



中国科学院高能物理研究所
Institute of High Energy Physics
Chinese Academy of Sciences

Top quark production and properties

Hongbo Liao

Institute of High Energy Physics, CAS

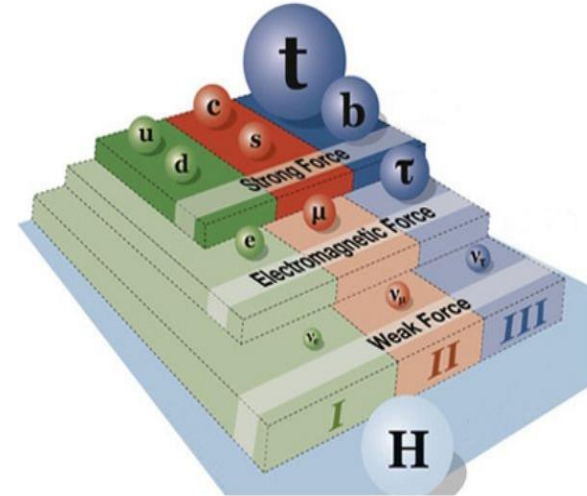
On behalf of ATLAS and CMS collaborations

**RdV30: Windows on the Universe,
6-12 Aug 2023, Quy Nhon (Viet Nam)**

top-quark

The top has several features that make it a very interesting particle:

- ✓ Heaviest particle discovered till now
 - $m^t = 173.34 \pm 0.27(\text{stat}) \pm 0.71(\text{syst}) \text{ GeV}$
- ✓ Decays before hadronization
 - Give access to the physics of a “free” quark
- ✓ Intensively couples to the Higgs boson



The LHC is a top factory and allows:

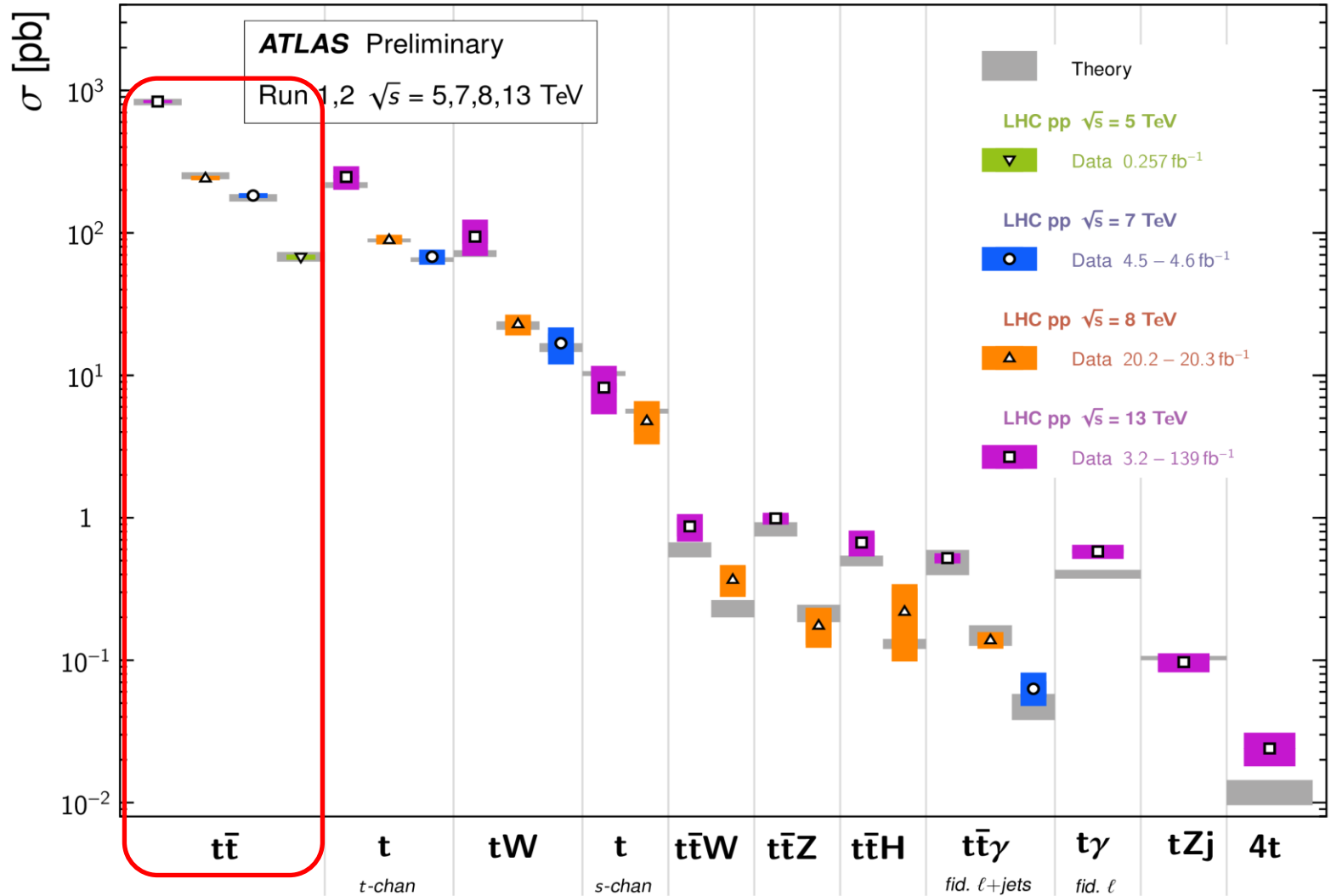
Over 200M top quark pairs in LHC Run2 13 TeV data
More coming with Run3 data taking

- ✓ Precise measurements of top pairs and single top production
- ✓ Observation of rare processes involving top
- ✓ Use the top quark as a “tool” to study the SM

Top pair production

Top Quark Production Cross Section Measurements

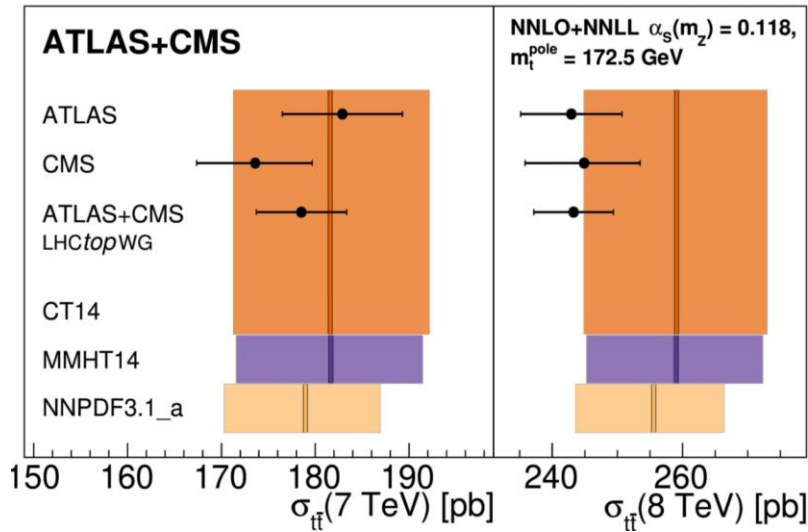
Status: November 2022



Top pair cross sections

ATLAS+CMS combination 7/8 TeV

- inputs: $e\mu$ channel with best precision
- CONVINO tool to combine counting and PL fit

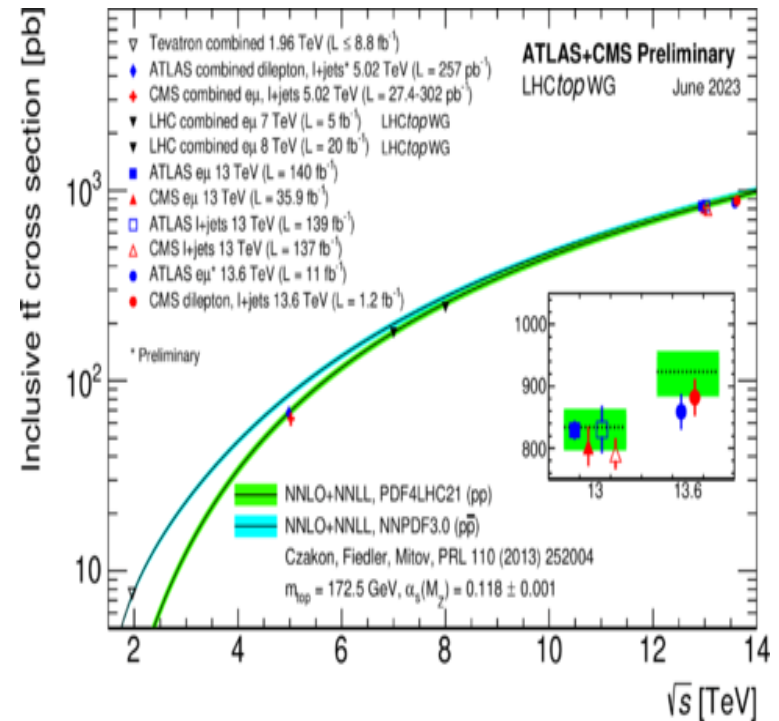


$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}) = 178.5 \pm 4.7 \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}) = 243.3^{+6.0}_{-5.9} \text{ pb},$$

- 25% reduction of uncertainties

$$\alpha_s(m_Z) = 0.1170^{+0.0021}_{-0.0018}$$

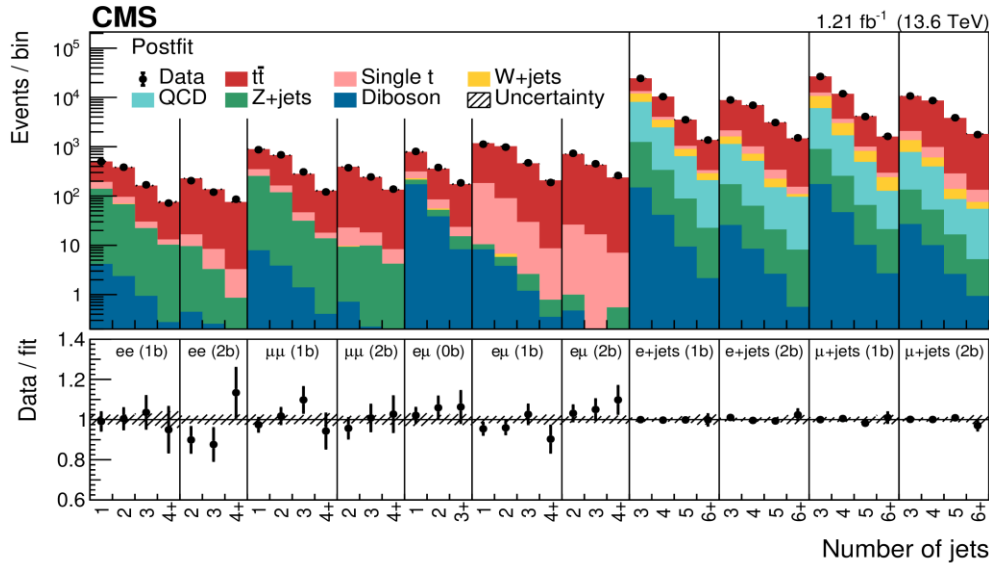


✓ Impressive agreement with QCD predictions from 5.02 to 13.6 TeV and a magnitude of cross section

First look at LHC run-3 data!



- ✓ Very first measurements of **inclusive $t\bar{t}$ cross section at 13.6 TeV** by CMS:
 - ML fit to bins in # of leptons / lepton flavors / # of (b-)jets
 - In-situ calibrations of lepton, JES, b-tag efficiencies.



Source	Uncertainty (%)
Lepton ID efficiencies	1.6
Trigger efficiency	0.3
JES	0.7
b tagging efficiency	1.1
Pileup reweighting	0.5
ME scale, $t\bar{t}$	0.6
ME scale, backgrounds	0.1
ME/PS matching	0.1
PS scales	0.3
PDF and α_S	0.3
Single t background	1.0
Z+jets background	0.3
W+jets background	0.0
Diboson background	0.5
QCD multijet background	0.3
Statistical uncertainty	0.5
Combined uncertainty	2.6
Integrated luminosity	2.3

$$\sigma(t\bar{t}) = 887^{+43}_{-41} \text{ (stat+syst)} \pm 53 \text{ (lumi)} \text{ pb}$$

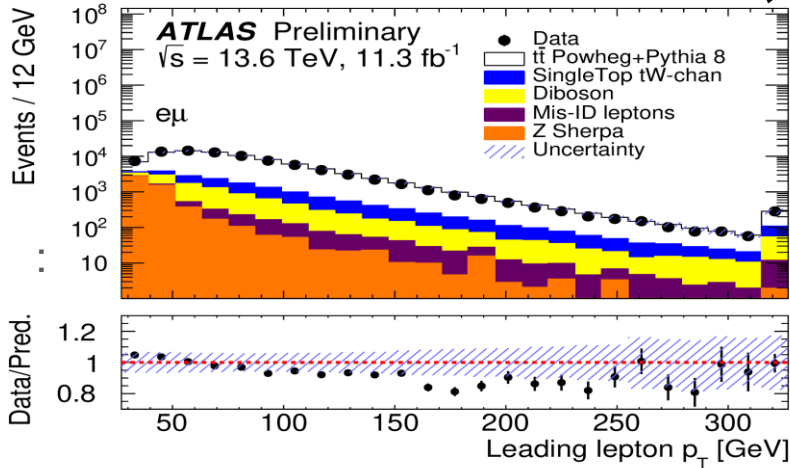
$$\text{Theory: } \sigma(t\bar{t}) = 921^{+18}_{-16} \text{ pb}$$

arXiv:2303.10680
Submitted to JHEP

Top pair & Z boson production at new energy

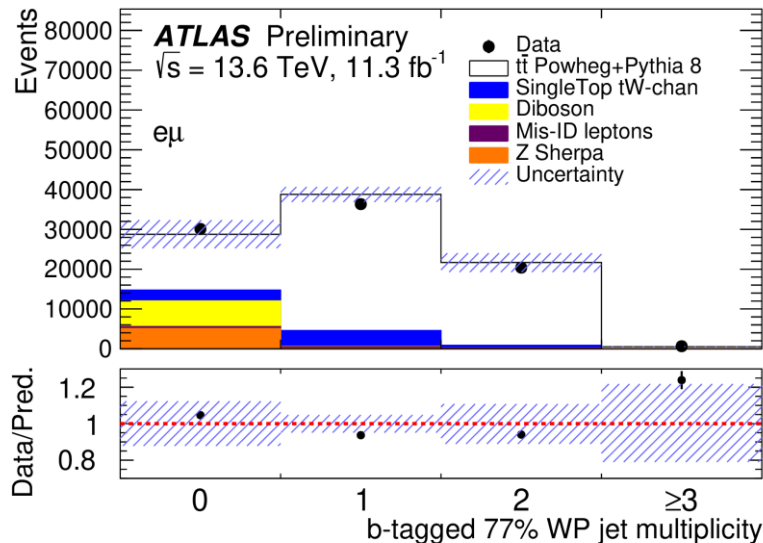


Top enriched $e\mu$ events



ATLAS measured **inclusive $t\bar{t}$** , fiducial **Z boson cross-sections**, and the ratio at 13.6 TeV

- Limited by the preliminary luminosity, but cancelled for the ratio!
- Measured values are consistent with the SM prediction using the PDF4LHC21 PDF set.



$$\sigma(t\bar{t}) = 859 \pm 4_{(\text{stat})} \pm 22_{(\text{syst})} \pm 19_{(\text{lumi})} \text{ pb}$$

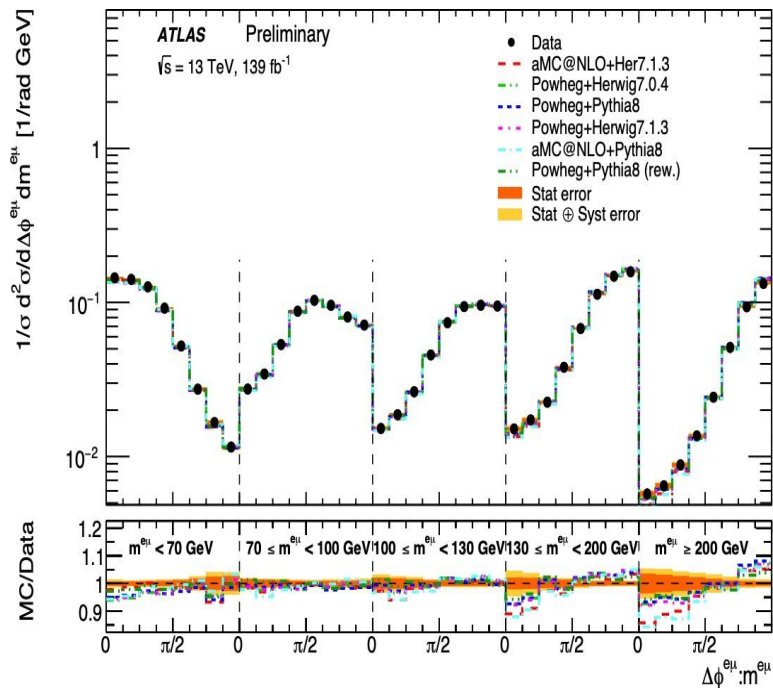
$$R_{t\bar{t}/Z} = 1.144 \pm 0.006_{(\text{stat})} \pm 0.022_{(\text{syst})} \pm 0.003_{(\text{lumi})}$$

