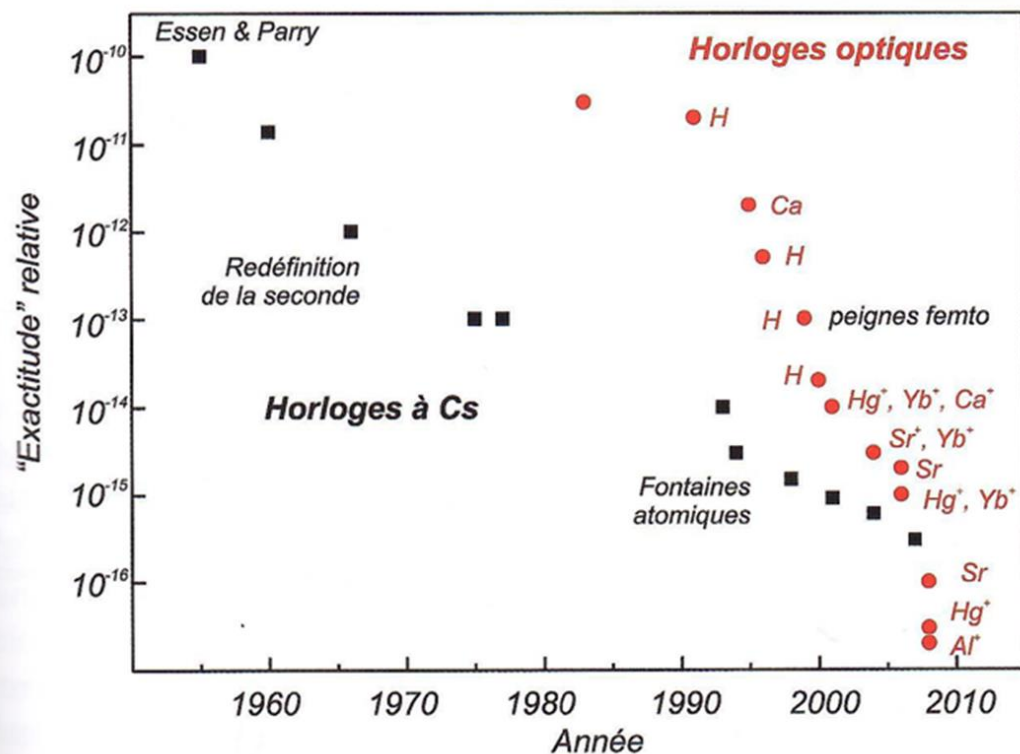
definitive, lorsqu'en irradiant un milieu il est possible d'obtenir l'émission, à côté de la radiation excitatrice, de radiations de fluorescence stokes sans émission simultanée de radiations antistokes, le milieu s'échauffera. Si, au contraire, les conditions sont telles qu'à côté de la radiation excitatrice le milieu ne puisse émettre que des radiations antistokes, sa température peut diminuer, si le rendement de fluorescence est égal à l'unité.

sel isomorphe le rendement de fluorescence à basse température doit s'approcher de l'unité. Il convient de remarquer qu'un tel effet lumino-frigorifique reste une simple curiosité scientifique et ne peut guère être utilisé pour refroidir pratiquement une substance, car, d'une part, l'effet est faible et lent, et, d'autre part, la nécessité d'évacuer les radiations réémises par le milieu ne permet pas d'entourer la substance de parois réfléchissantes. Cependant, en employant

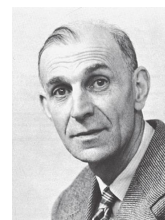


The atomic clock

Implication of the ENS lab in the atomic clock development



Relative accuracy of atomic clocks



Alfred Kastler

President of the Atomic Clock Laboratory
1958 and on



Christophe Salomon

Contribution to the Atomic Fountain Clocks
at Paris Observatory

PI of the Pharo Clock on the ISS
Now in orbit since april 2025

Nobel Prize of Alfred Kastler 1966

Discovery and development of optical methods for studying hertzian resonances in atoms

Claude Cohen-Tannoudji

Serge Haroche

Alain Omont

Franck Laloë

Jean Brossel





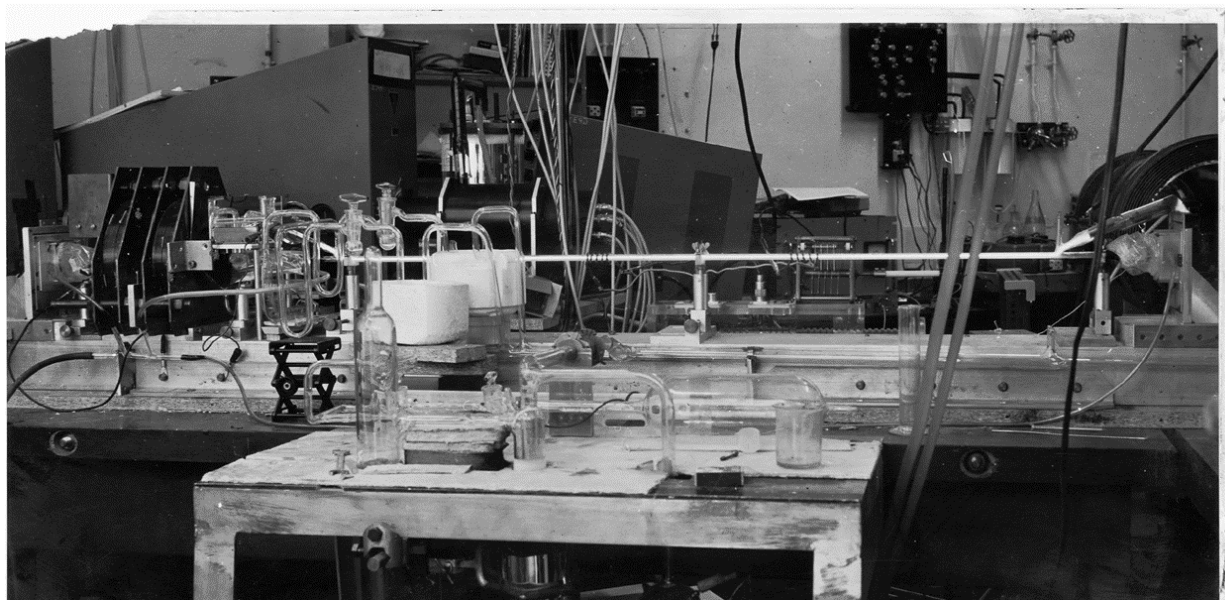


Laser time

The first gas laser at ENS

1964

Helium-Neon
laser



Built by Bernard Decomps



With Michel Dumont

SPECTROSCOPIE HERTZIENNE. — *Étude du niveau $2p_2$ du néon à l'aide d'une irradiation laser.* Note (*) de M^{lle} **ELISABETH FOURNIER**, MM. **MARTIAL DUCLOY**, **BERNARD DECOMPS** et **MICHEL DUMONT**, transmise par M. Alfred Kastler.



Elisabeth
Giacobino



Optical pumping in semiconductors

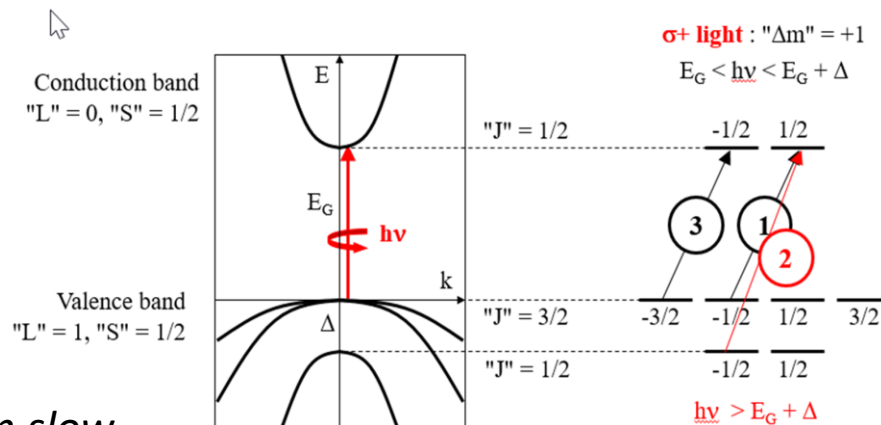


Connections with laboratories
at ENS (Paris) and CEA (Saclay)

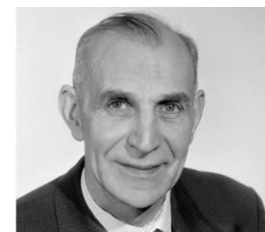
Ionel Solomon Ecole polytechnique

Polarization
for
itinerant
electrons

Spin relaxation slow



1970 and on



Alfred KASTLER
ENS

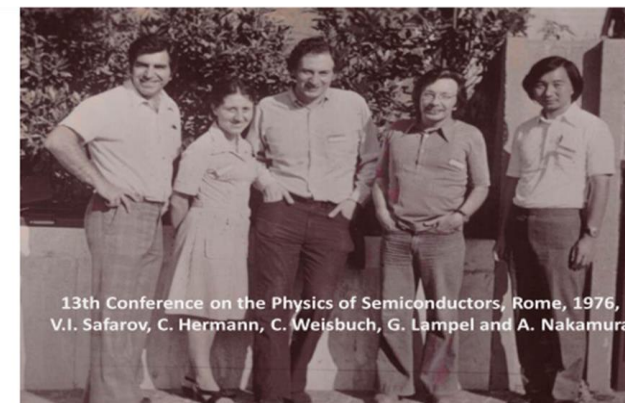


Jean BROSSE
ENS



Anatole ABRAGAM
CEA et Collège
de France

Claude Weisbuch



Claudine Hermann and Georges Lampel

Measurement of the g Factor of Conduction Electrons by Optical Detection of
Spin Resonance in p -Type Semiconductors
Phys. Rev. Lett. 27, 373 (1971)
Claudine Hermann and Georges Lampel

Analogy with Brosse's double resonance

Generation of polarized electron beams



More space: new research groups

1967



Lab expansion to Jussieu

« *Halle aux Vins* »

May 68



The lab survives...