ATLAS-CONF-2023-006

Measurements in lepton channels

$e\mu$ channel

- ✓ Inclusive and 8 2D distributions
- ✓ For differential applied in each bin



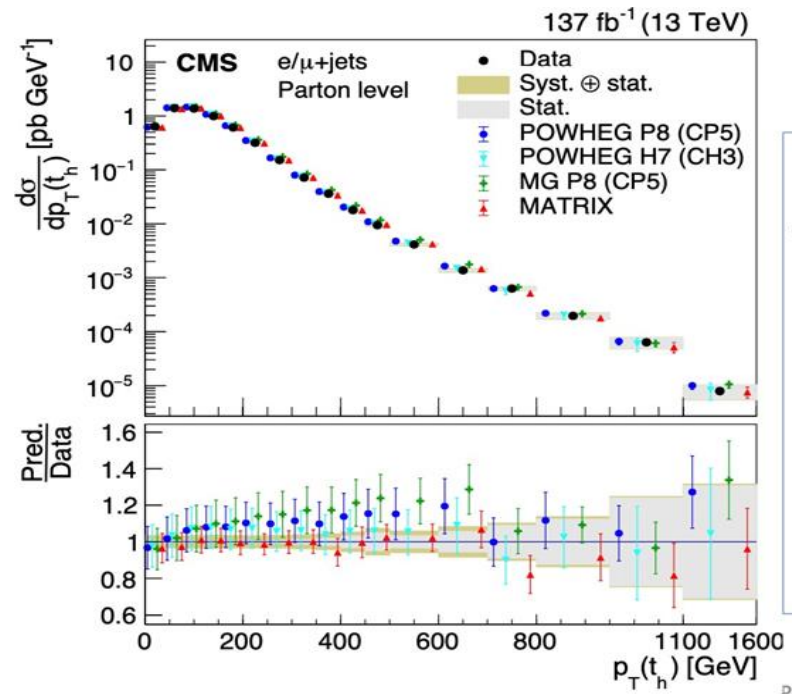
$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 836 \pm 1(\text{stat}) \pm 12(\text{syst}) \pm 16(\text{lumi} + E_{cms})$$

2.4% uncertainty

- Largest uncertainties from luminosity and Wt
- No improvement in precision compared to 36/fb result

Single lepton PRD 104 (2021) 092013

- ✓ included resolved and boosted topologies
- ✓ Inclusive, parton and particle level
- ✓ Expanded PS compared to dilepton channel



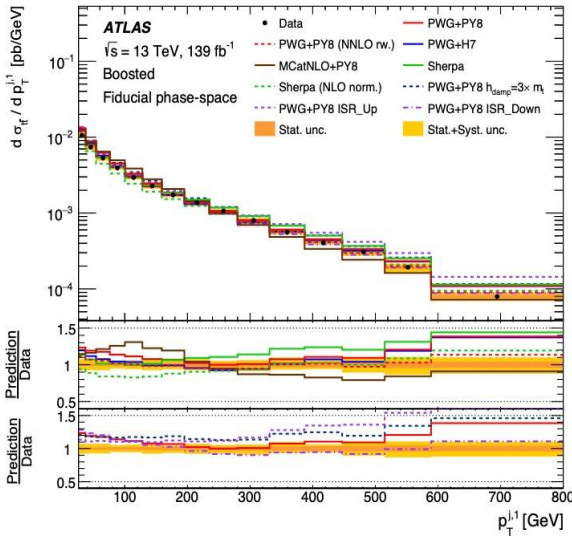
$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 791 \pm 1(\text{stat}) \pm 21(\text{syst}) \pm 14(\text{lumi}) \text{ pb}$$

3.2% uncertainty
most precise in this channel

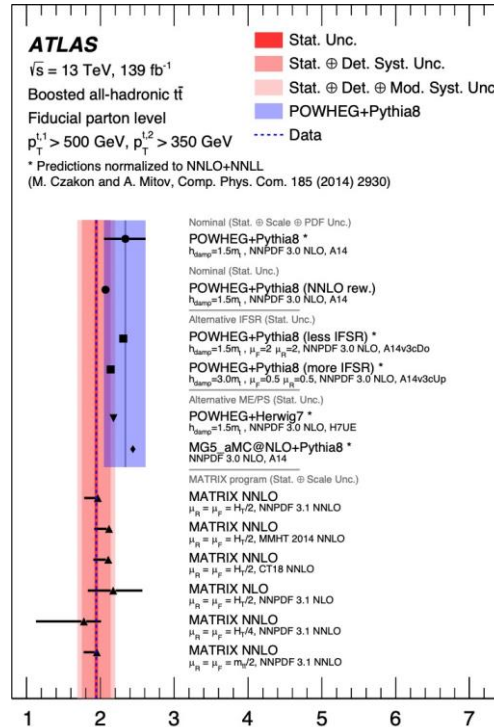
Single lepton channel

All-hadronic channel

- Significant reduction of JES uncertainty due to in-situ JES calibration
- Problems with modelling additional jets and 2D distributions and azimuthal distances to hadronic top



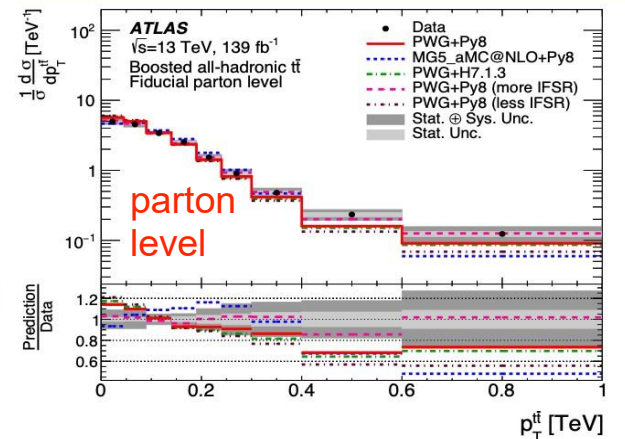
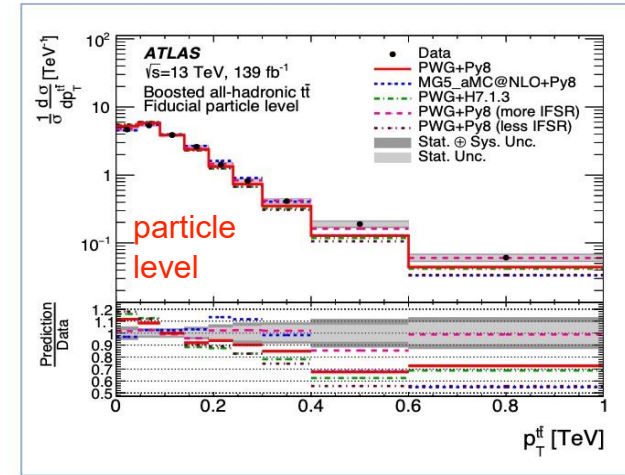
p_T of leading additional jet



MATRIX reproduces the fiducial cross-section better than the NLO models.

Reweighting the NLO to NNLO top p_T helps to reproduce data

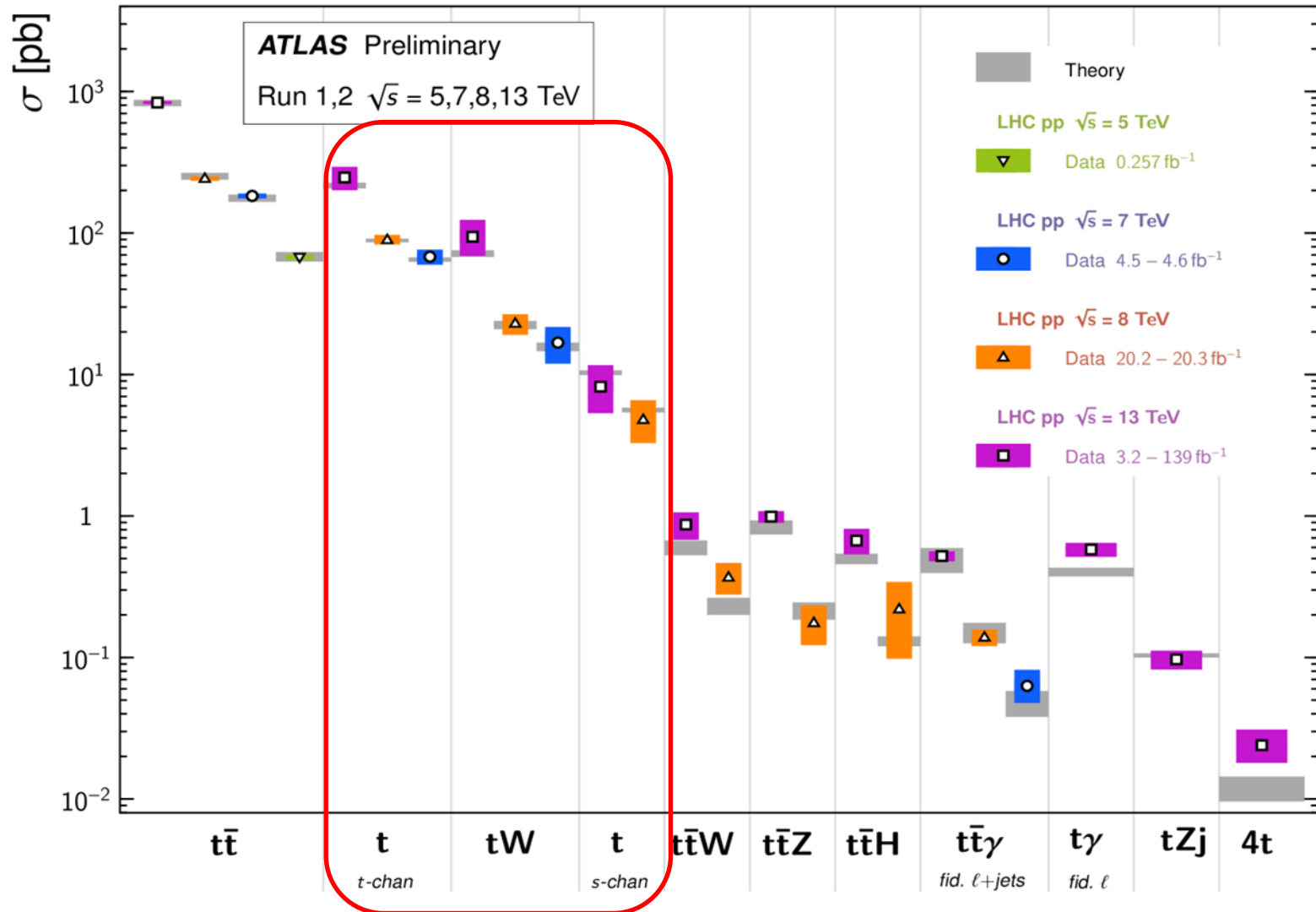
tt system p_T



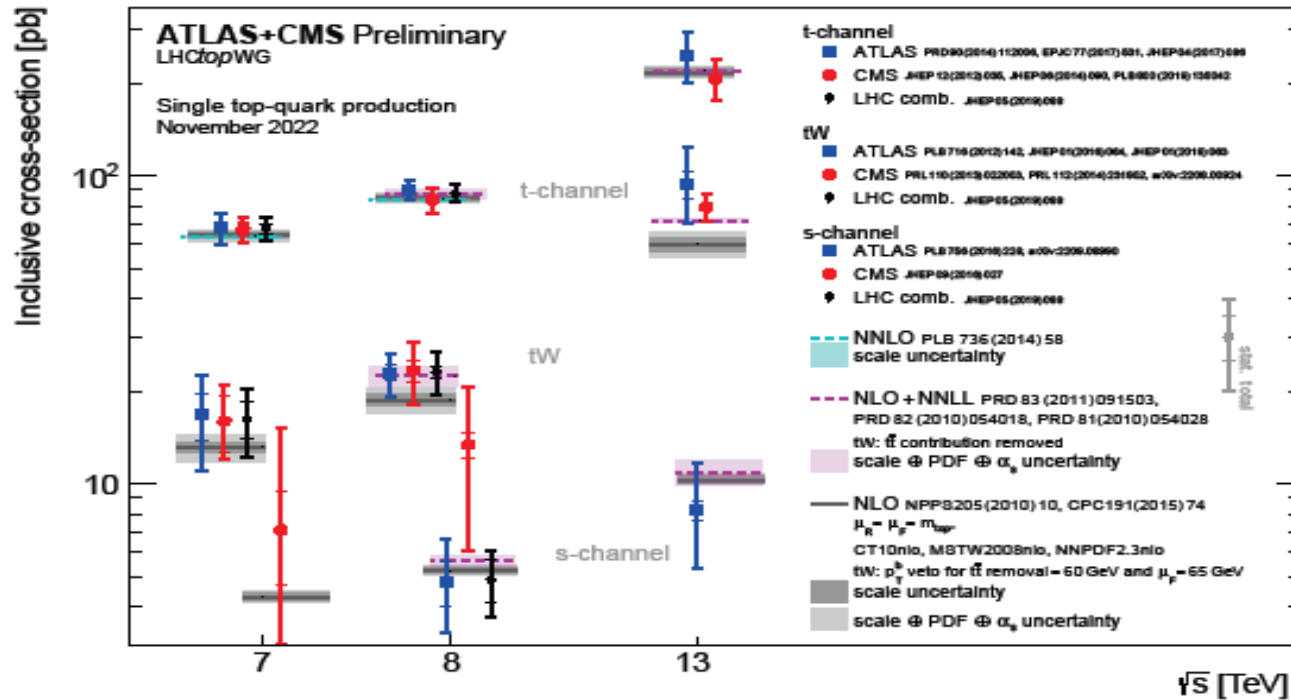
Single top production

Top Quark Production Cross Section Measurements

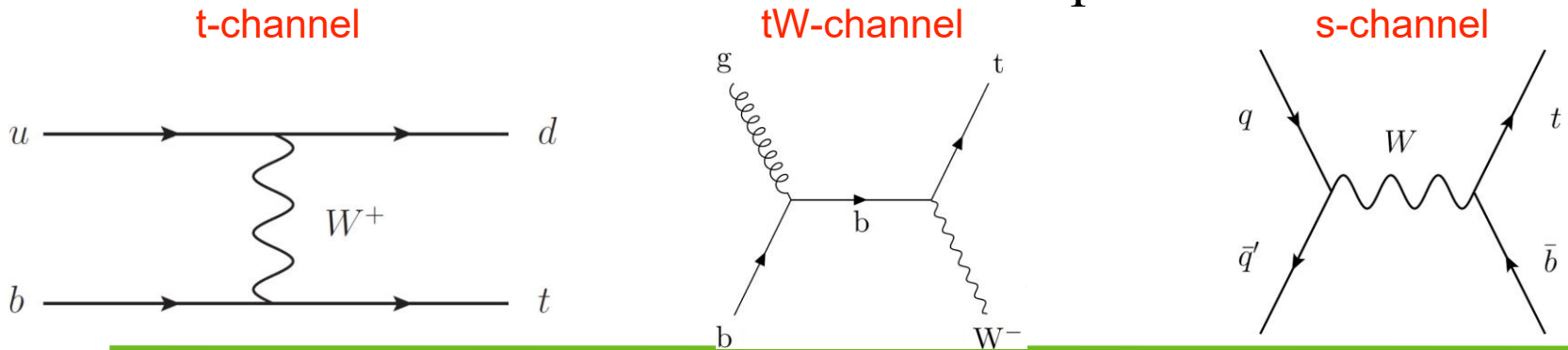
Status: November 2022



Single top production

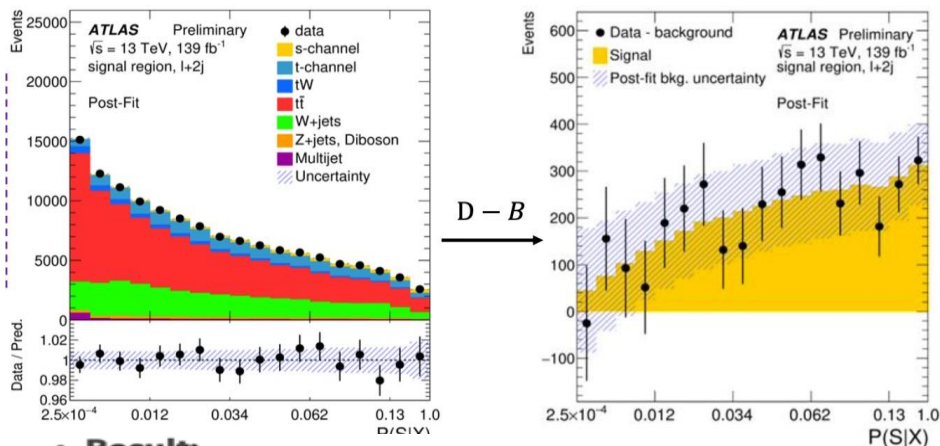


Inclusive xsec measurements are in good agreement w/ NLO+NNLL & NNLO prediction.



s-channel

- ✓ Observed at Tevaton
- ✓ Very complicated at LHC:
 - small cross section, large backgrounds
- ✓ Matrix Element technique to separate S/B



Result:

$$\sigma_{\text{meas.}} = 8.2 \pm 0.6 \text{ (stat.) }^{+3.4}_{-2.8} \text{ (syst.) pb}$$

Compatible with SM prediction:

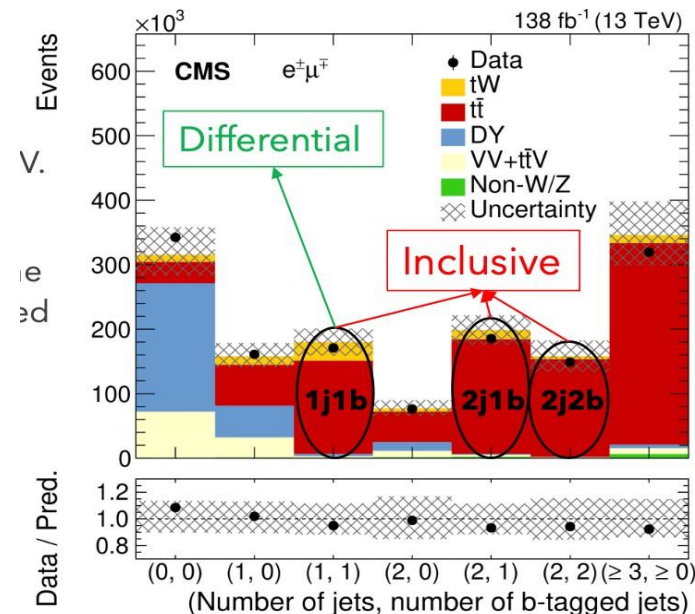
Significance 3.3 (3.9) obs.(exp)

dominated by modelling and JES

Source	$\Delta\sigma/\sigma$ [%]
$t\bar{t}$ normalisation	+24/ -17
Jet energy resolution	+18/ -12
Jet energy scale	+18/ -13
Other s-channel modelling sources	+18/ -8

tW channel

- ✓ Inclusive and differential XS in $e\mu$ channel



$$\sigma_{tW} = 79.2 \pm 0.8 \text{ (stat.) } \pm_{7.2}^{7.0} \text{ (syst.) } \pm 1.1 \text{ (lumi) pb}$$

10% uncertainty

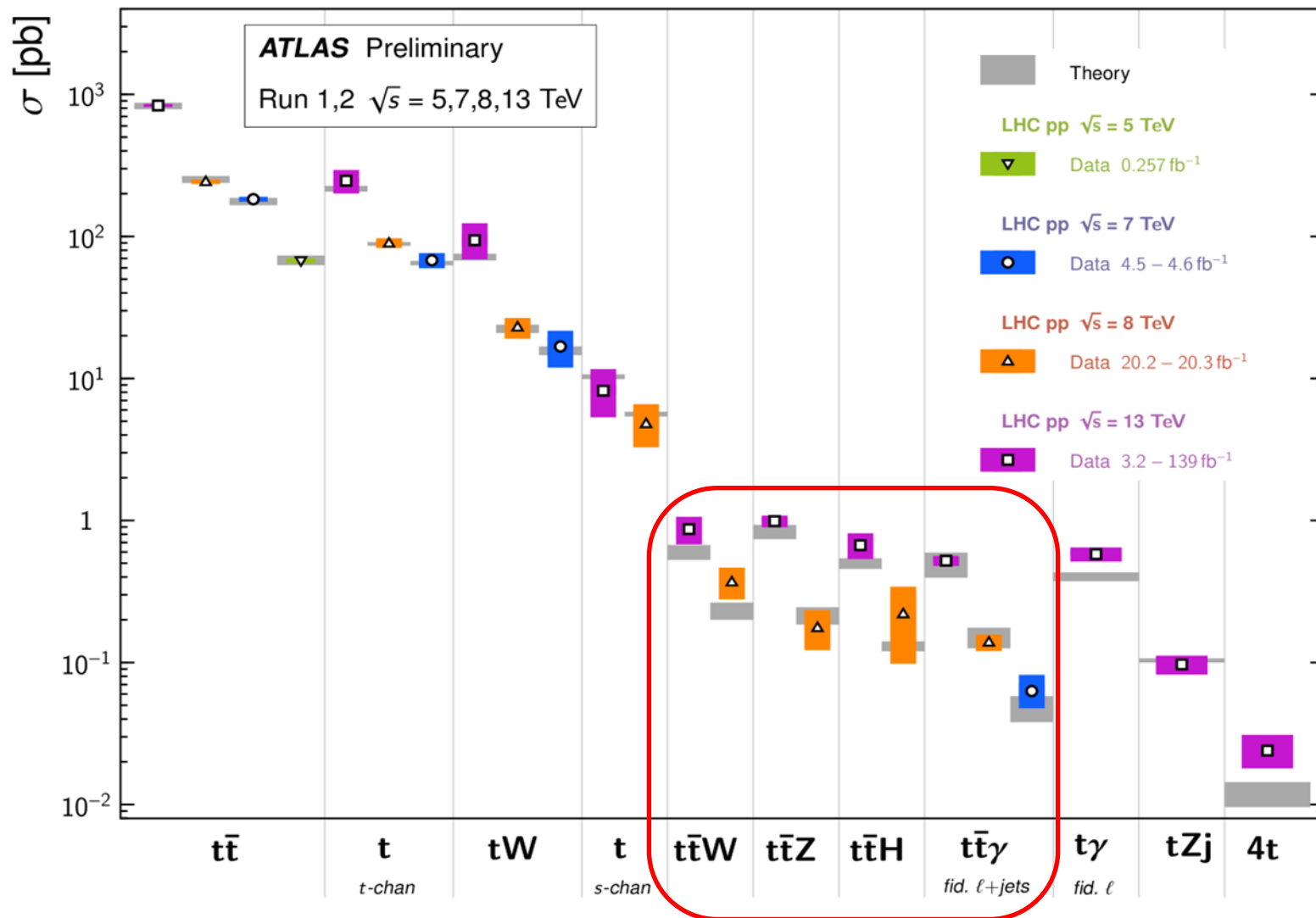
In agreement with predictions

- tW is also measured in single lepton channel by ATLAS (8 TeV) and CMS (13 TeV)
- Less precise than dilepton

tt + X production

Top Quark Production Cross Section Measurements

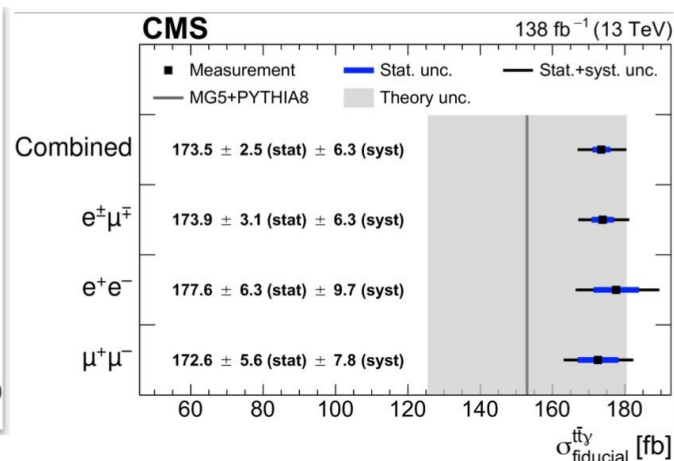
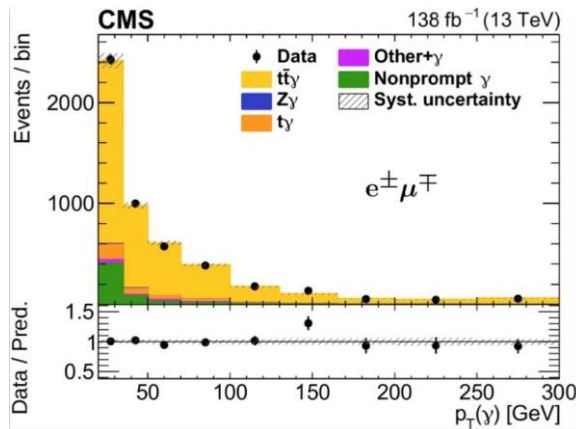
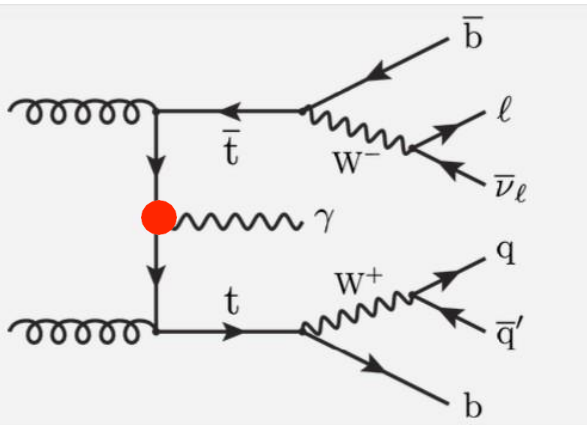
Status: November 2022



tty production

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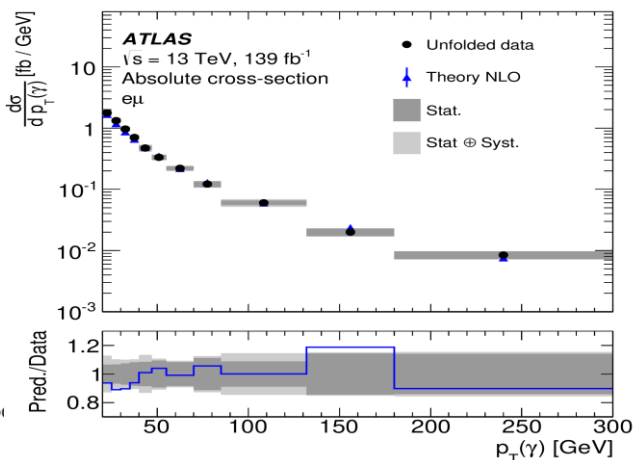
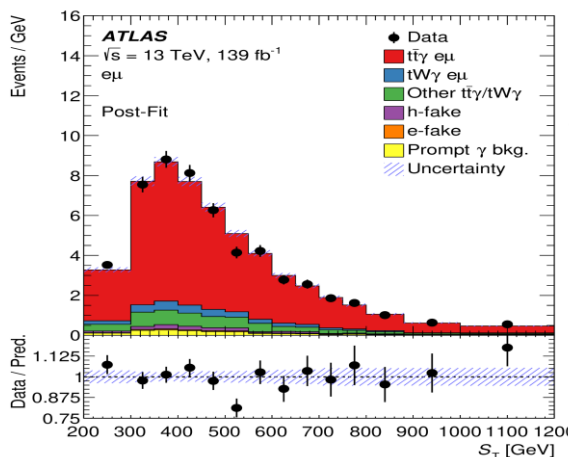
□ New CMS measurement in dilepton channel



□ Precision 4%

□ Prediction from MG5aMC (LO+NLO k-factor) is lower

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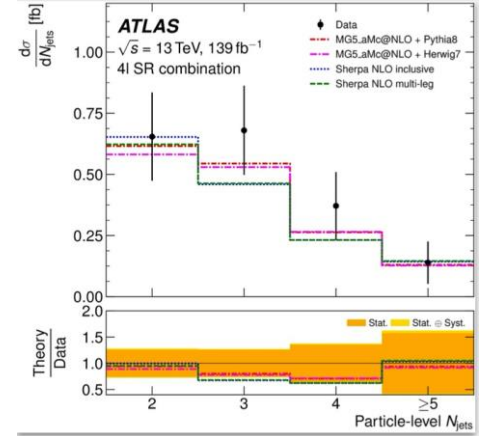


In agreement with the predictions from the SM

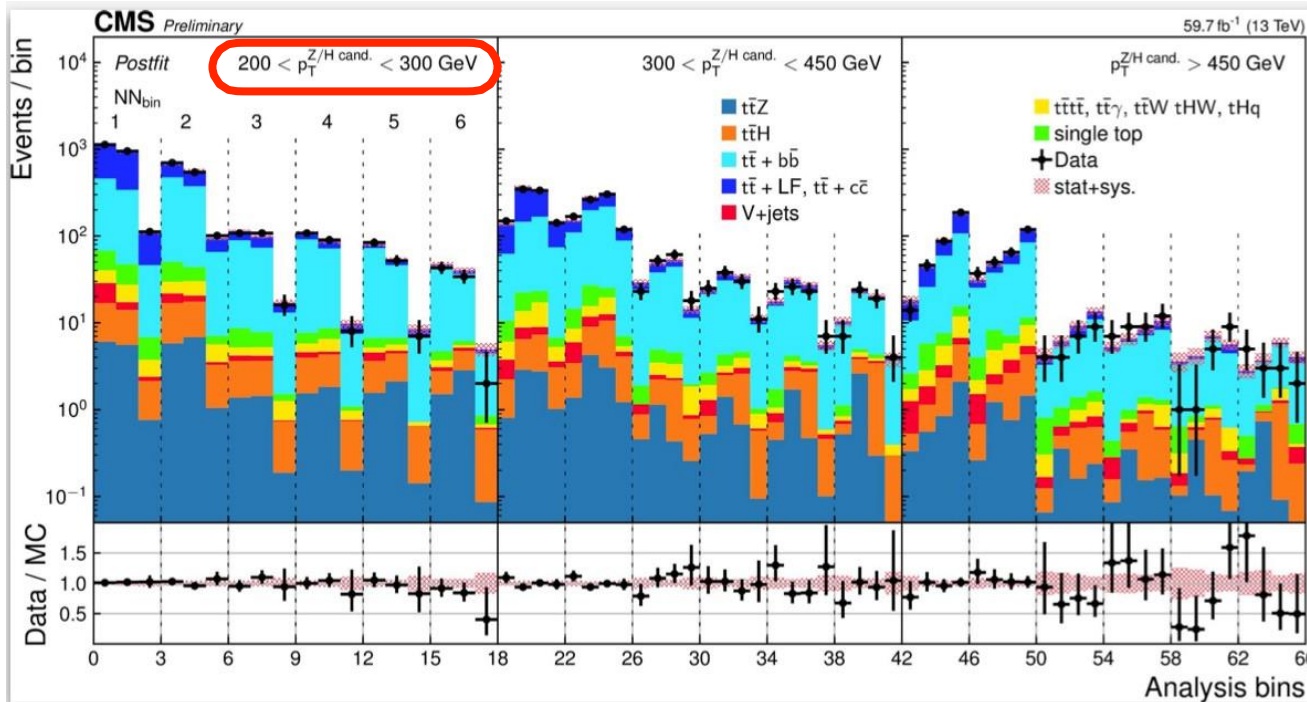
ttZ measurements

Channel	$\mu_{t\bar{t}Z}$
Trilepton	1.17 ± 0.07 (stat.) $^{+0.12}_{-0.11}$ (syst.)
Tetralepton	1.21 ± 0.15 (stat.) $^{+0.11}_{-0.10}$ (syst.)
Combination ($3\ell + 4\ell$)	1.19 ± 0.06 (stat.) ± 0.10 (syst.)

- ✓ Precision 10%
- ✓ Slightly higher than prediction

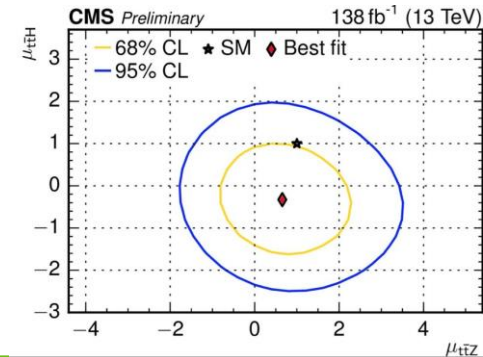


➤ Measurement of ttZ(bb) and ttH(bb) in boosted regime [arXiv:2208.12837](https://arxiv.org/abs/2208.12837)



Signal strength	Observed	Stat.
$\mu_{t\bar{t}Z}$	$0.65^{+1.04}_{-0.98}$	$^{+0.80}_{-0.75}$
$\mu_{t\bar{t}H}$	$-0.27^{+0.86}_{-0.83}$	$^{+0.72}_{-0.65}$