Molecular spectroscopy
High precision measurements



Quantum optics

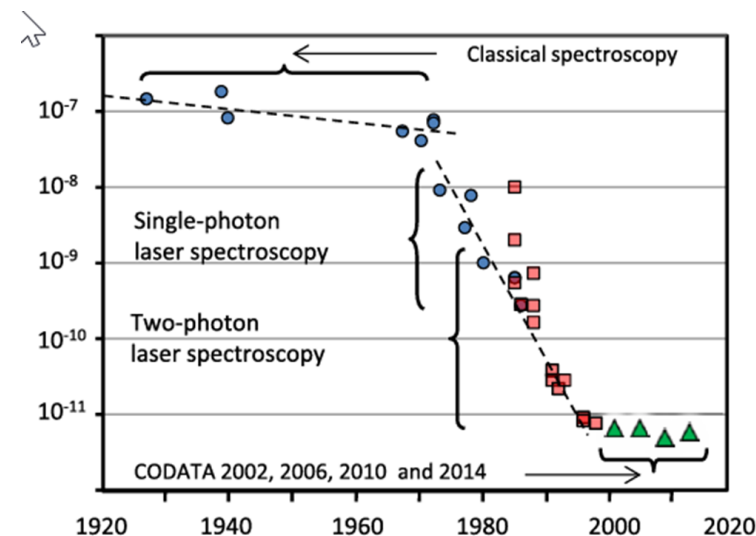
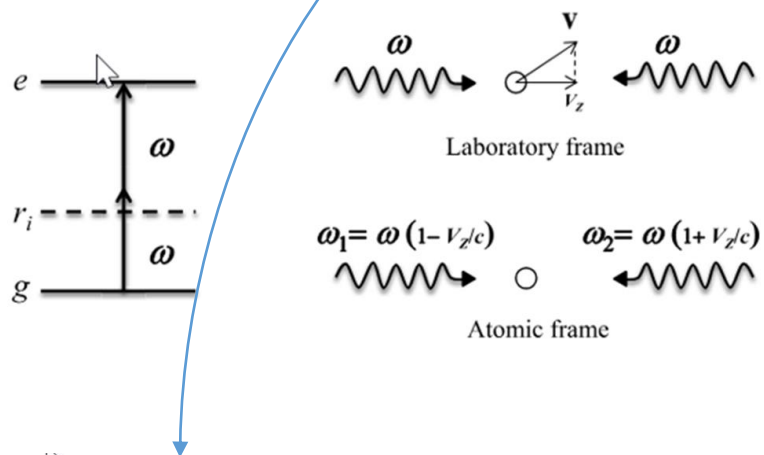
Claude Fabre and Elisabeth Giacobino



High precision metrology in Jussieu

Doppler-free spectroscopy

1973



Two-photon spectroscopy of Hydrogen atom
Rydberg constant improved accuracy



Bernard Cagnac



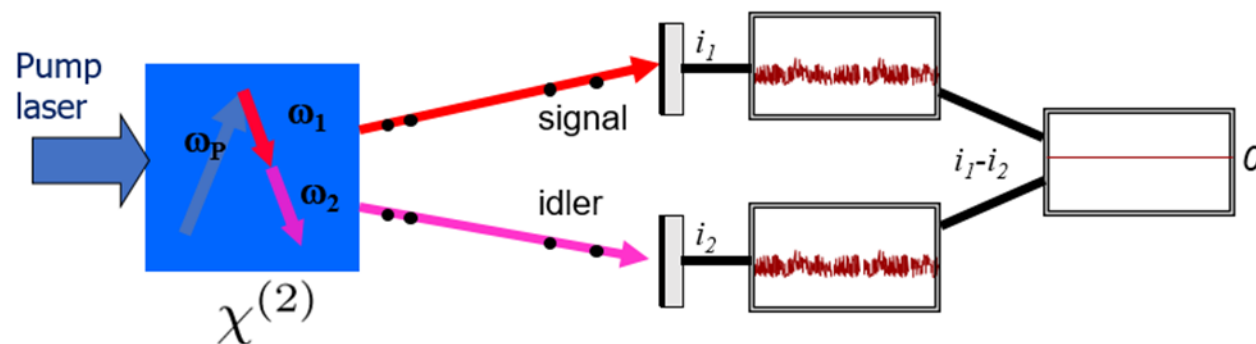
Gilbert Grynberg



François Biraben



Generation of quantum correlated twin beams by parametric down conversion



Energy conservation
Phase matching

$$\begin{aligned}\omega_p &= \omega_s + \omega_c \\ \vec{k}_p &= \vec{k}_s + \vec{k}_c\end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta(N_1 - N_2) = 0$$

Predictions



Serge Reynaud

Intensity fluctuations perfectly correlated at the quantum levels

At low level: correlated photons

“Quantum fluctuations in a two-mode parametric oscillator”

Reynaud S., Fabre C., Giacobino E., *J. Opt. Soc. Am. B* **4** (1987)

p.1520-1524:



Quantum optics

Generation of squeezed state of light

Photon reduction noise below shot noise

Squeezing with cold atoms

Lambrecht A., Coudreau T., Steinberg A. M., Giacobino E., *Europhys. Lett.* **36**, 93(1996)

Squeezing by optomechanics

PHYSICAL REVIEW A

VOLUME 49, NUMBER 2

FEBRUARY 1994

Quantum-noise reduction using a cavity with a movable mirror

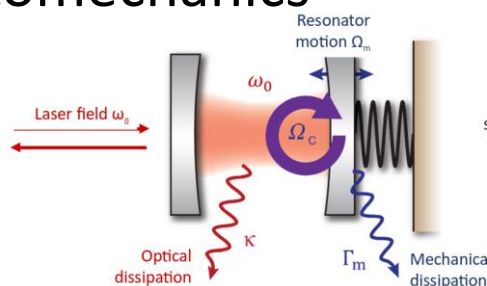
C. Fabre, M. Pinard, S. Bourzeix, A. Heidmann, E. Giacobino, and S. Reynaud

Laboratoire de Spectroscopie Hertzienne de l'Ecole Normale Supérieure, case 74, Université Pierre et Marie Curie,

75252 Paris Cedex 05, France

(Received 9 August 1993)

Optomechanics



*Coupling between
mechanical motion and light
through radiation pressure*

Control of
mirror motion



Antoine Heidman



Parity Violation in Atomic Physics



Marie-Anne Bouchiat

prediction

Claude Bouchiat

1972 -

Chirality of interaction between light and atom.
Symmetry breaking in the absorption of light

A new force between the valence electron and the atomic nucleus
Due to exchange of the neutral boson Z^0

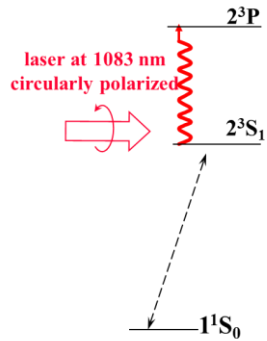
Later seen at CERN at high energy in collisions proton- antiproton

**The ENS experiment pioneered the field
and reached an impressive sensitivity**

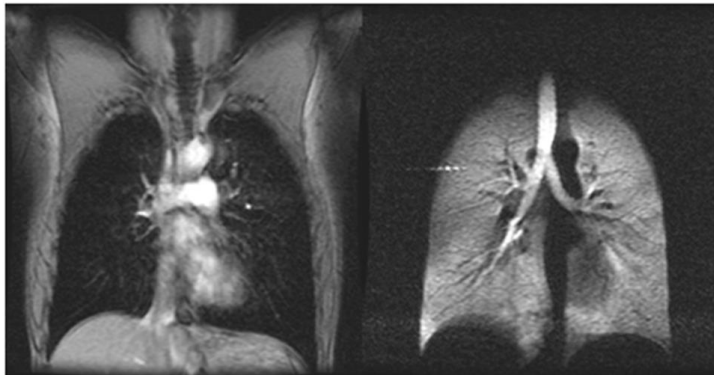
10^{-7}



Nuclear polarization of He3



Optical pumping
via metastable state

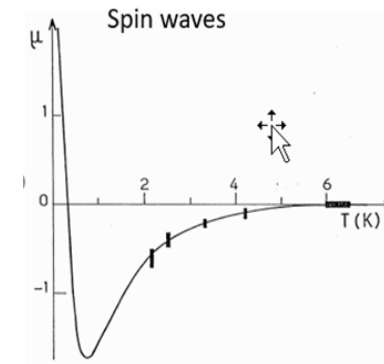
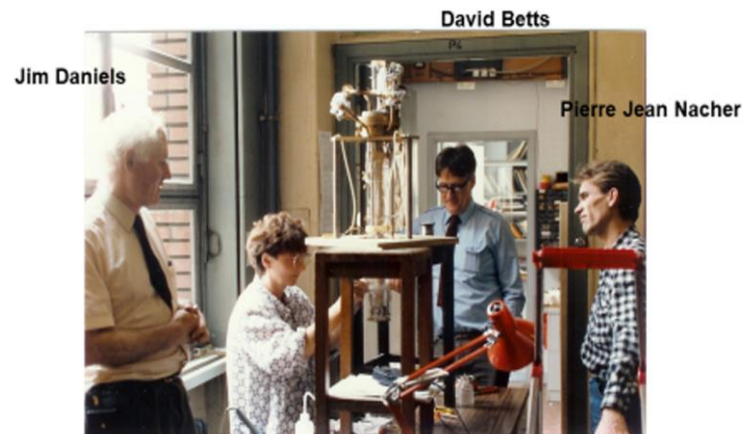


Proton

Helium

Transport properties modified by nuclear polarization (identical particle effects) during binary collisions when $\lambda_{\text{deBroglie}} \sim a_0$ (potential range)

Predicted in 1980 (F. Laloë), computed in 1982 (F.L. & C. Lhuillier)



*Field revisited with ultracold fermions by Eric Cornell (2002)-
spontaneous segregation of spins*