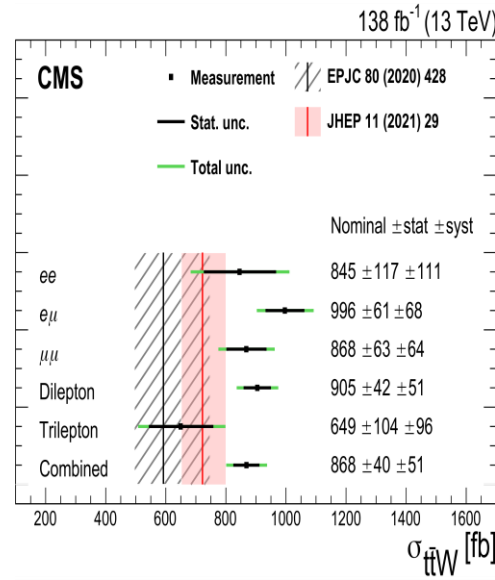
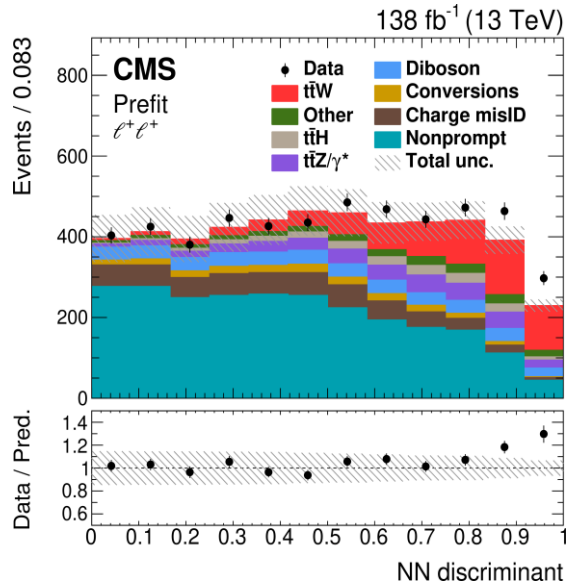
Limited by statistics



ttW measurement: CMS

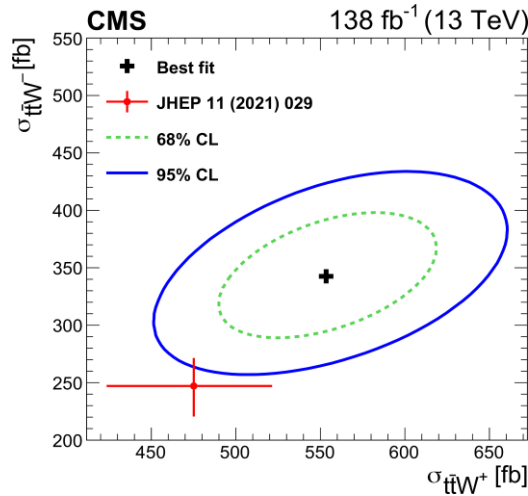
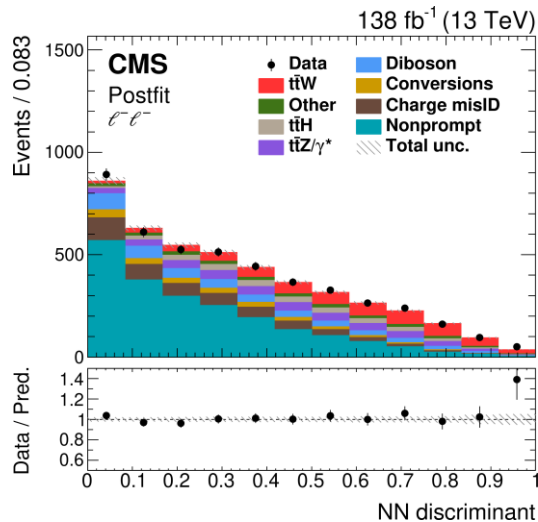
2-lepton Same Sign and tri-lepton final states

arXiv:2208.06485



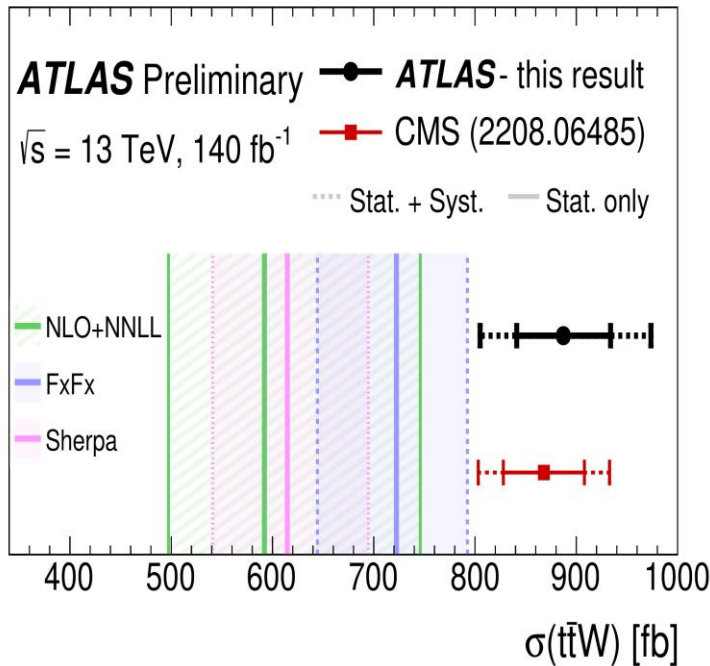
Combined cross section corresponds to $\mu_{ttW} = 1.47$

$R(ttW+/ttW-) = 1.61 \pm 0.15$ (stat) $^{+0.07}_{-0.05}$ (syst)

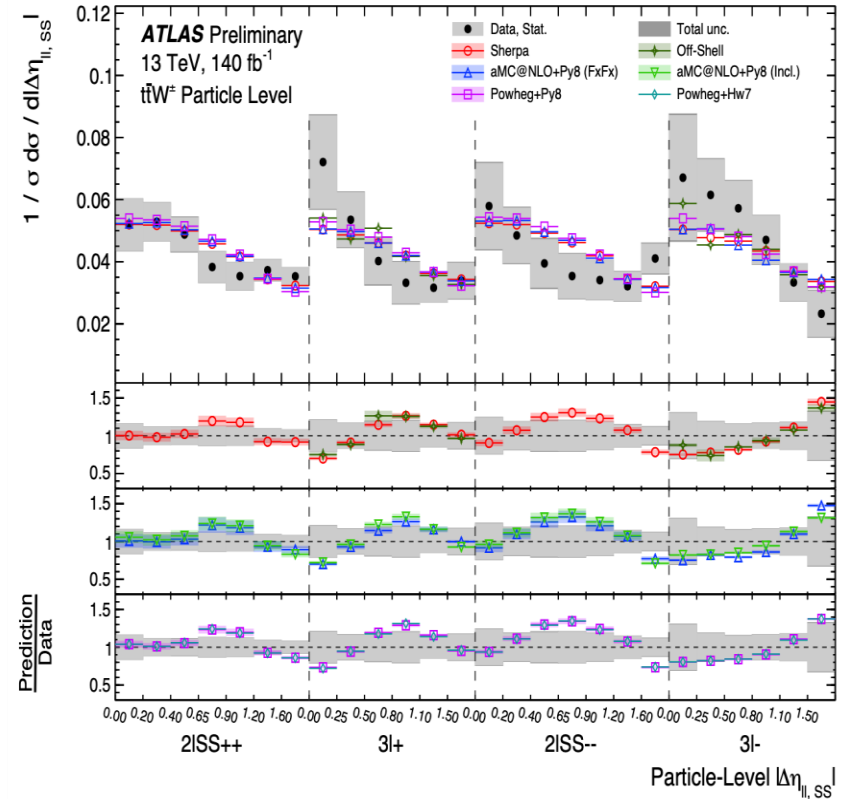


Significant deviation from prediction for $ttW+/ttW-$ ratio = $1.94+0.37-0.24$

- ✓ Inclusive cross section measurements for ttW, ttW+/-, and the ratio;
- ✓ Differential measurements for 9 kinematic observables; compatibility with data is tested by χ^2 .

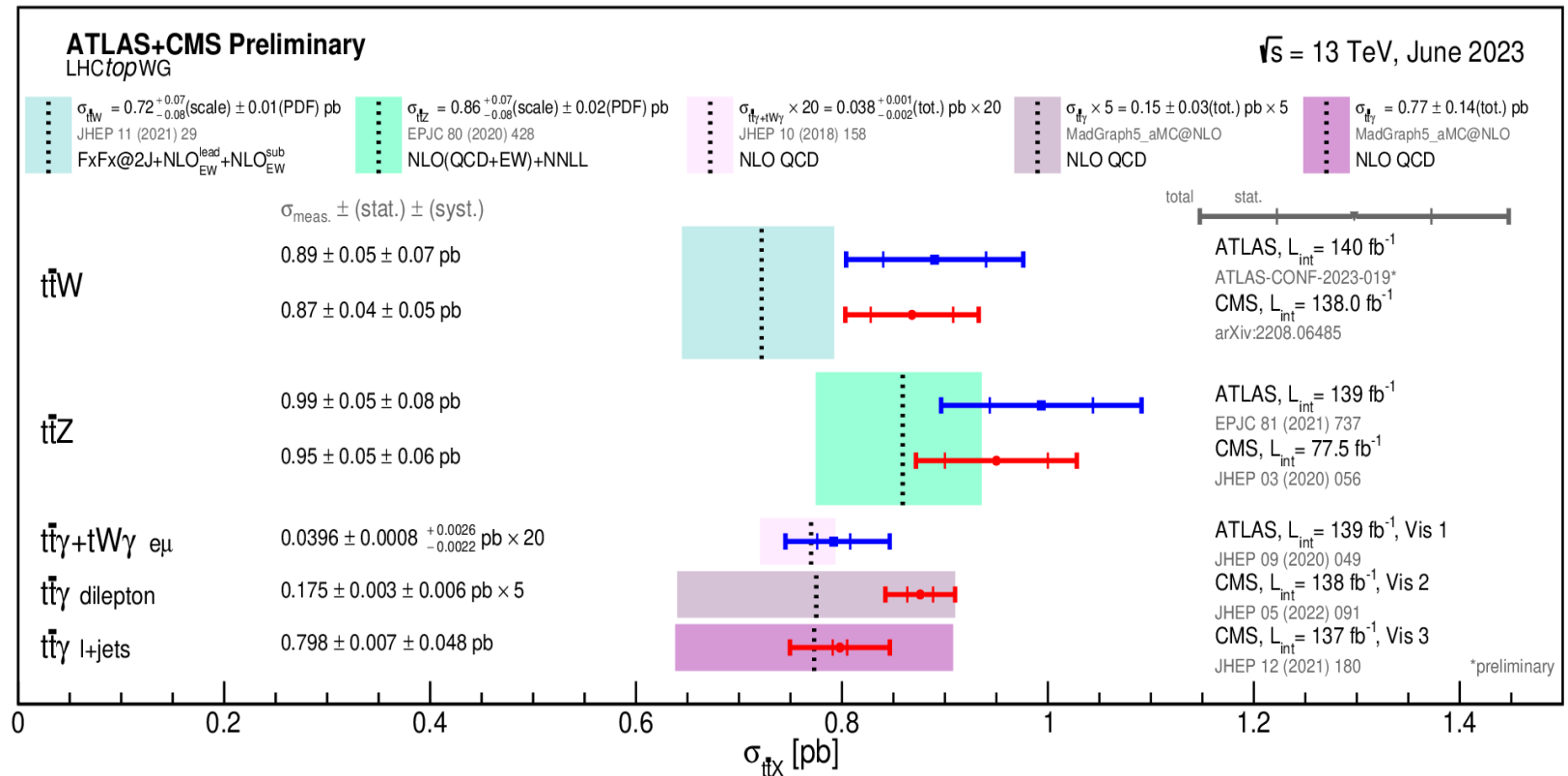


- ✓ Inclusive x-sec is compatible with CMS
- ✓ Larger than prediction.



Good agreement of data with MC setups

tt+X summary



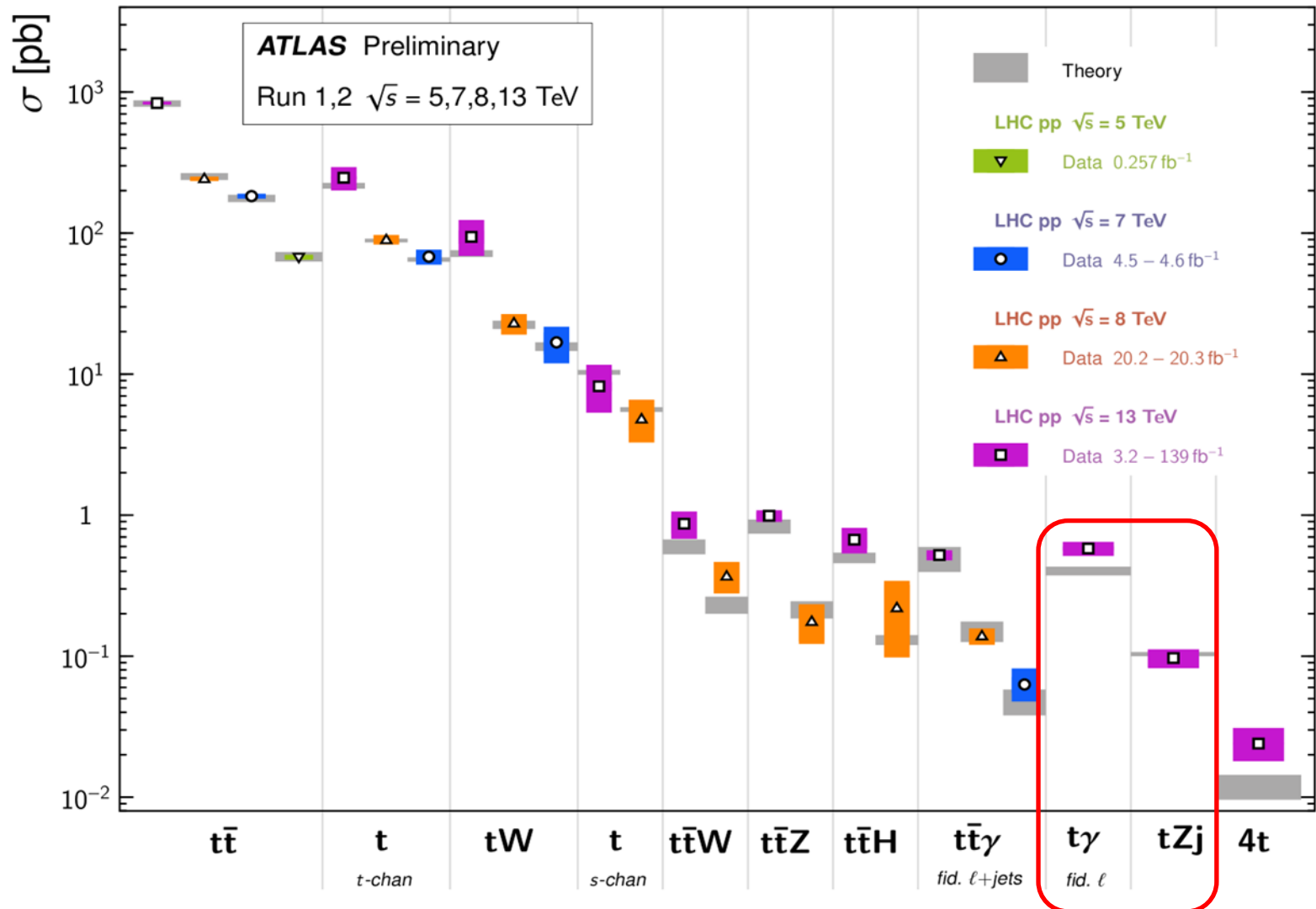
Sreelakshmi Sindhu: New results on ttW and 4-top production with the ATLAS experiment

Tae Jeong Kim: Top quark pair + heavy-flavor production at the LHC

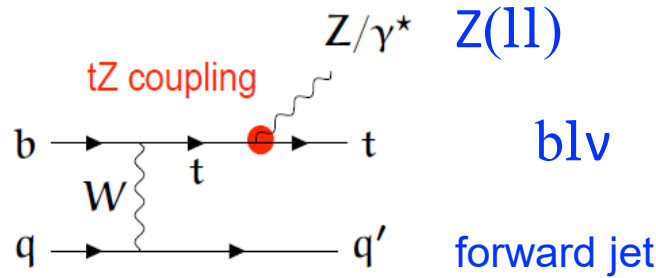
t + X production

Top Quark Production Cross Section Measurements

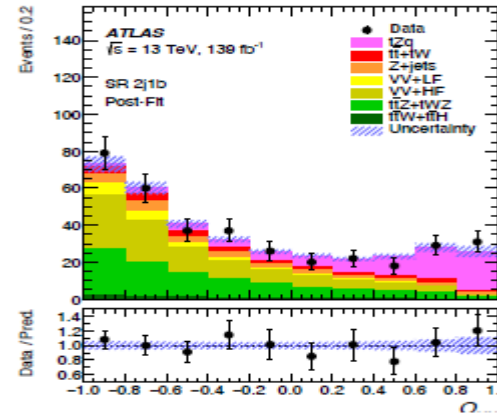
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tZq production

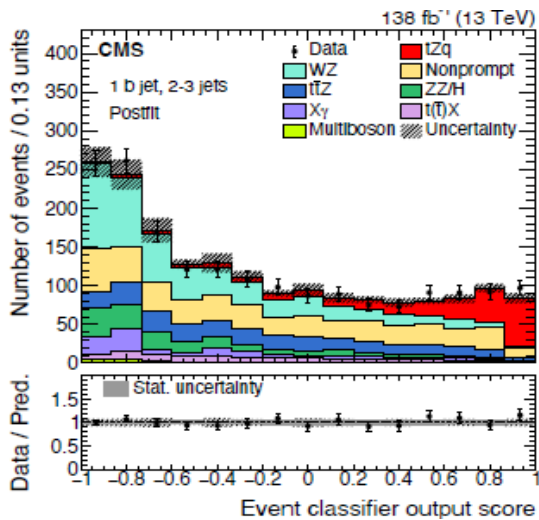


- ✓ Observed by ATLAS and CMS
- ✓ New CMS analysis with full run2 data set

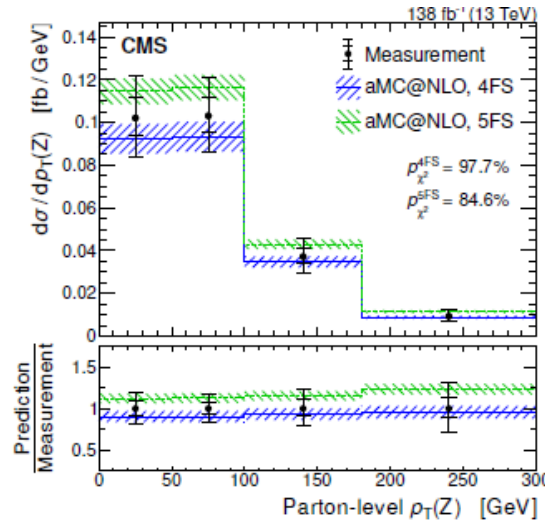


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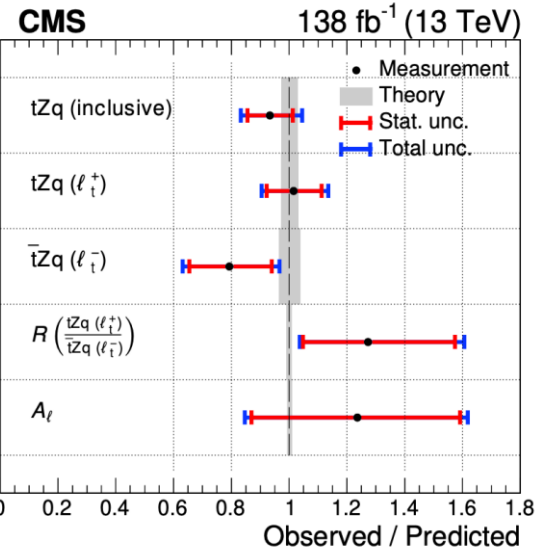
cross section
measured with 14%
uncertainty