NMR of inhaled He3 gas
Collaboration with Ernst Otten

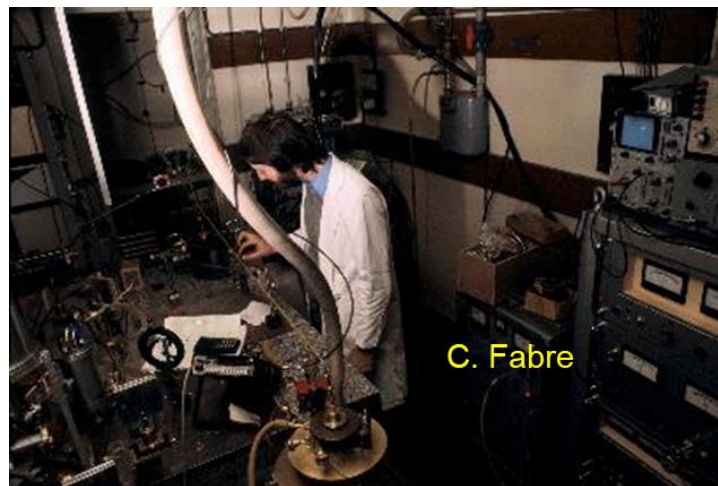




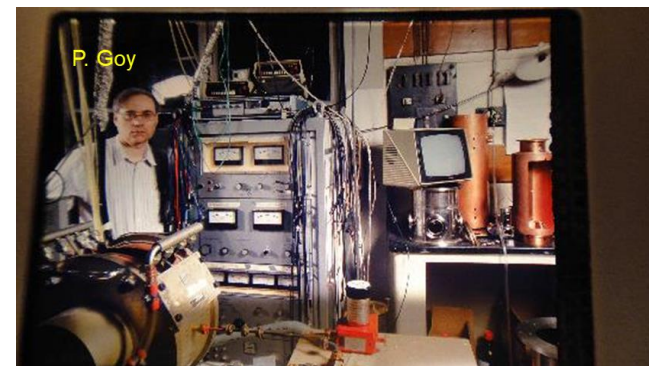
Atoms in cavity



Michel Gross



C. Fabre



P. Goy

The groups started by Serge Haroche in 1973

Jean Michel Raymond joined in 1977



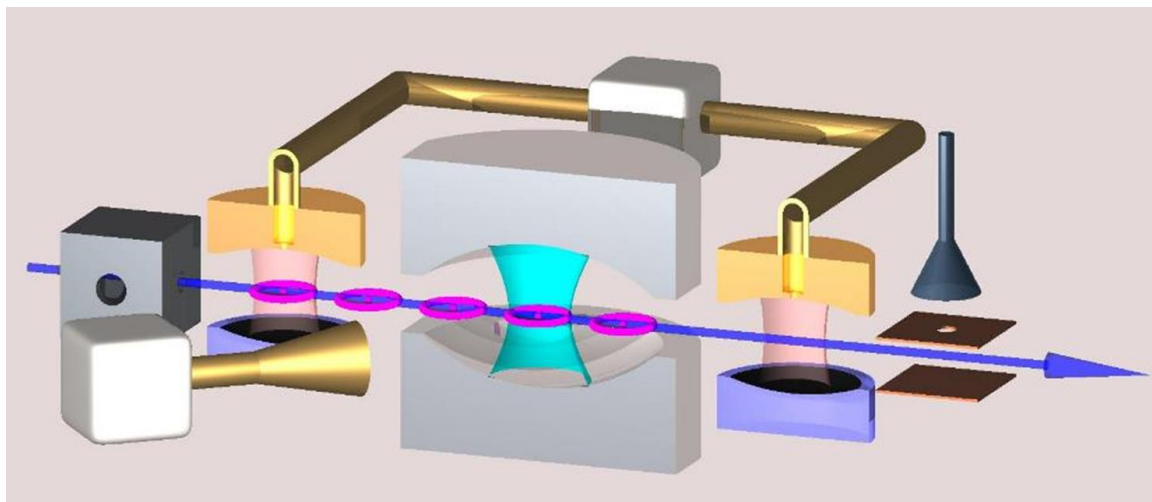
Michel Brune



Atoms in cavity

A long lasting quest...

With a « simple » experimental set-up



On the way to QND experiments
and to the Nobel Prize 2012

From the begining

A blossom of results

Rydberg atoms microwave spectroscopy

Near Infra-red superradiance

Squeezing in a Rydberg atom maser

Spontaneous emission enhanced

The two-photon micromaser

Quantum jumps of light

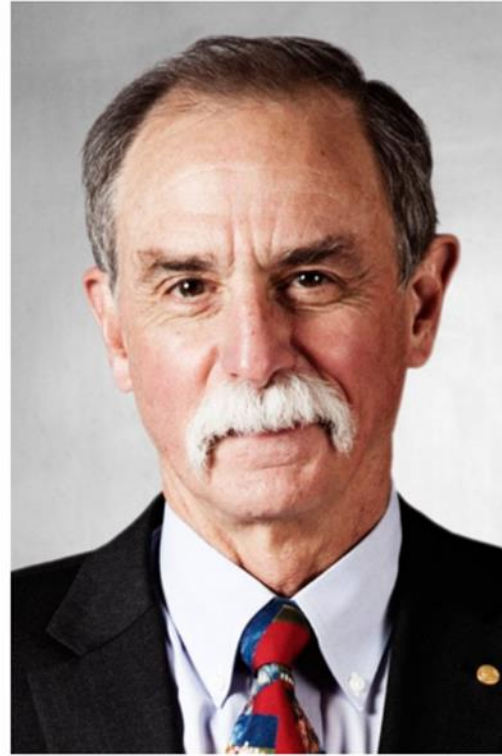
Physics Nobel Prize



© The Nobel Foundation. Photo:
U. Montan

Serge Haroche

Prize share: 1/2



© The Nobel Foundation. Photo:
U. Montan

David J. Wineland

Prize share: 1/2

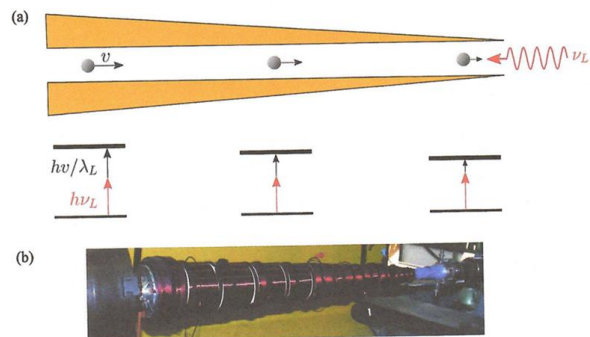
2012

“for ground-breaking experimental methods that enable measuring and manipulation of individual quantum systems”



Cold atoms

Stopping atoms with laser light



1985

First experiment at NIST

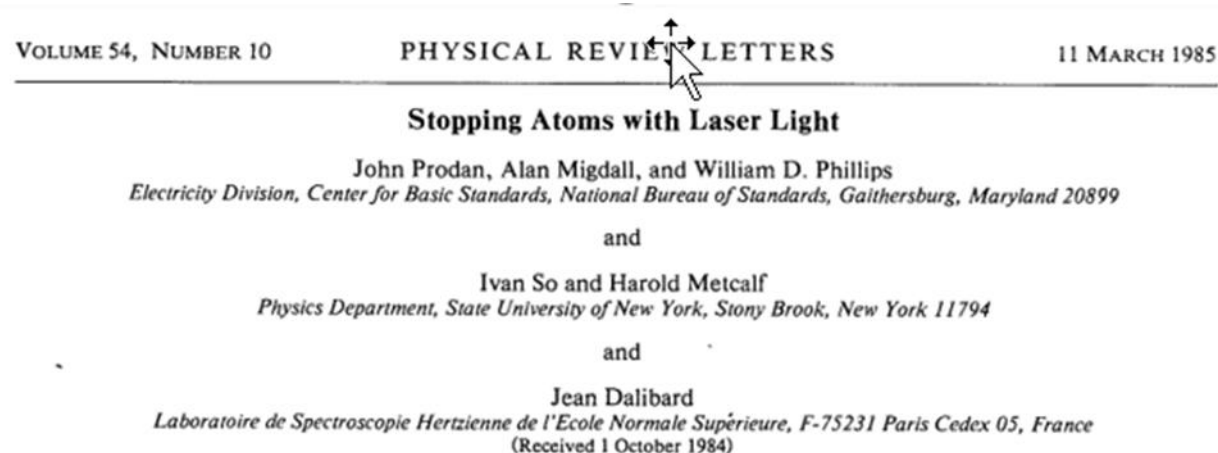
An atomic beam is decelerated by a counterpropagating laser beam
In a variable magnetic field (Zeeman slower)
Doppler and Zeeman effects compensate along the atomic path



Jean Dalibard postdoc



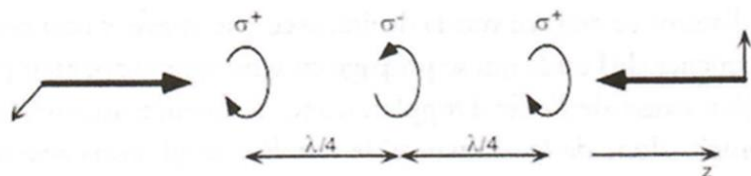
In Bill Phillips Lab



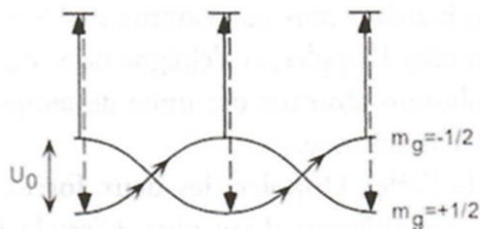


Prediction of the Sisyphus effect

1985



A two-level atom in a standing wave



A succession of spontaneous absorption-emission cycles
The atom gradually loses its kinetic energy

Dressed-atom approach to atomic motion in laser light: the dipole force revisited

J. Dalibard and C. Cohen-Tannoudji

Collège de France and Laboratoire de Spectroscopie Hertzienne de l'Ecole Normale Supérieure [Laboratoire
Associé au Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique [LA 18]], 24 rue Lhomond, F 75231 Paris Cedex 05,
France

Received March 28, 1985; accepted June 6, 1985

J. Dalibard



J. Dalibard was born in 1958 in Paris. Since 1979, he has worked at the Ecole Normale Supérieure with C. Cohen-Tannoudji. He obtained the *doctorat 3ème cycle* in 1981 and he is now working for the Ph.D. degree, devoted to the study of fluctuation processes in quantum optics and quantum electrodynamics. Since 1982 he has been a member of the Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique.

C. Cohen-Tannoudji

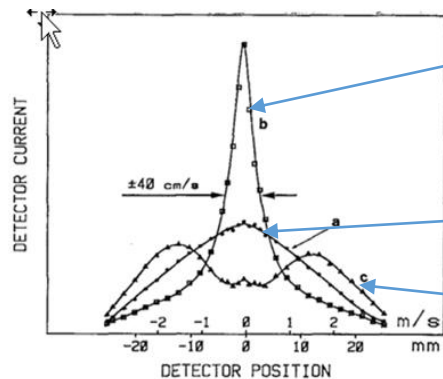


C. Cohen-Tannoudji, professor at the Collège de France, was born in 1933. Since 1960 he has been involved in research at the Ecole Normale Supérieure in Paris with Alfred Kastler and Jean Brossel. His principal research is in optical pumping, quantum optics, and the interaction of radiation with matter.