11% cross section uncertainty



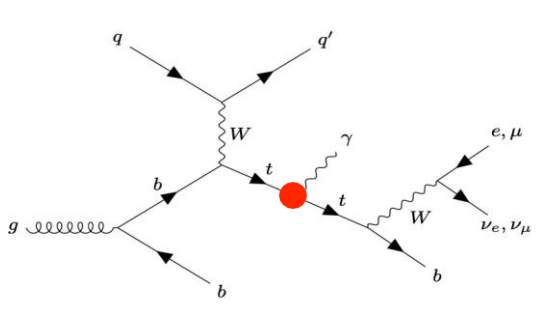
first parton and particle level
differential measurements



first measurement of ratio

Precision is expected to improve with more statistics in Run 3

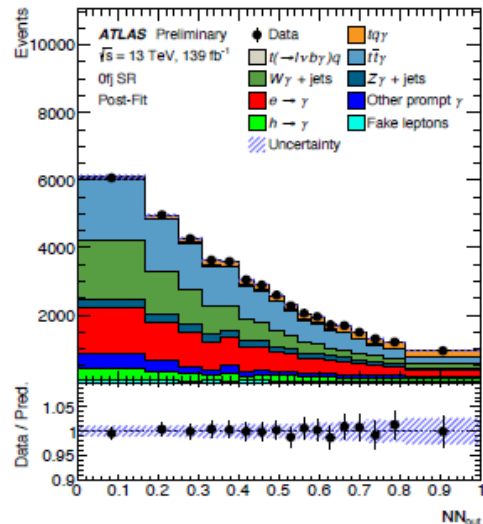
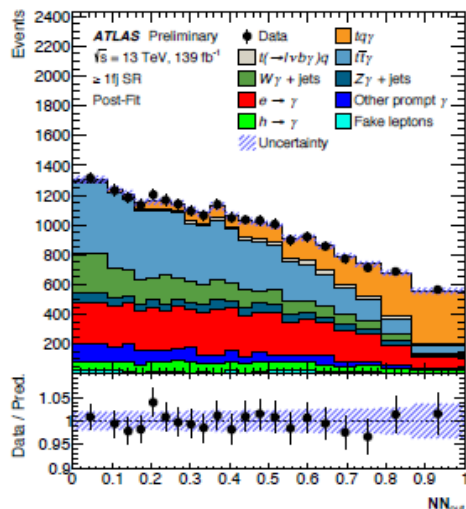
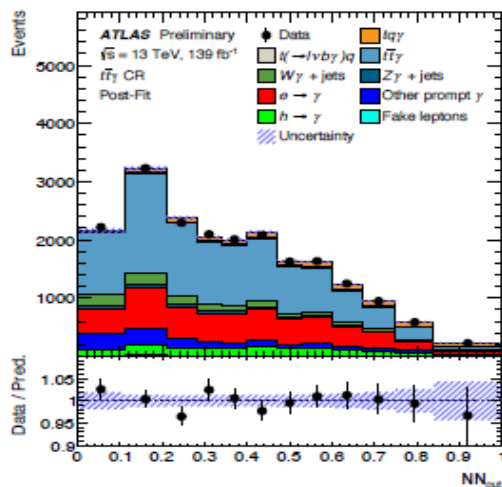
$$R \left(\frac{tZq(\ell^+\ell^+)}{tZq(\ell^+\ell^-)} \right)$$



- ✓ First evidence from CMS using ~36/fb of data
- ✓ New ATLAS analysis with full run 2 data

Signal regions (NN)

Largest background from ttγ



Observed (expected) significance is 9.1σ (6.7σ)

~40% higher than prediction

$$\sigma(tq\gamma) \mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow l\nu b) = 580 \pm 19(\text{stat.}) \pm 63(\text{syst.})\text{fb}$$

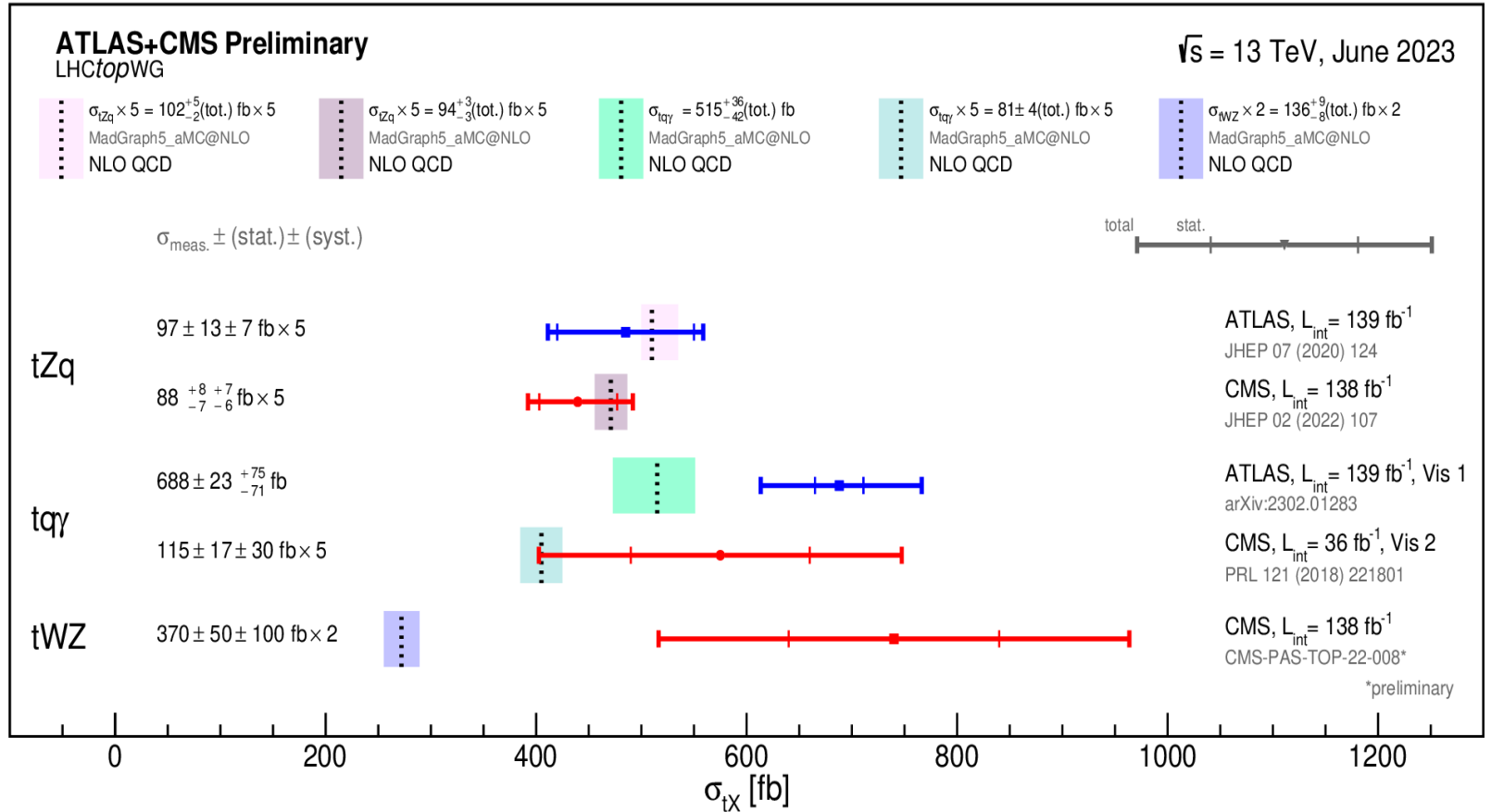
$$\sigma(tq\gamma) \mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow l\nu b) + \sigma(t \rightarrow l\nu b\gamma)q = 287 \pm 8(\text{stat.})_{-31}^{+32}(\text{syst.})\text{fb}$$

Parton level cross section:

Particle level cross section

Compatible with the SM within $2.5(1.9)\sigma$ at parton(particle) level

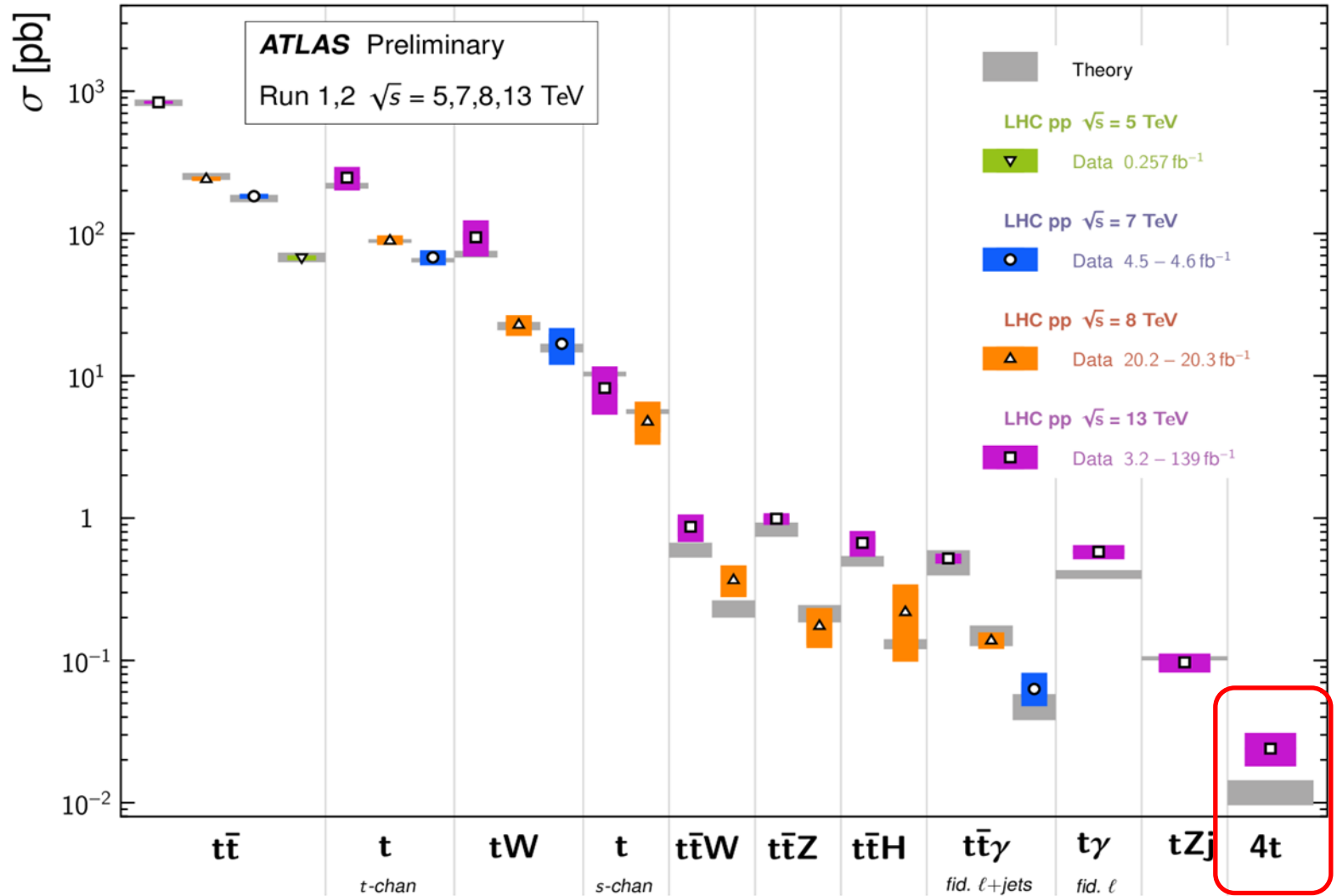
t+X summary



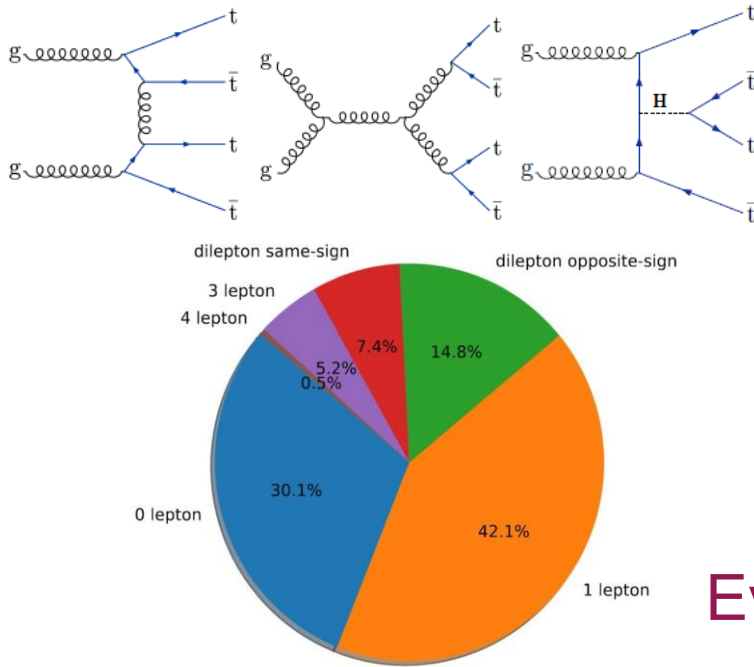
4-top production

Top Quark Production Cross Section Measurements

Status: November 2022

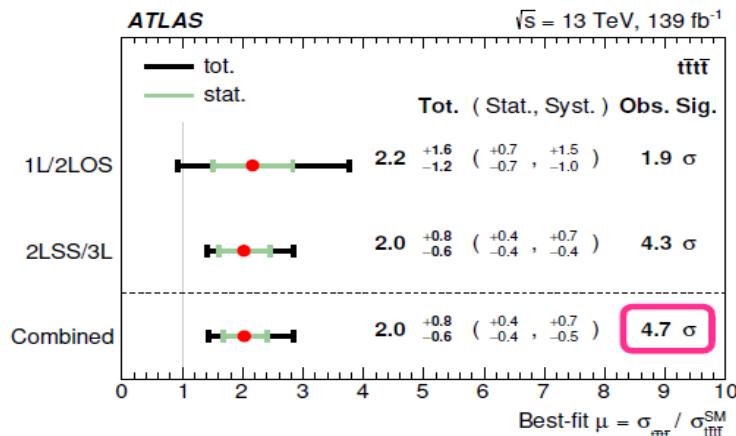


4-top searches

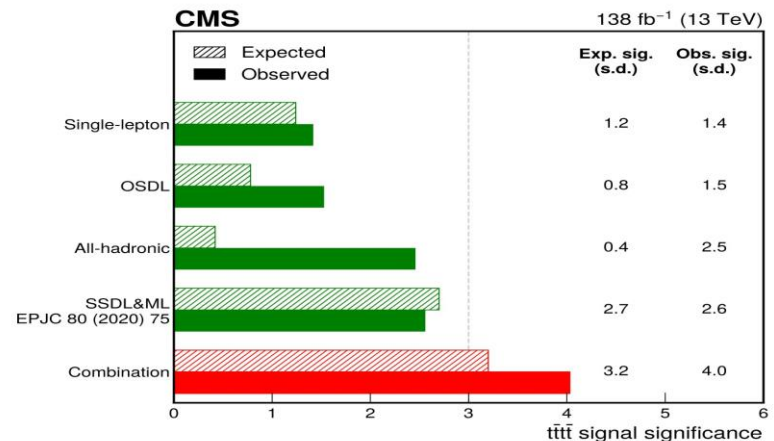


- ✓ Very rare production in SM
- ✓ Heaviest particle final state
- ✓ Many different final states
- ✓ Sensitivity to the top quark Yukawa coupling
- ✓ Important input to effective field theory interpretations

Evidences from both experiments!