Cold atoms

Observation of the Sisyphus effect



Cooling beam **on**
(positive detuning)

Cooling laser beam **off**

Cooling beam on
(negative detuning)

VOLUME 57, NUMBER 14

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

6 OCTOBER 1986

Cooling Atoms with Stimulated Emission



A. Aspect, J. Dalibard, A. Heidmann, C. Salomon, and C. Cohen-Tannoudji
Laboratoire de Spectroscopie Hertzienne de l'Ecole Normale Supérieure et Collège de France
F-75231 Paris Cedex 05, France
(Received 30 July 1986)

1986



VOLUME 61, NUMBER 7

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

15 AUGUST 1988

Laser Cooling below the One-Photon Recoil Energy by Velocity-Selective Coherent Population Trapping

A. Aspect, E. Arimondo, ^(a) R. Kaiser, N. Vansteenkiste, and C. Cohen-Tannoudji
Laboratoire de Spectroscopie Hertzienne de l'Ecole Normale Supérieure et Collège de France
F-75231 Paris Cedex 05, France
(Received 11 July 1988)

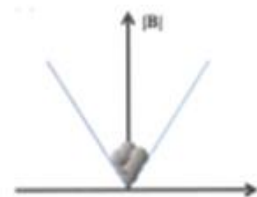
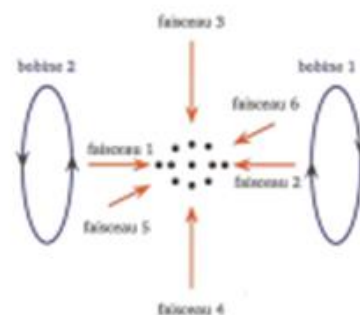
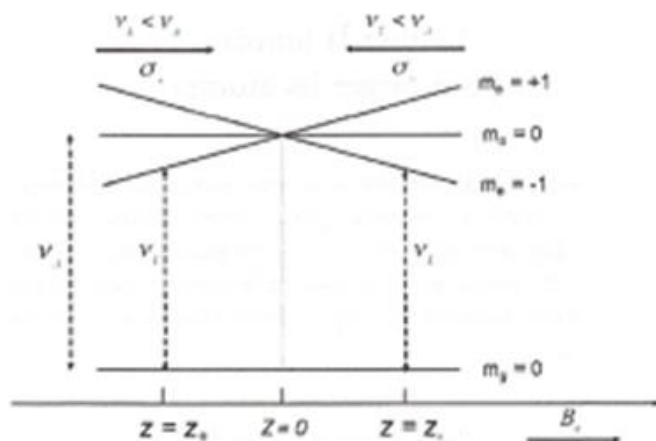
1988

Xx, A. Aspect, C. Cohen-Tannoudji, N. Vantenkiste,
R. Kaiser, J. Dalibard, H. Metcalf, C. Salomon



Cold atoms

The magneto optical trap



Jean Dalibard: principle inspired by optical pumping

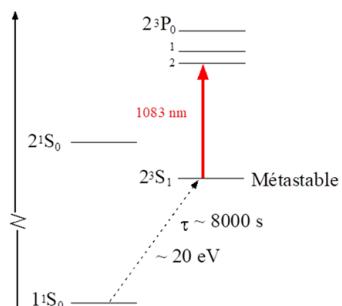
Stev Chu: experimental demonstration



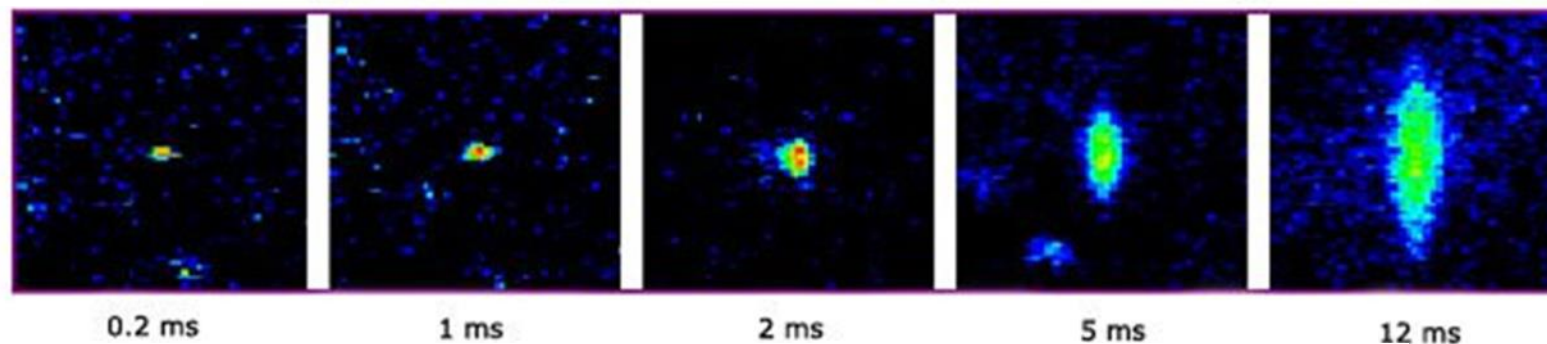
Cold atoms

Bose-Einstein Condensation of Metastable He4

The unique case of a BEC with atoms in an excited state



Time of flight experiment

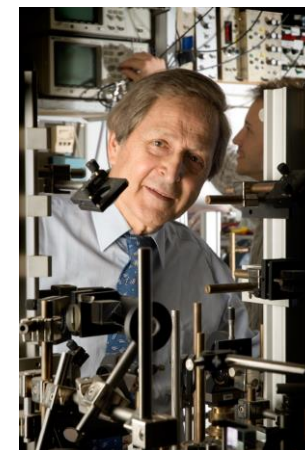


Bose-Einstein Condensation of Metastable Helium

PRL 86, April 2001

F. Pereira Dos Santos, J. Léonard, Junmin Wang,* C.J. Barrelet, F. Perales,[†] E. Rasel,[‡]
C. S. Unnikrishnan,[§] M. Leduc, and C. Cohen-Tannoudji
*Collège de France, Laboratoire Kastler Brossel, Département de Physique, Ecole Normale Supérieure,
24 rue Lhomond, 75231 Paris Cedex 05, France
(Received 19 March 2001)*

We have observed a Bose-Einstein condensate in a dilute gas of ^4He in the 2^3S_1 metastable state.



Franck Pereira Dos Santos



Cold atoms



Weekly seminar of
the cold atom group at ENS

The Nobel prize

1986





The directors of LKB



Jean Brossel
1972-1984



Jacques Dupont-Roc
1985-1994

Michèle Leduc
1994-1999

Elisabeth Giacobino

1999-2001 Franck Laloë
2002-2006



Paul Indelicato
2006-2012



Antoine Heidman
2012-2024



Nicolas Treps
2024 -



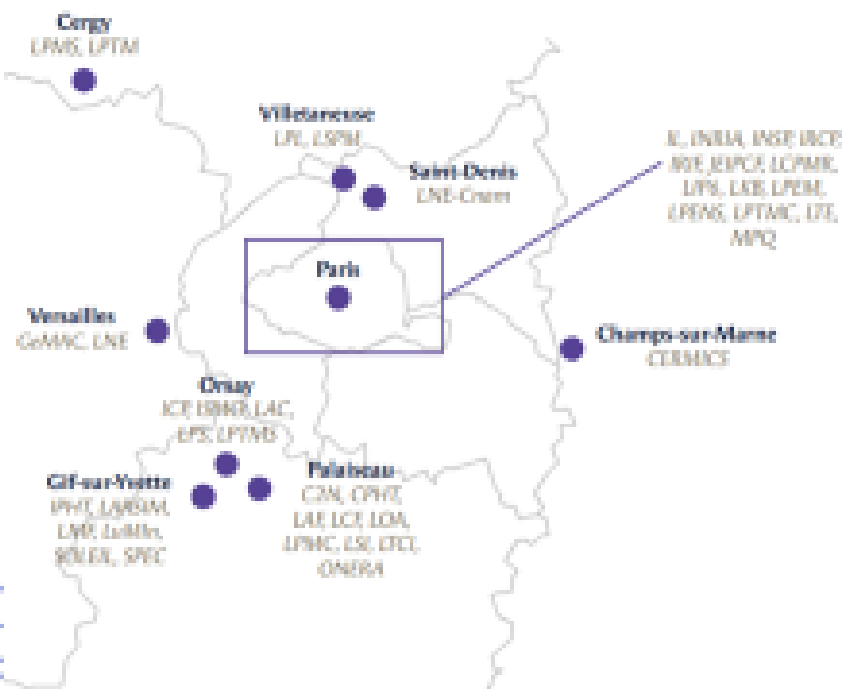
QuanTip network for quantum technologies in the Paris area

Academic members

QuanTip

Network for Quantum Technologies in the Paris Area

Région Île-de-France



Multidisciplinary research:

computer science, mathematics, physics, chemistry, material science, engineering...

- 1200 researchers (50% permanent, 35% PhD students, 15% postdocs),
- 158 teams
- 42 laboratories
- 24 institutions
- spread over all quantum technology topics

3 Nobel prizes, 4 Gold medals, 9 Flagship projects, 43 ERC grants...

Thanks for sponsoring
the colloquium

Postdocs
PhDs
Visitors
WELCOME

LKB today

Quantum gases

Atom chips

Bose-Einstein condensates

Ultracold Fermi gases

Quantum theory, atoms and fields

Quantum optics and quantum information

Rydberg atoms

Quantum optics

Optomechanics and quantum measurements

Atoms and light in dense or complex media

Polarised helium, quantum fluids and solids

Complex media optics

Tests of fundamental interactions and metrology

Atom interferometry

Quantum Tests with Hydrogen

Exotic Ions

Trapped ions

60 permanent researchers, 100 PhDs and Posdocs, 25 administrative staff + technical team

100 years of Quantum Physics. Colloquium in the honor of Serge Haroche. QhyNhon, October 6-9 (2025)