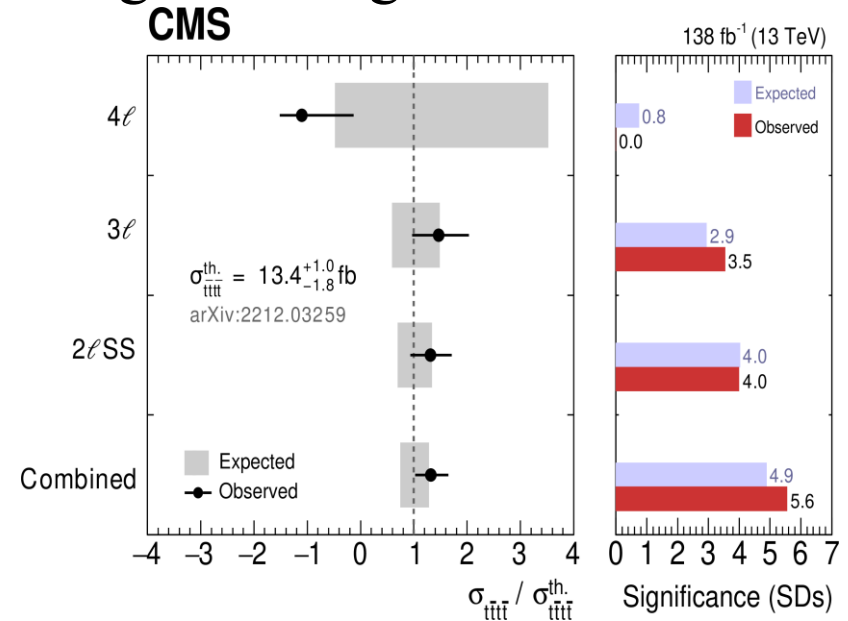
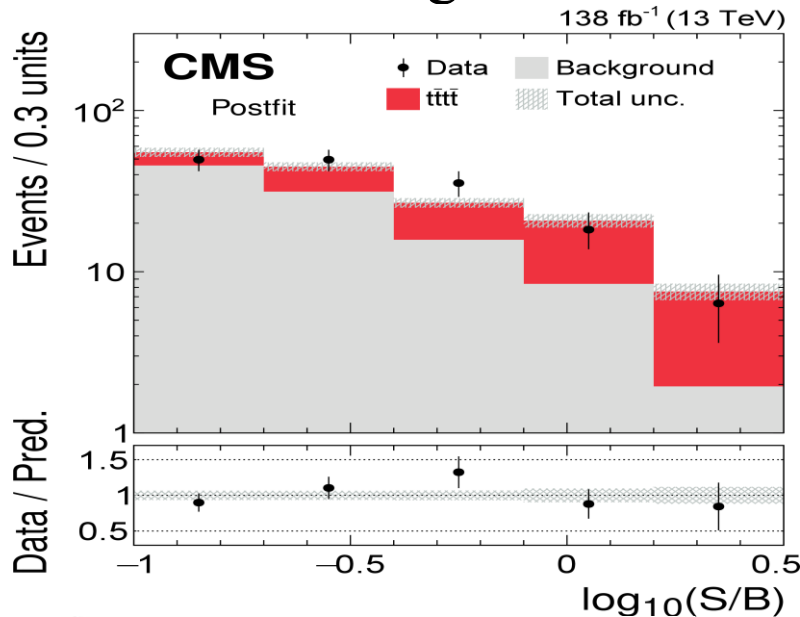
significance: **4.7 σ**



significance: **4.0 σ**

Observation of 4-top productions: CMS

- ✓ Re-analyze/re-optimize the analysis of full Run-2 data in same-sign 2ℓ , 3ℓ , 4ℓ channels.
- ✓ Simultaneous binned profile likelihood fit to signal & control regions to extract the signal strength.



$$\sigma_{\bar{t}t\bar{t}} = 17.9^{+3.7}_{-3.5} (\text{stat})^{+2.4}_{-2.1} (\text{syst}) \text{ fb}$$

Prediction: $\sigma_{\bar{t}t\bar{t}} = 13.4^{+1.0}_{-1.8} \text{ fb}$

arXiv:2305.13439

Submitted to PLB

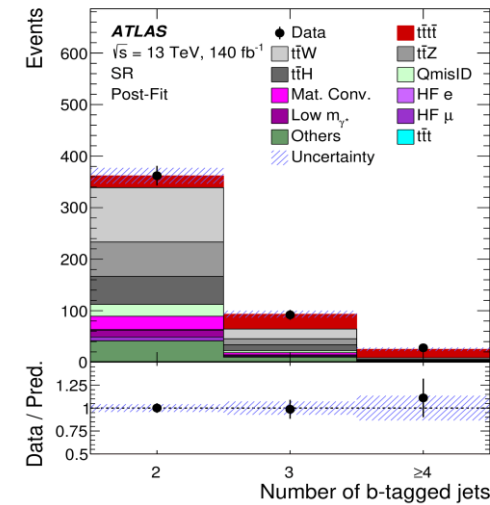
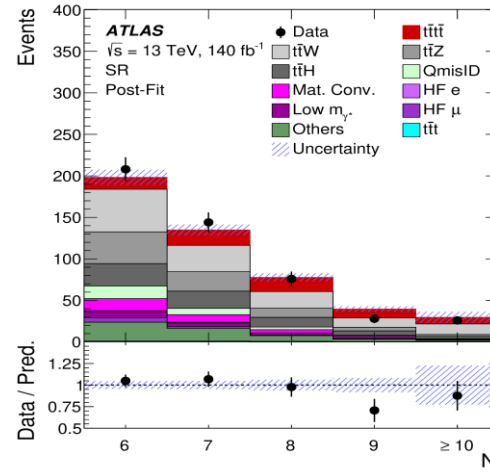
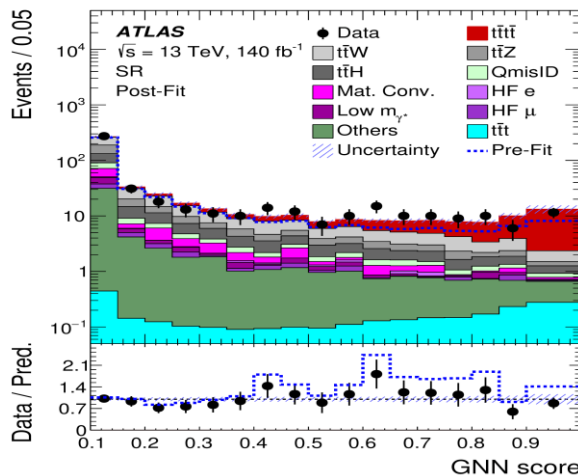
✓ **Significance: 5.5σ (obs) / 4.9σ (exp)**

✓ Slightly larger than prediction, but still compatible.

Observation of 4-top productions: ATLAS

- ✓ Same-sign 2ℓ & 3ℓ , ≥ 6 jets, ≥ 2 b-jets.
- ✓ Graph Neural Network (GNN) trained to separate signal from background.
- ✓ Signal extraction by simultaneous fits to GNN scores in signal and control regions

Also gives the first limits on 3-tops:
 $\sigma(t\bar{t}t) < 41 \text{ fb}$
 $\sigma(t\bar{t}tW) < 30 \text{ fb}$
 $\sigma(t\bar{t}tq) < 100 \text{ fb}$
 @ 95% CL, $\mu(4t) = 1.9$



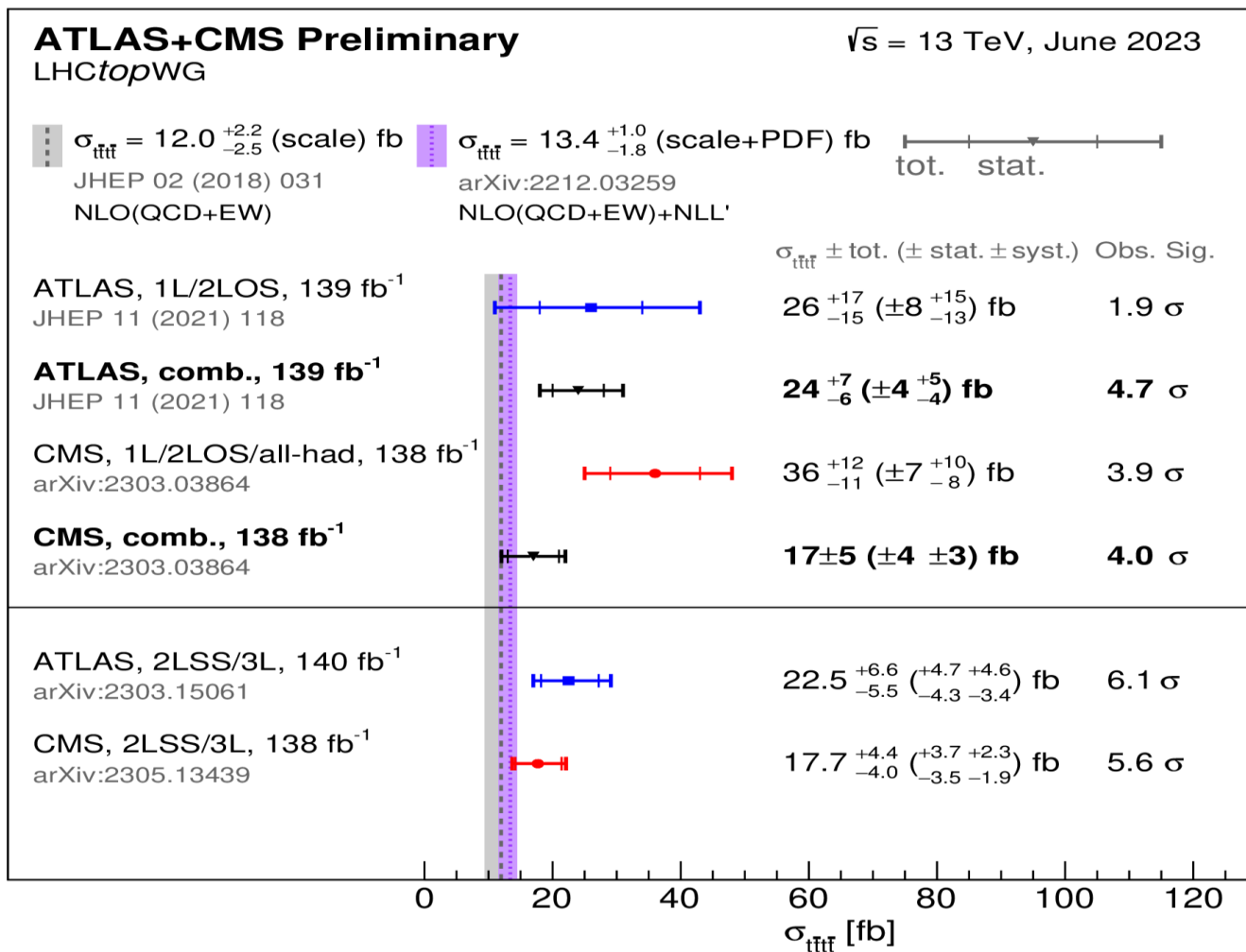
✓ **Significance: 6.1σ (obs) / 4.3σ (exp)**

✓ Compatible with SM prediction within 1.9σ

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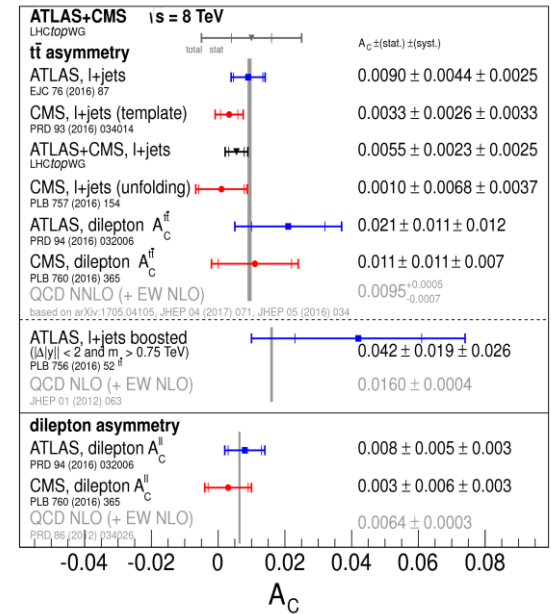
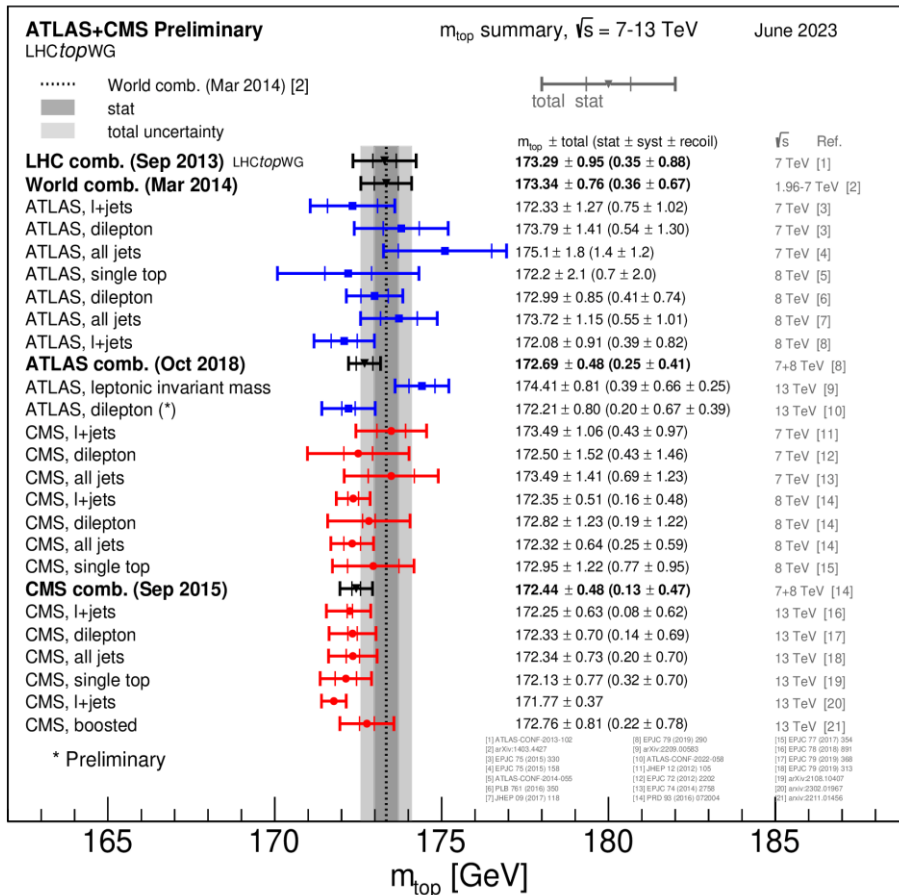
Signal strength: $\mu = 1.9 \pm 0.4$ (stat) $^{+0.7}_{-0.4}$ (syst)
 $\Rightarrow \sigma_{t\bar{t}t} = 22.5^{+6.6}_{-5.6} \text{ fb}$

4-tops summary



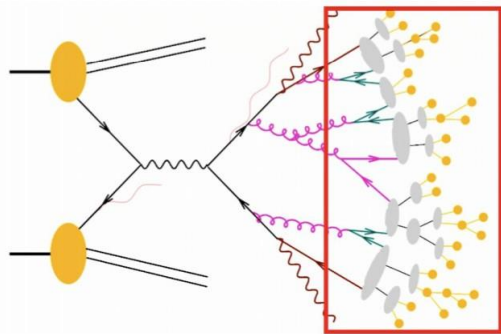
Top quark properties

- ✓ Now at LHC is possible to reach unprecedented precisions for the property measurements
- ✓ Now measured not only in $t\bar{t}$ but also in single top and $t\bar{t}+X$ events



Top mass
 Top spin
 Top polarisation
 Asymmetries
 B-fragmentation
 Color reconnection
 CP properties.....

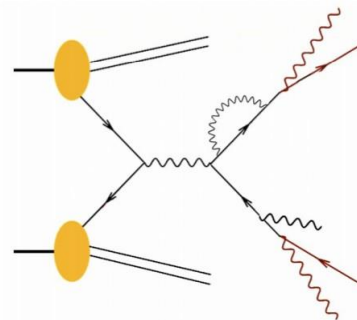
Top mass



Direct

from reconstruct invariant mass of top quark decay products

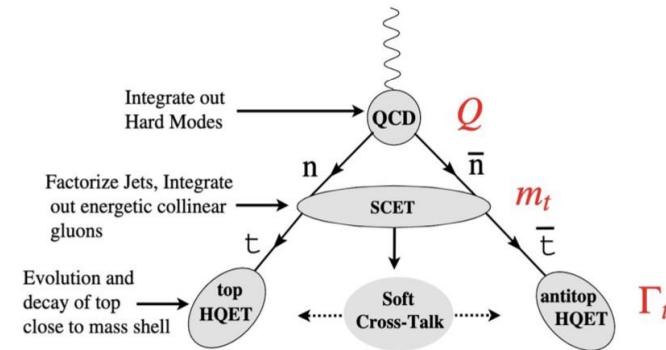
- Most precise (~ 0.3 GeV)
- Depends on the details of the MC simulation



Indirect

measure observable directly sensitive to m_t (e.g. σ_{tt})

Compare to theory prediction in well-defined renormalisation **scheme** (pole, MS, MSR)



“Third”

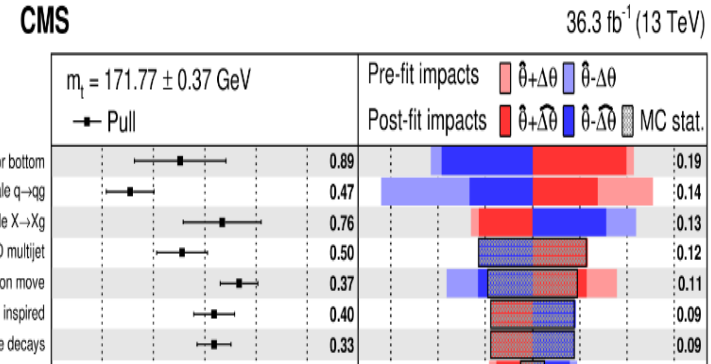
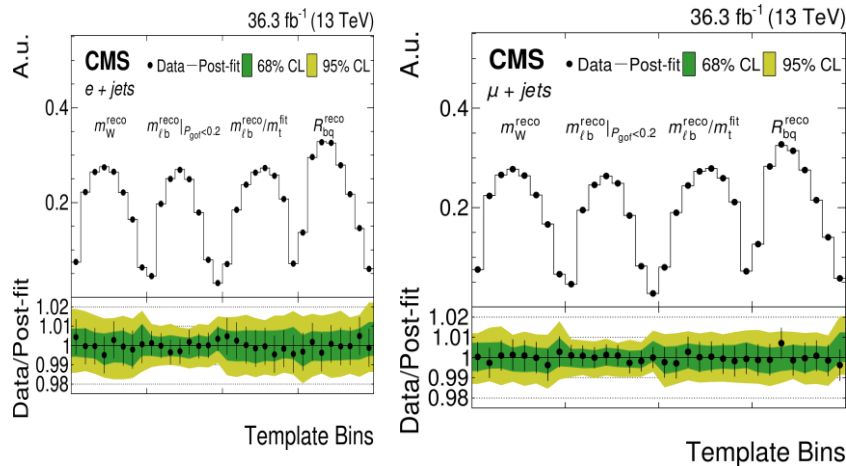
jet mass in boosted top decays can be calculated using SC-EFT

- CMS: tt +jets (36/fb)
- CMS: single top t-channel
- ATLAS $t\bar{t}$ soft muon tagging
- ATLAS $t\bar{t}$ dilepton

- ATLAS+CMS: m_t pole from combined σ_{tt} 7+8 TeV
- CMS: from $tt+1j$ invariant mass
- CMS: m_t running @NNLO revisited

- CMS: top mass from boosted jet mass

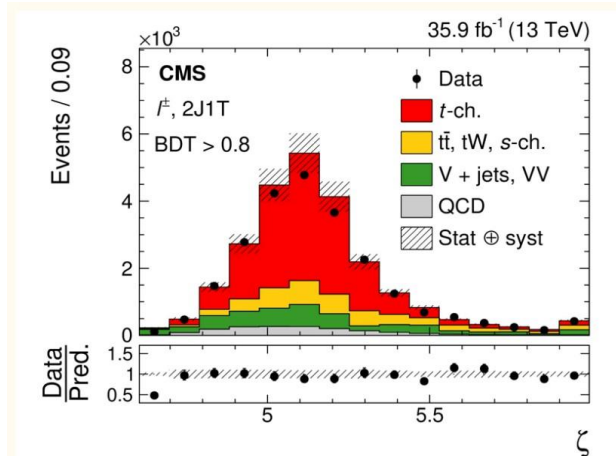
✓ tt l+jets: profile LH fit to 5 observables in different event categories



- Significant pull and constraint of FSR PS scale q→qg due to m_W^{reco}

✓ Most precise measurement with 0.37 GeV uncertainty

✓ t-channel single top: ML fit to $\zeta = \ln(m_t/1 \text{ GeV})$



$$m_t = 172.13^{+0.76}_{-0.77} \text{ GeV}$$

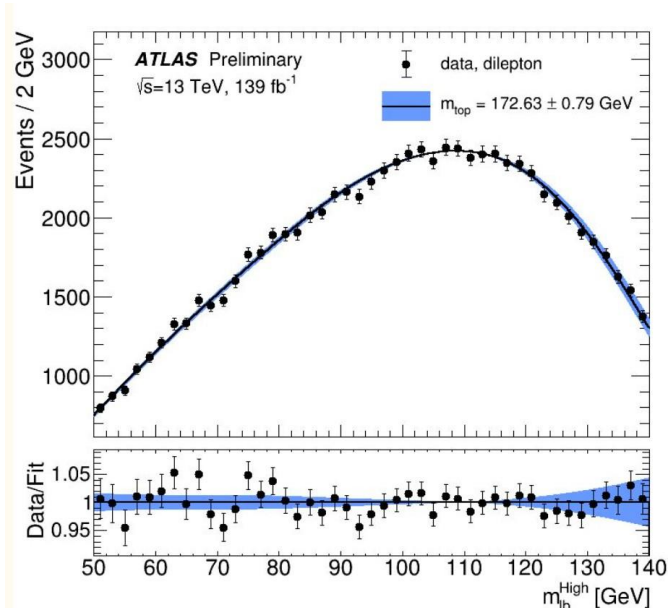
$$R_{m_t} = \frac{m_{\bar{t}}}{m_t} = 0.9952^{+0.0079}_{-0.0104}$$

$$\Delta m_t = m_t - m_{\bar{t}} = 0.83^{+1.79}_{-1.35} \text{ GeV}$$

ATLAS measurements

Template method (similar to 8 TeV)

- DNN to select b/lepton pairings
- Select permutation with highest DNN score

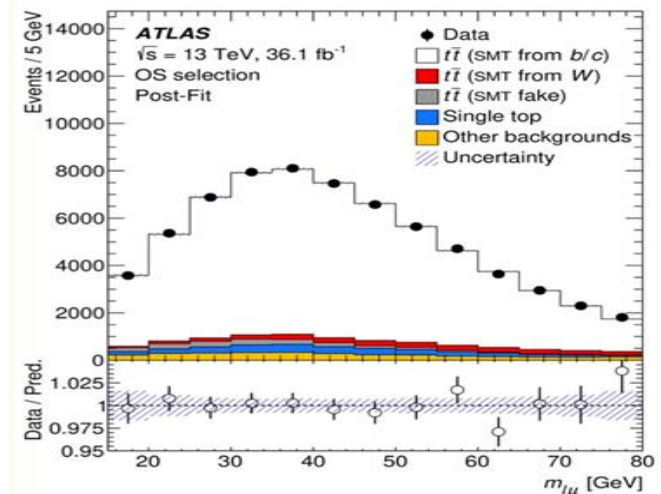


$$m_{top}^{\text{dilepton}} = 172.63 \pm 0.20 (\text{stat}) \pm 0.67 (\text{syst}) \pm 0.37 (\text{recoil}) \text{ GeV}$$

✓ Dominant by modelling and JES

Top mass using soft muon tag

- Invariant mass $m_{l\mu}$ sensitive to m_t
- reduced sensitivity to JES
- sensitive to fragmentation modelling



$$174.41 \pm 0.39 (\text{stat.}) \pm 0.66 (\text{syst.}) \pm 0.25 (\text{recoil}) \text{ GeV}$$

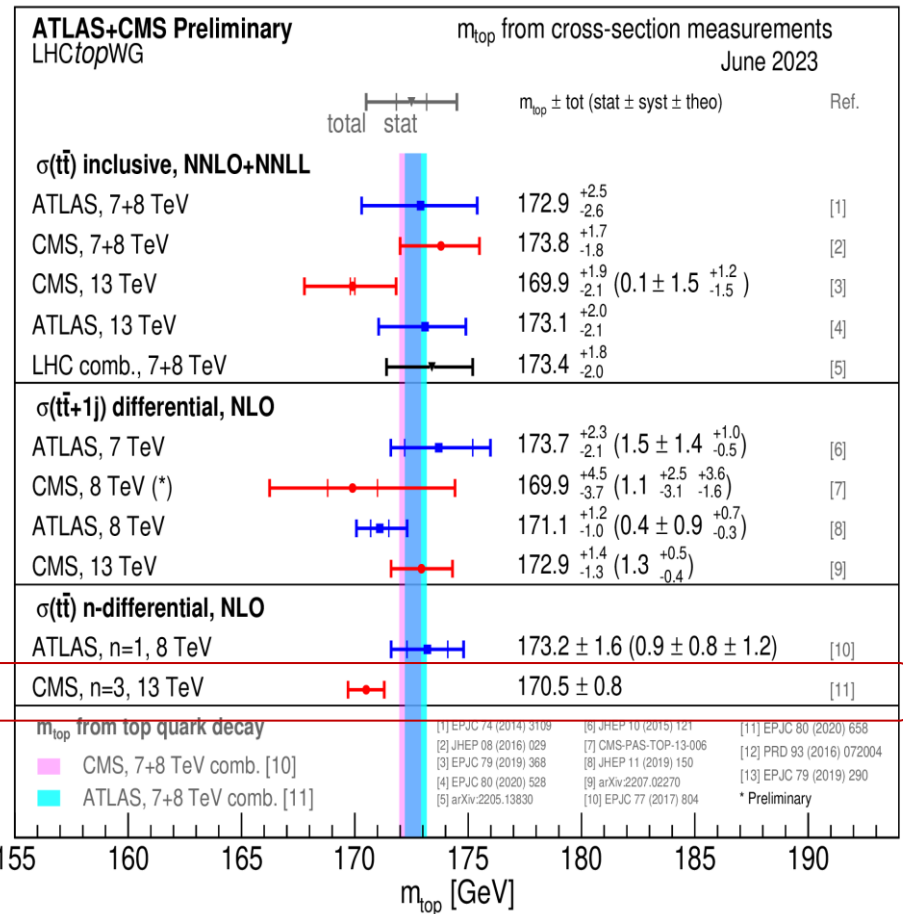
✓ consistent at 2σ level with previous results

- $t\bar{t}$ modelling is the largest challenge for future measurements
- Require input from theory and experiments

Summary: indirect measurements

Results obtained with different methods overall in good agreement

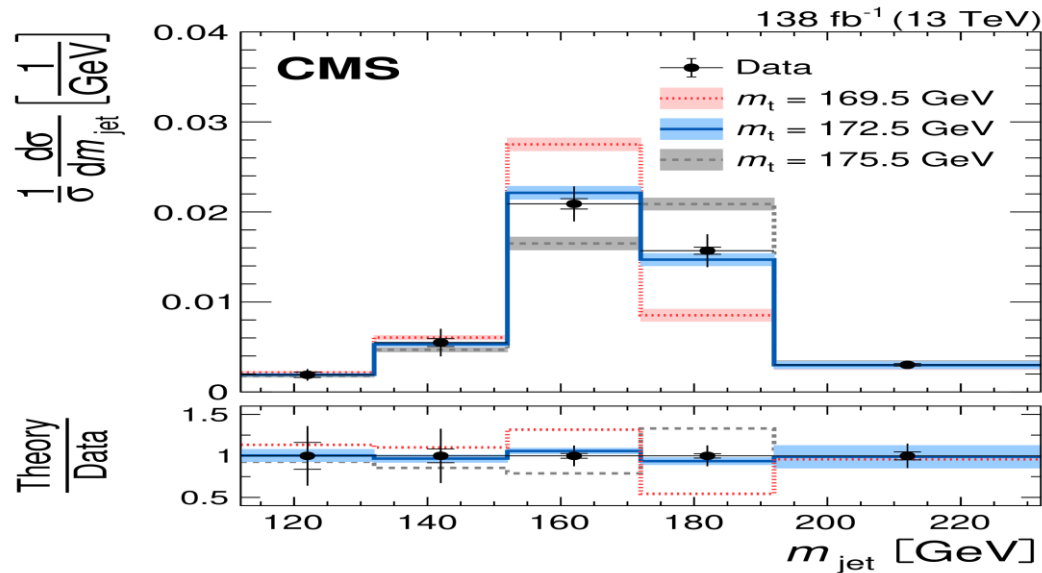
- CMS result from 3D cross section is the most precise result, to date, but may be significantly affected by threshold effects (can be 1.4 GeV).
- No consensus in theory community on the size of the effect



Theoretical advances needed
in order to obtain accurate and unambiguous results

Top mass from boosted jet mass

- ✓ XCone exclusive algorithm to reconstruct jets and sub-jets
→ improved resolution
- ✓ Dedicated calibration of FSR using substructure variables, and dedicated jet mass calibration
- ✓ Comparable precision to direct measurements

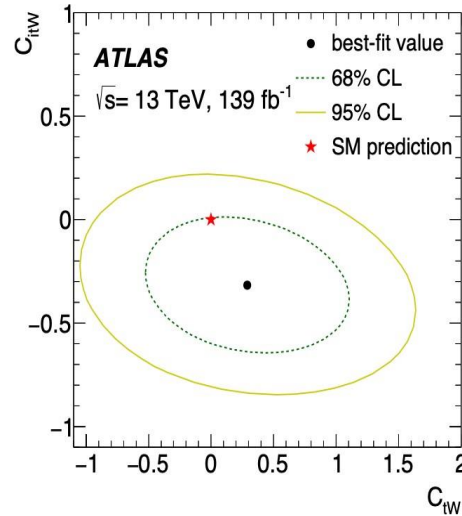
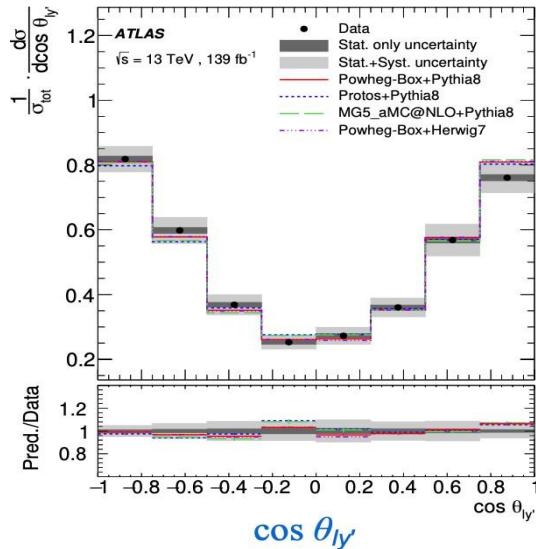


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$$m_t = 172.76 \pm 0.22 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.57 \text{ (exp)} \pm 0.48 \text{ (model)} \pm 0.24 \text{ (theo)} \text{ GeV}$$
$$= 172.76 \pm 0.81 \text{ GeV.}$$

First top mass measurement in boosted regime.

✓ Unfolded angular distributions to particle level compared to MC



- ✓ Study of BSM effects in Wtb vertex
- ✓ Unfolded distributions give bounds on Wilson coefficients
- ✓ Consistent with SM prediction

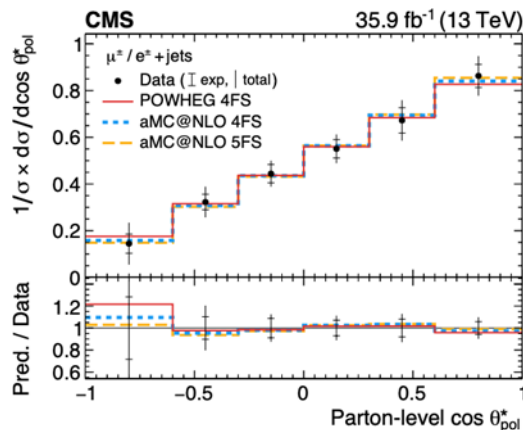
$\cos \theta_{ly}$

✓ Spin asymmetry measurement

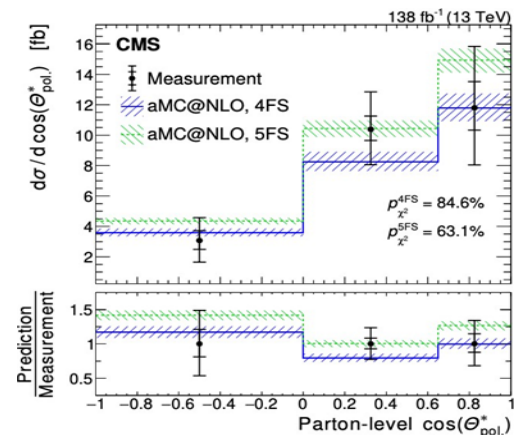
$$A_\ell = 0.440 \pm 0.031(\text{stat+exp}) \pm 0.062(\text{theo})$$

$$A_\ell = 0.54 \pm 0.16(\text{stat}) \pm 0.06(\text{syst})$$

t-ch

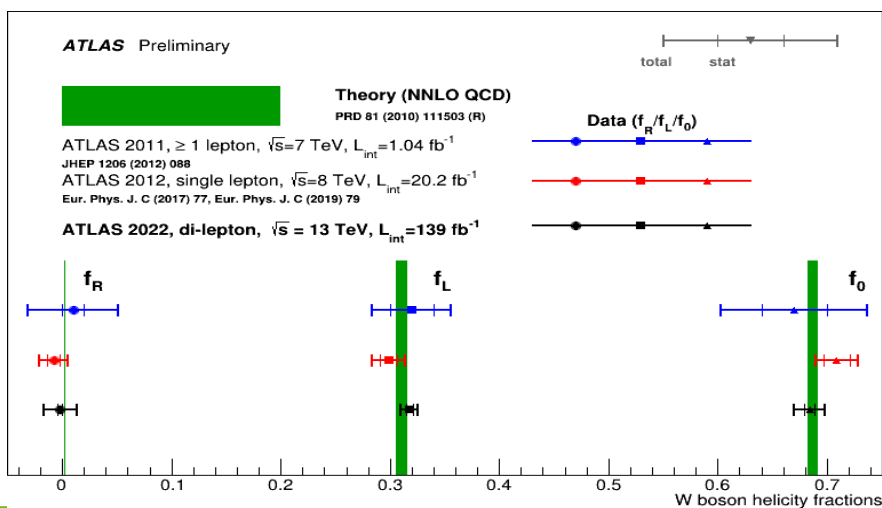
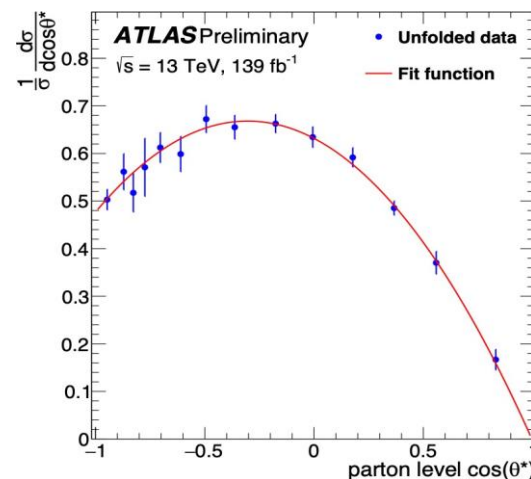
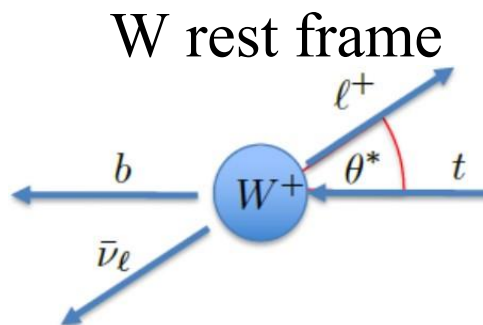
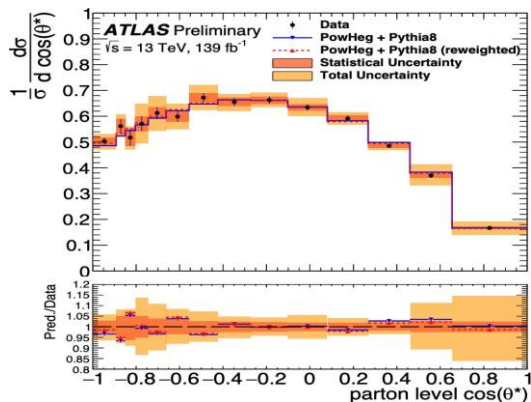
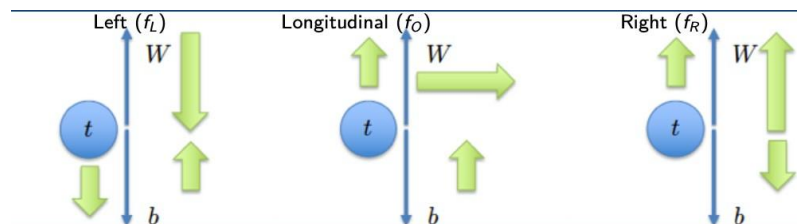


Statistically dominated



tZq

- ✓ Probe of Wtb vertex
- New method in dilepton channel: measure absolute and normalised differential distributions in $\cos \theta^*$



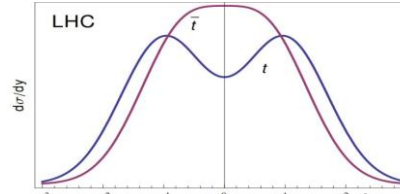
$$f_0 = 0.684 \pm 0.015 \text{ (stat. + syst.)}$$

$$f_L = 0.318 \pm 0.008 \text{ (stat. + syst.)}$$

$$f_R = -0.002 \pm 0.015 \text{ (stat. + syst.)}$$

Systematically dominated

- ✓ Central-forward in $t\bar{t}$ events
- ✓ No asymmetry at LO
- ✓ Higher order effects in $q\bar{q} \rightarrow t\bar{t}$



$$A_C = \frac{N(\Delta|y| > 0) - N(\Delta|y| < 0)}{N(\Delta|y| > 0) + N(\Delta|y| < 0)}$$

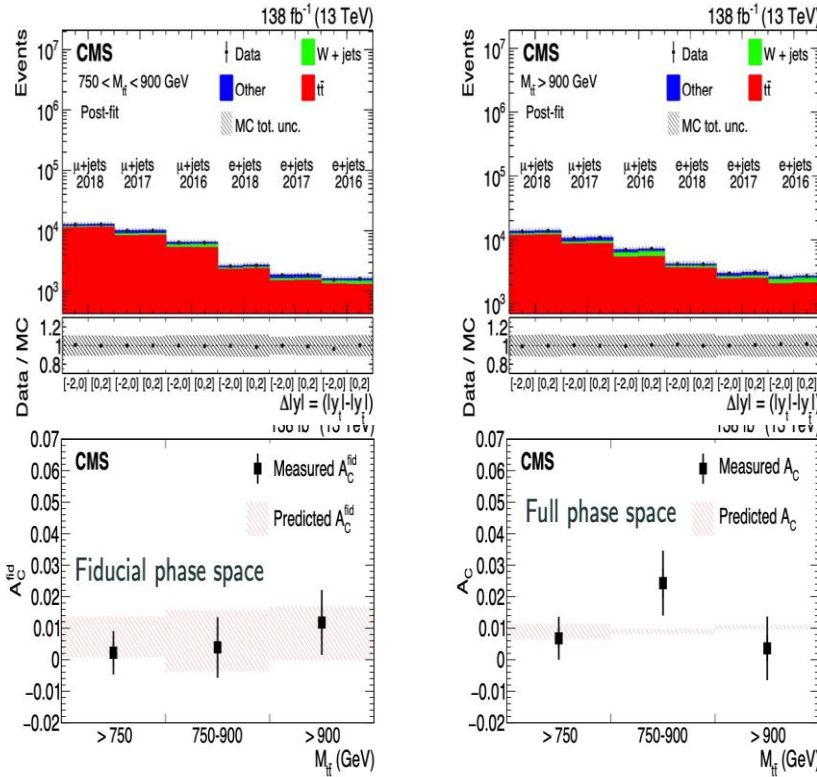
$$(\Delta|y| = |y_t| - |y_{\bar{t}}|)$$

- Boosted regime, single lepton channel
- two $M_{t\bar{t}}$ bins: [750, 900], [900, ∞]

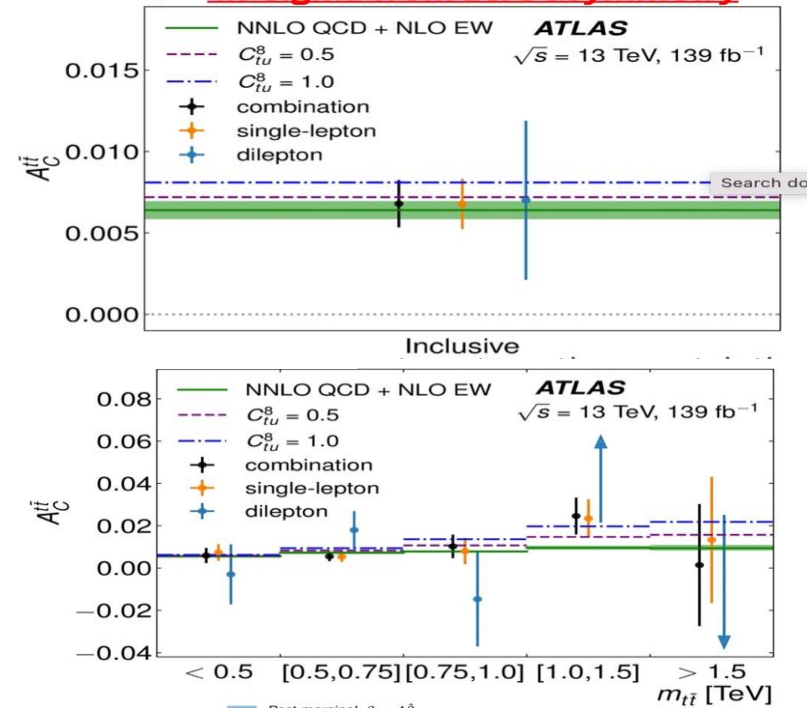
Single and dilepton channels

- Resolved and boosted regime

- $A_{t\bar{t}} = 0.0068 \pm 0.0015(\text{stat}+\text{syst.})$
- **4.7 sigma from zero asymmetry**



Good agreement with prediction



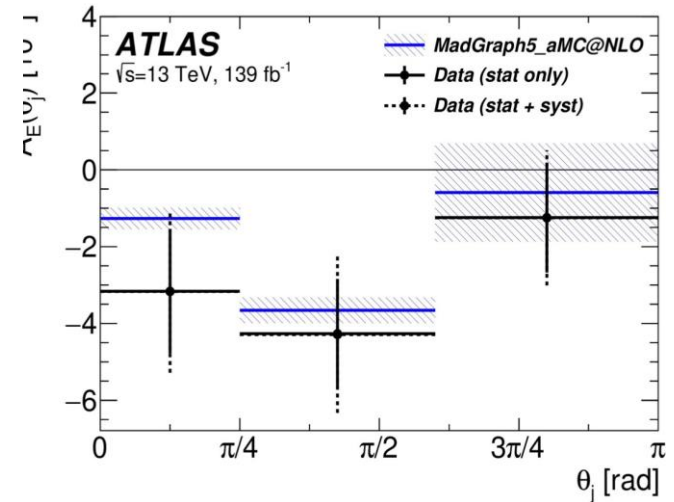
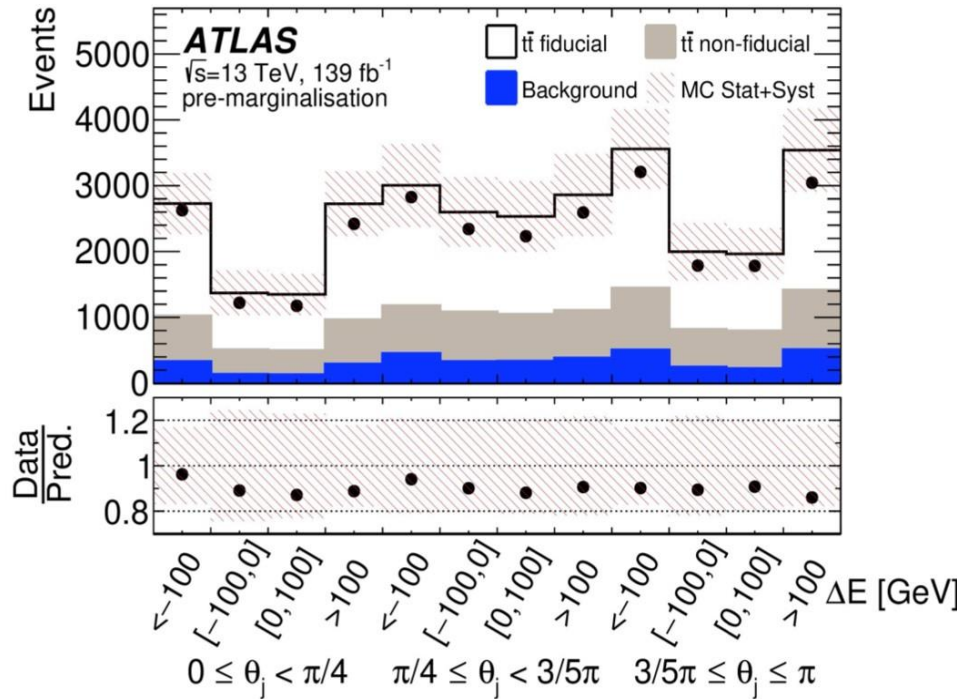
Expect improvement with additional data

- ✓ Asymmetry between the energies of top and anti-top
- ✓ Measured in tt+j events in boosted regime

$$A_E(\theta_j) \equiv \frac{\sigma^{\text{opt}}(\theta_j|\Delta E > 0) - \sigma^{\text{opt}}(\theta_j|\Delta E < 0)}{\sigma^{\text{opt}}(\theta_j|\Delta E > 0) + \sigma^{\text{opt}}(\theta_j|\Delta E < 0)}$$

Angle between the jet and z-axis
Effect increases with jet pT

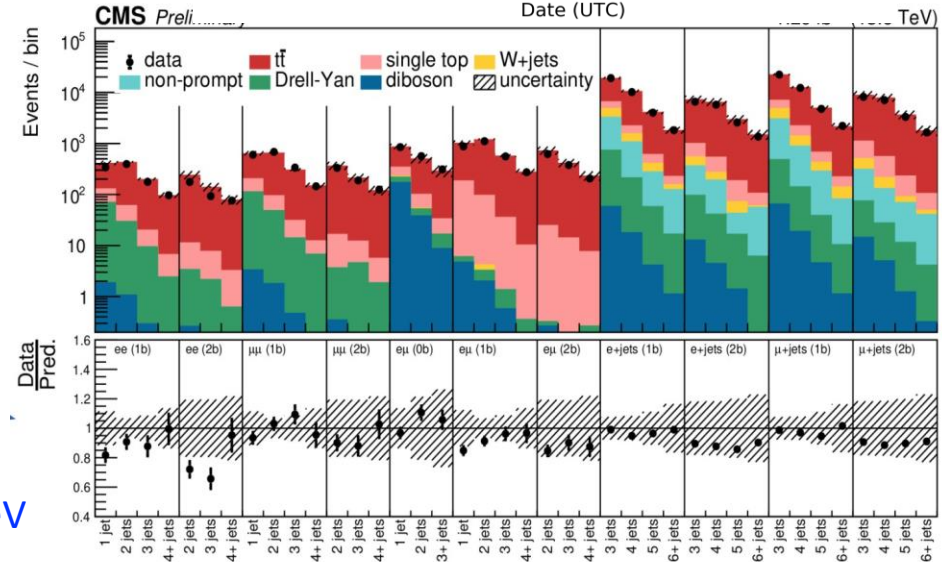
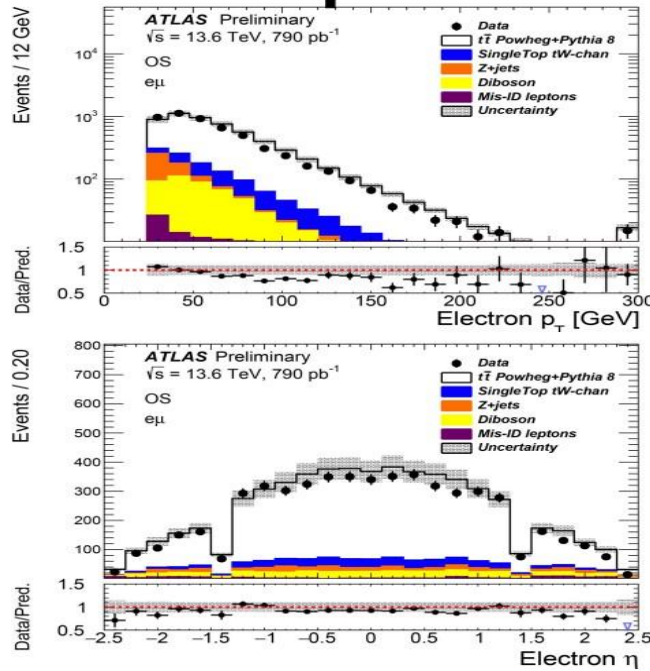
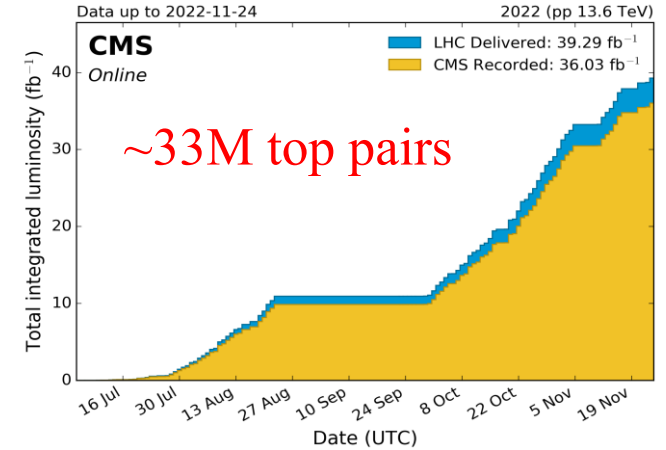
$$\sigma^{\text{opt}}(\theta_j) = \sigma(\theta_j|y_{t\bar{t}j} > 0) + \sigma(\pi - \theta_j|y_{t\bar{t}j} < 0)$$



Agrees with prediction
Statistically limited

Run3 started!

- ✓ Top quark is still there!
- ✓ Allows to exercise the analysis chain and validate the performance of all components



- ✓ Assuming ~250/fb per experiment at 13.6 TeV
- ✓ And cross section ~920 pb (tt) + ~330 pb (t)
- ✓ Run 3 will provide twice more ttbar and single top data sets

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 887^{+43}_{-41} (\text{stat} + \text{sys}) \pm 53 (\text{lumi}) \text{ pb}$$

Summary

- ✓ ATLAS and CMS provided many results with full Run2 dataset:
 - High precision measurements
 - Searching for very rare processes
 - Measuring the top properties and couplings
 - Setting constraints to new physics
- ✓ The very first look of the Run-3 data gives the results at the highest CM energy in record!
- ✓ So far, all measurements of top quark showed good agreement with SM predictions
- ✓ What can we learn from Run2?
 - Theoretical advancements are still necessary to improve simulation and to understand / reduce uncertainties
 - Machine learning has significant role in top physics!
- ✓ What do we expect for Run3?
 - Measurements in $t(t)+X$ final states and FCNC searches are statistically limited
 - More data will allow for reaching higher jet p_T or higher masses sensitive to BSM and EFT parameters

More results with more data are coming.....

References

- ✧ LHCTopWG <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/LHCPhysics/LHCTopWG>
- ✧ ATLAS: <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/TopPublicResults>
- ✧ CMS: <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsTOP>