

Final Results from the OPERA Experiment in the CNGS Neutrino Beam

Belgium
IIHE-ULB Brussels



Croatia
IRB Zagreb



France
LAPP Annecy
IPHC Strasbourg



Germany
Hamburg



Israel
Technion Haifa



Italy
Bari
Bologna
Frascati
L'Aquila
LNGS
Naples
Padova
Rome
Salerno



Japan
Aichi
Toho
Kobe
Nagoya
Nihon



Korea
Jinju



Russia
INR RAS Moscow
LPI RAS Moscow
SINP MSU Moscow
JINR Dubna



Switzerland
Bern



Turkey
METU, Ankara

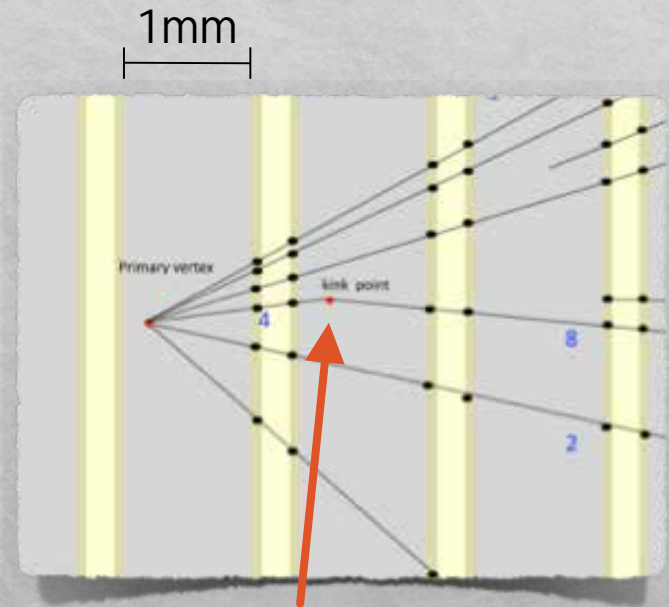


180 physicists, 27 institutions in 11 countries



Koichi Kodama for the OPERA collaboration,
Aichi University of Education
Windows on the Universe 2018 @ Quy Nhon, Vietnam 2018-08-07

Main Physics Goal



Detect τ decay
from ν_τ CC in emulsion
@LNGS

Direct detection of $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\tau$ oscillations in appearance mode.

The CNGS beam

- Tuned for ν_τ appearance at LNGS ($L \sim 730$ km)
→ Maximize the number of ν_τ CC interactions.
- $\langle E\nu \rangle = 17\text{GeV}$ ← τ production threshold at $\sim 3.5\text{GeV}$

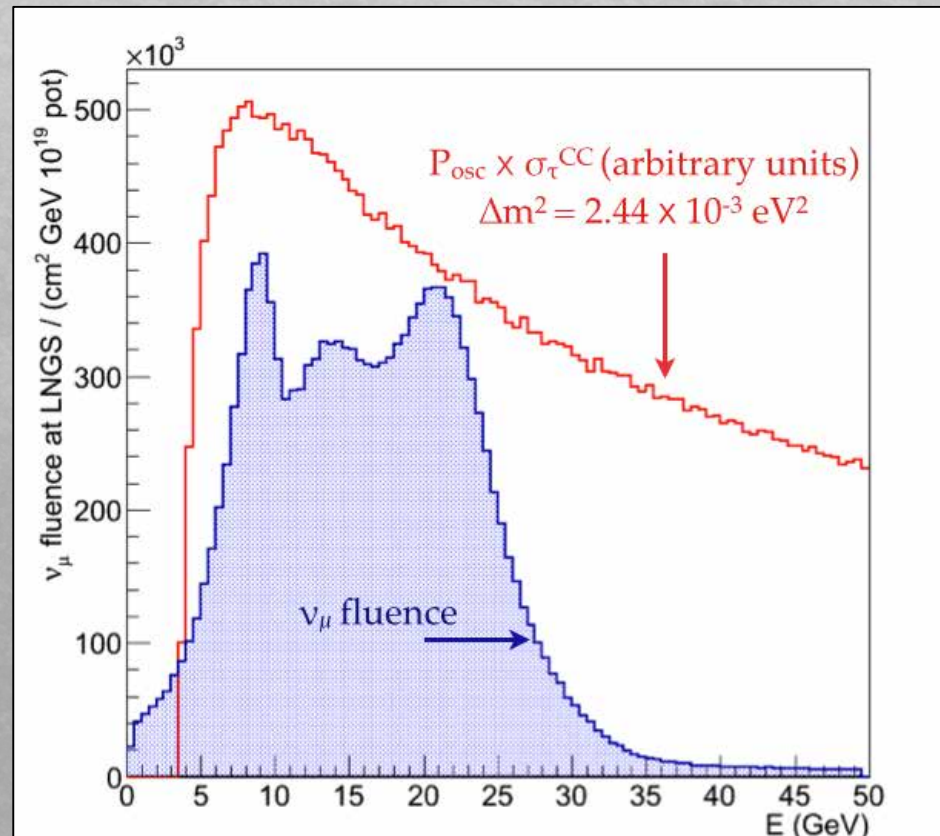
17.97 $\times 10^{19}$ POT
2008 ~ 2012
(80% of the design)

CC int in OPERA detector

$$(\nu_e + \bar{\nu}_e) / \nu_\mu \quad 0.9\%$$

$$\bar{\nu}_\mu / \nu_\mu \quad 2.1\%$$

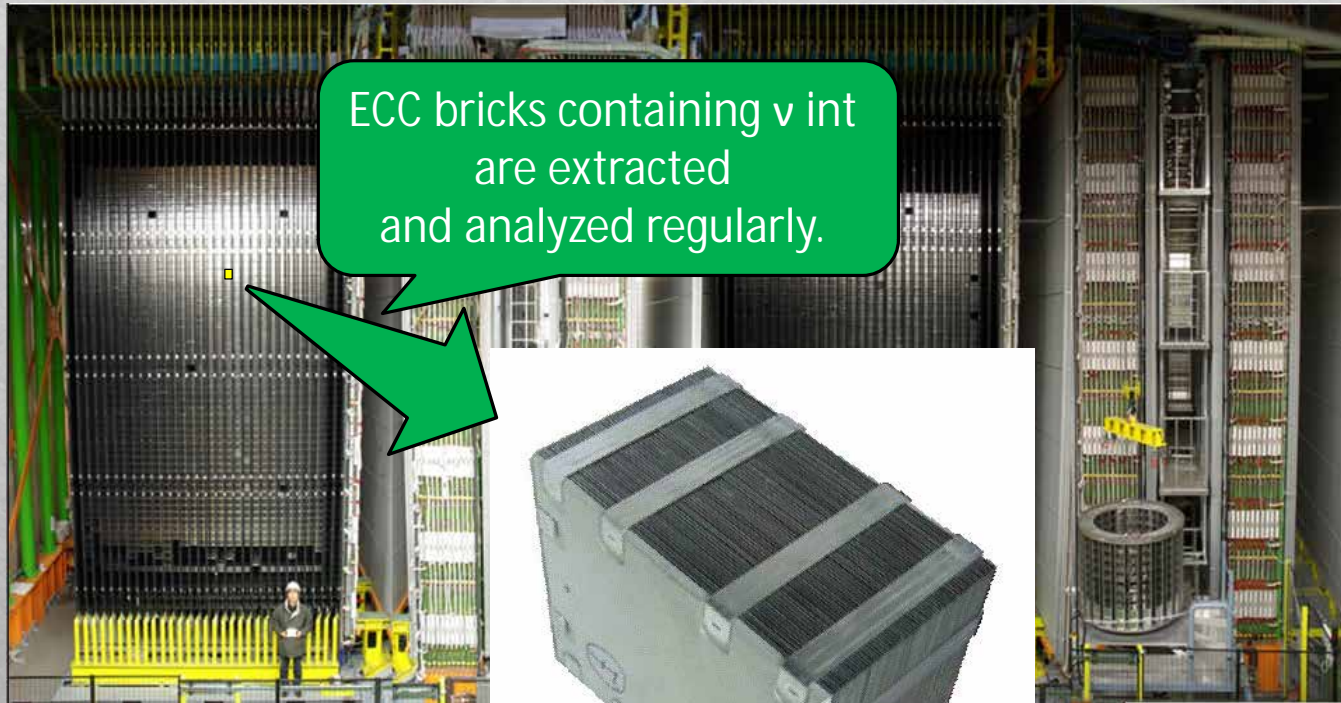
$$\nu_\tau \text{ prompt (from } D_S) \quad \text{negligible}$$



The OPERA Detector in LNGS Underground

Target (ECC+TT)

Muon spectrometer



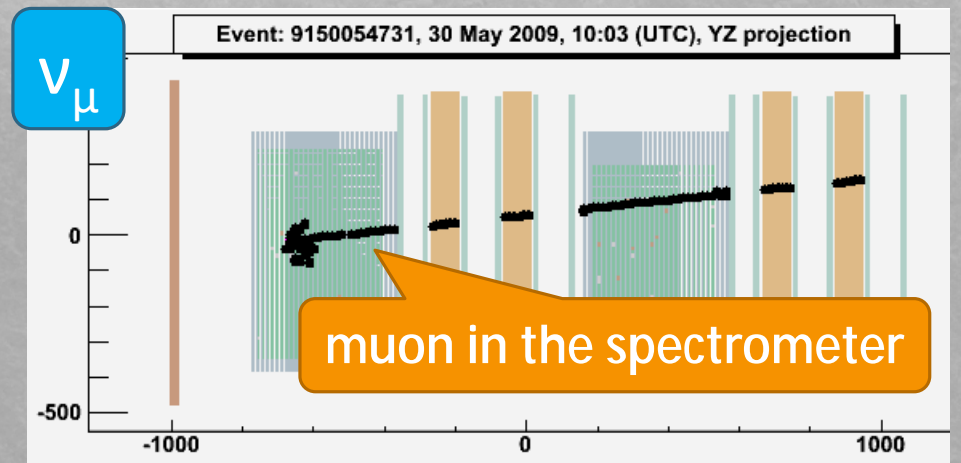
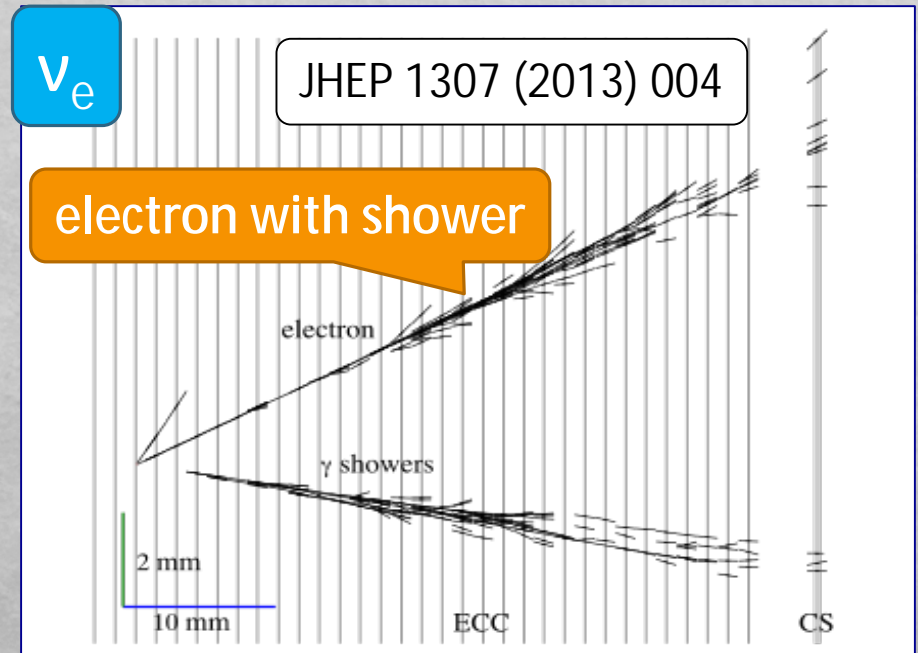
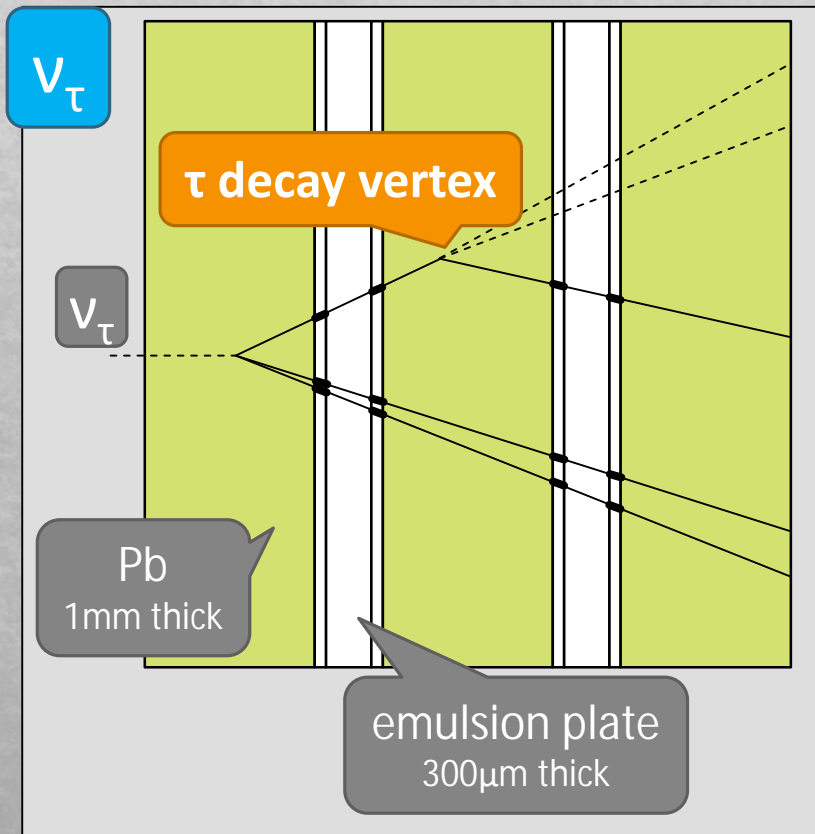
ECC bricks containing ν int are extracted and analyzed regularly.



ECC brick \rightarrow 8.3kg, $10X_0$
57 emulsion plates are interleaved with 56 Pb plates of 1mm thick

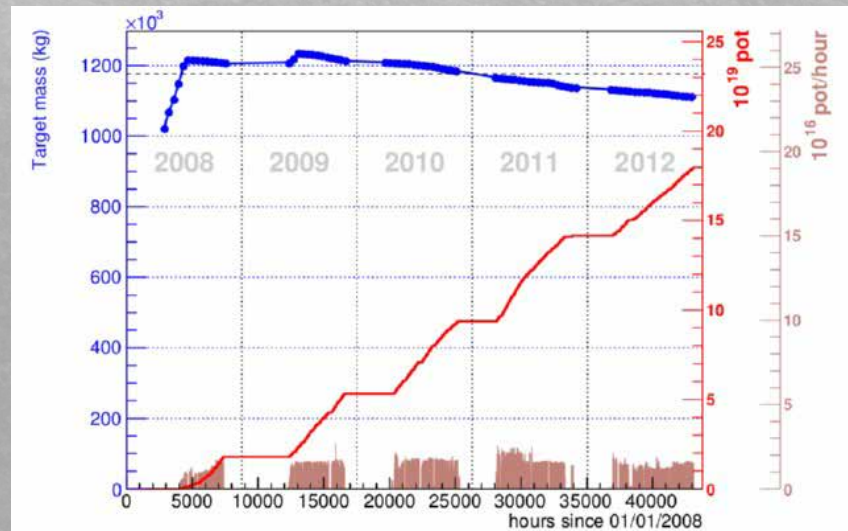
Target = 150k ECC bricks (initial mass \sim 1.25kt)

OPERA can Identify Three Neutrino Flavours

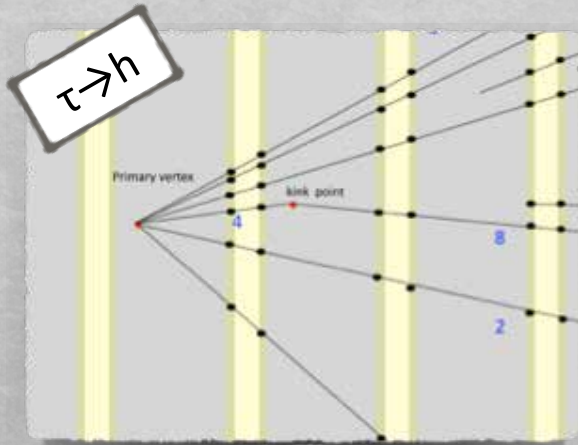


Summary of Event Statistics

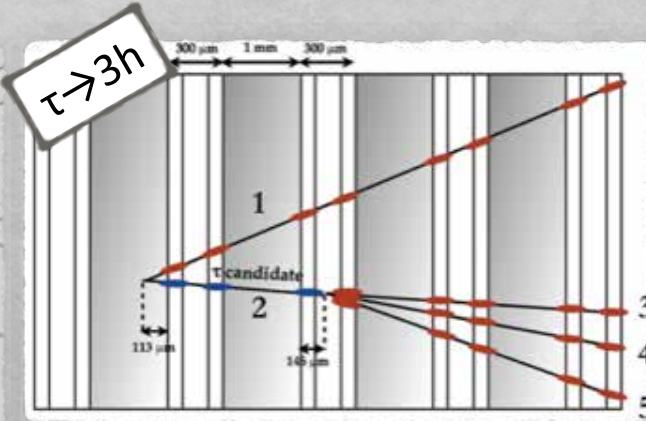
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	Total
POT ($\sim 10^{19}$)		1.74	3.53	4.09	4.75	3.86	17.97
n interactions		1698	3693	4248	5131	3923	19505
analyzed events	0m	150	255	278	291	223	1197
	1m	543	1024	1001	1031	807	4406
	Total	693	1279	1279	1322	1030	5603



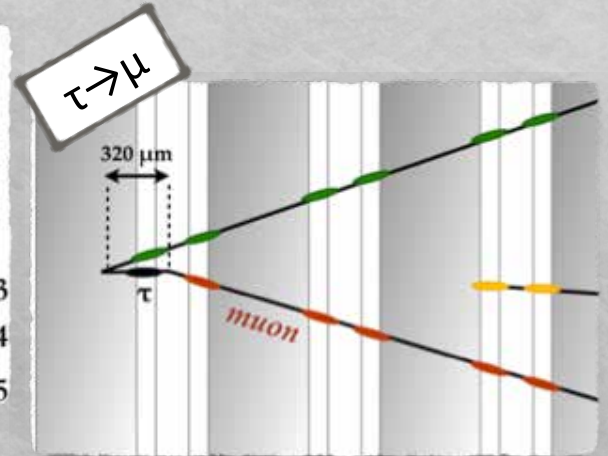
5 ν_τ Appearance Observation among 5400 Analyzed Interactions



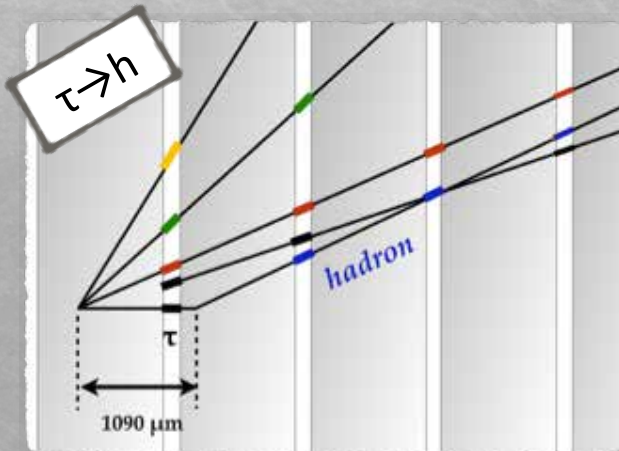
Phys. Lett. B691(2010)138



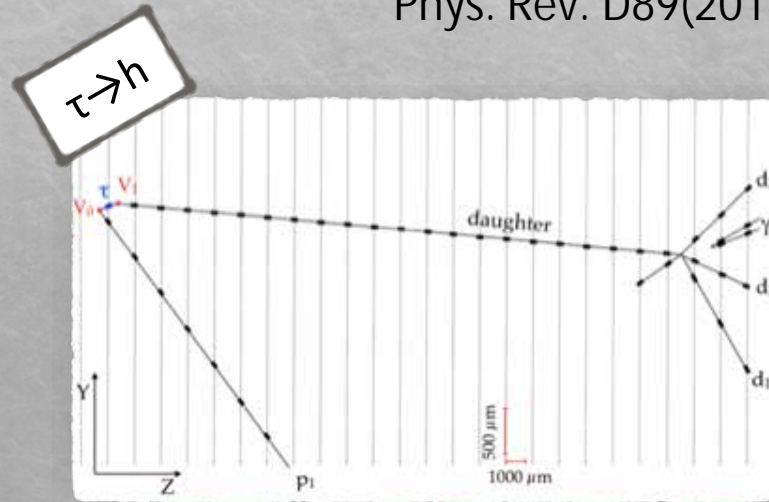
JHEP 11(2013)036



Phys. Rev. D89(2014)051102



PTEP 2014(2014)10,101C01



Phys. Rev. Lett. 115(2015)no.12,121802

Discovery of ν_τ Appearance

PRL **115**, 121802 (2015)

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

week ending
18 SEPTEMBER 2015



Discovery of τ Neutrino Appearance in the CNGS Neutrino Beam with the OPERA Experiment

Channel	Expected background				Expected signal	Observed
	Charm	Had. re-interac.	Large μ -scat.	Total		
$\tau \rightarrow 1h$	0.017 ± 0.003	0.022 ± 0.006	—	0.04 ± 0.01	0.52 ± 0.10	3
$\tau \rightarrow 3h$	0.17 ± 0.03	0.003 ± 0.001	—	0.17 ± 0.03	0.73 ± 0.14	1
$\tau \rightarrow \mu$	0.004 ± 0.001	—	0.0002 ± 0.0001	0.004 ± 0.001	0.61 ± 0.12	1
$\tau \rightarrow e$	0.03 ± 0.01	—	—	0.03 ± 0.01	0.78 ± 0.16	0
Total	0.22 ± 0.04	0.02 ± 0.01	0.0002 ± 0.0001	0.25 ± 0.05	2.64 ± 0.53	5

5 ν_τ events observation with background 0.25 events

$$P_{\text{value}} = 1.1 \times 10^{-7} \rightarrow 5.1\sigma \text{ significance}$$

New Analysis to reduce Statistical Uncertainties

Candidate Selection with Looser Kinematical Cuts

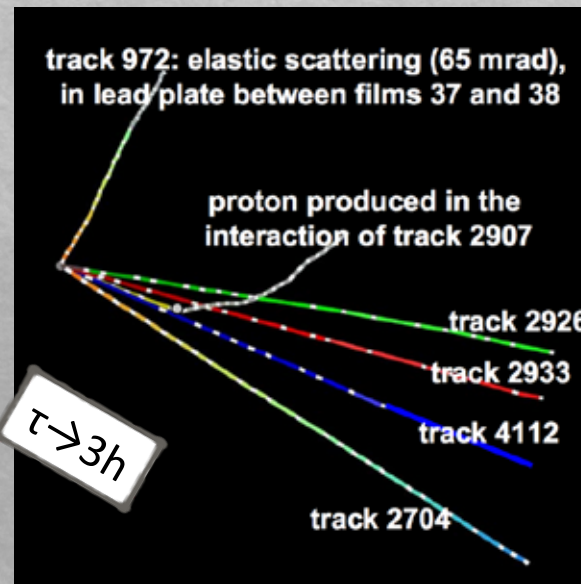
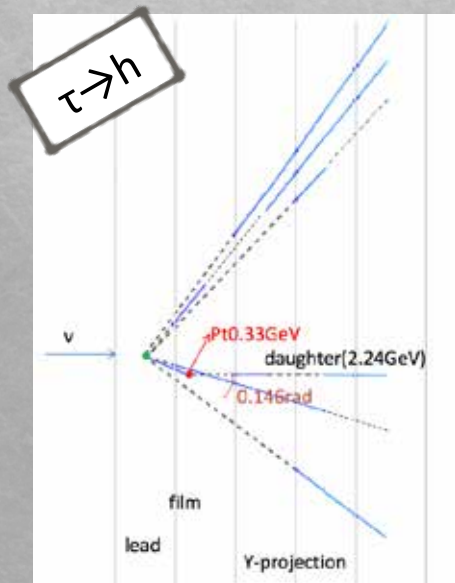
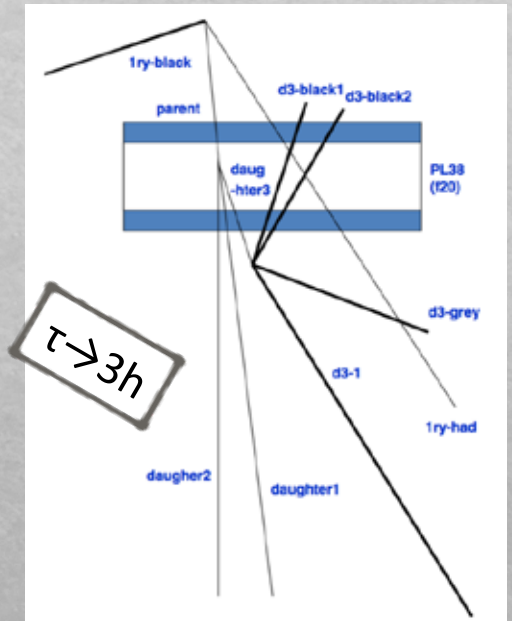
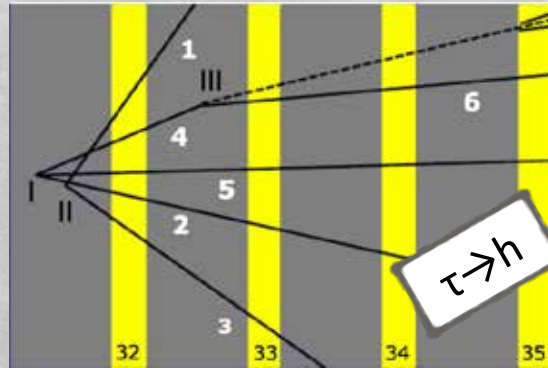
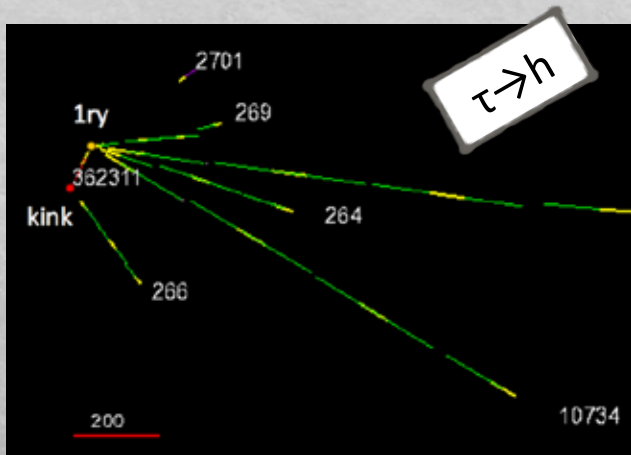
Variable	$\tau \rightarrow 1h$	$\tau \rightarrow 3h$	$\tau \rightarrow \mu$	$\tau \rightarrow e$
z_{dec} (μm)	<2600	<2600	<2600	<2600
θ_{kink} (rad)	>0.02	>0.02	>0.02	>0.02
p_{2ry} (GeV/c)	>1	>1	>1	>1
p_{2ry}^T (GeV/c)	>0.15	/	>0.1	>0.1

- n Minimum selection to limit contribution from had. int. and large angle scattering bkg
- n Negligible additional background from K/ π decays
- n S/B reduced from ~10 to ~3

Channel	Expected background			Total	ν_τ expected	Observed
	Charm	Hadron reinteraction	Large μ scattering			
$\tau \rightarrow 1h$	0.15 ± 0.03	1.28 ± 0.38		1.43 ± 0.39	2.96 ± 0.59	6
$\tau \rightarrow 3h$	0.44 ± 0.09	0.09 ± 0.03		0.52 ± 0.09	1.83 ± 0.37	3
$\tau \rightarrow \mu$	0.008 ± 0.002		0.016 ± 0.008	0.024 ± 0.008	1.15 ± 0.23	1
$\tau \rightarrow e$	0.035 ± 0.007			0.035 ± 0.007	0.84 ± 0.17	0
Total	0.63 ± 0.10	1.37 ± 0.38	0.016 ± 0.008	2.0 ± 0.4	6.8 ± 1.4	10

8.8 events expected \rightarrow 10 events observed

5 More ν_τ Candidates



Multivariate Analysis based on Boosted Decision Tree

Kinematical variables used for the analysis.

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS **120**, 211801 (2018)

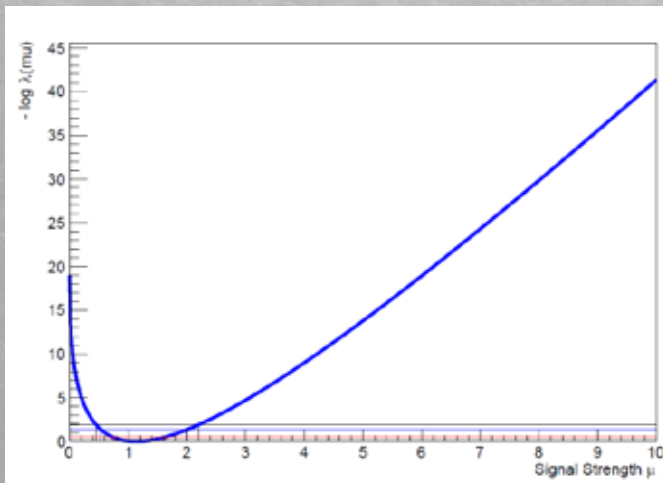
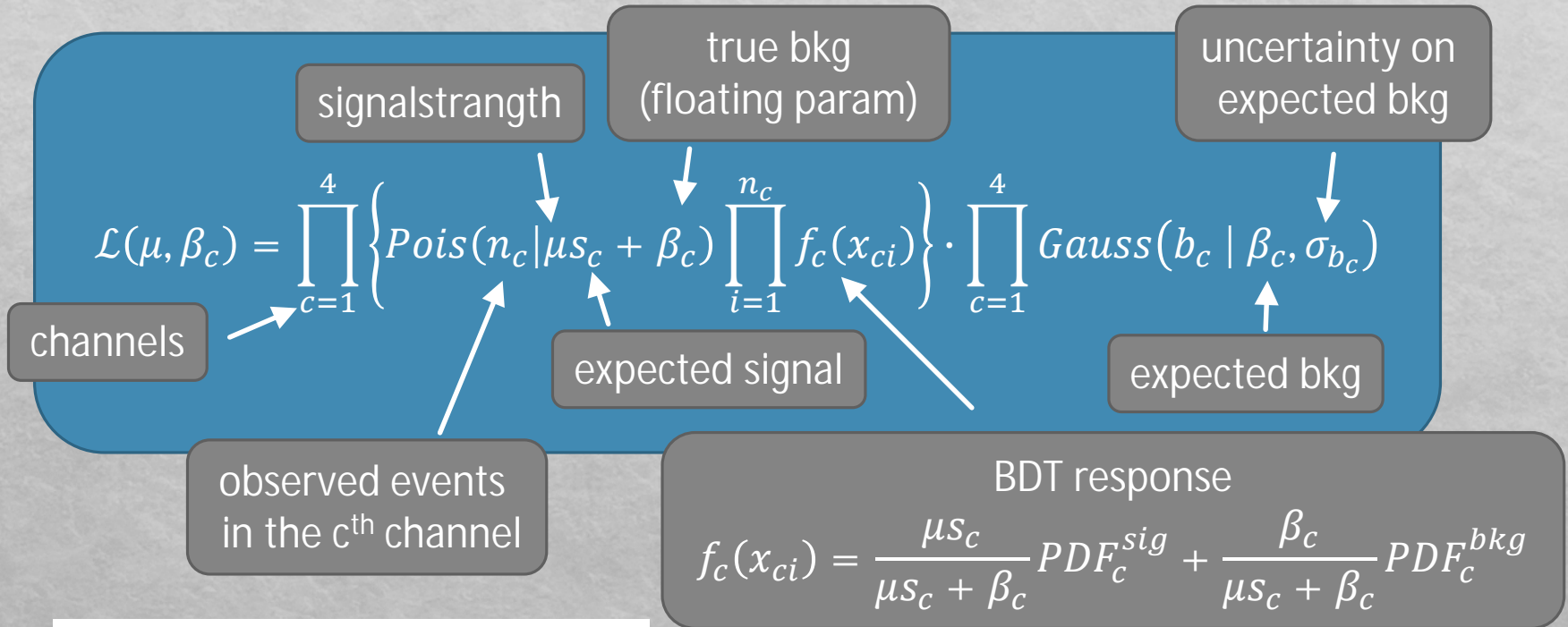
TABLE IV. Kinematical variables and BDT response for all ν_τ candidates.

Brick ID	72 693	29 570	23 543	92 217	130 577	77 152	27 972	26 670	136 759	4838
Channel	$\tau \rightarrow 1h$	$\tau \rightarrow 3h$	$\tau \rightarrow \mu$	$\tau \rightarrow 1h$	$\tau \rightarrow 1h$	$\tau \rightarrow 1h$	$\tau \rightarrow 1h$	$\tau \rightarrow 1h$	$\tau \rightarrow 3h$	$\tau \rightarrow 3h$
z_{dec} (μm)	435	1446	151	406	630	430	652	303	-648	407
p_{miss}^T (GeV/c)	0.52	0.31		0.55	0.30	0.88	1.29	0.46	0.60	> 0.50
ϕ_{lH} (deg)	173	168		166	151	152	140	143	82	47
p_{2ry}^T (GeV/c)	0.47		0.69	0.82	1.00	0.24	0.25	0.33		
p_{2ry} (GeV/c)	12	8.4	2.8	6.0	11	2.7	2.6	2.2	6.7	> 6.3
θ_{kink} (mrad)	41	87	245	137	90	90	98	146	231	83
m (GeV/c ²)		0.80		1.2	> 0.94				1.2	> 0.94
γ at decay vtx	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
charge $_{2ry}$			-1							
BDT response	0.32	-0.05	0.37	0.12	0.35	0.18	-0.25	-0.10	-0.04	-0.03

The BDT response is a value between +1 (signal-like) and -1 (background-like)

PRL 120,211801(2018)

Final Results on ν_τ Appearance

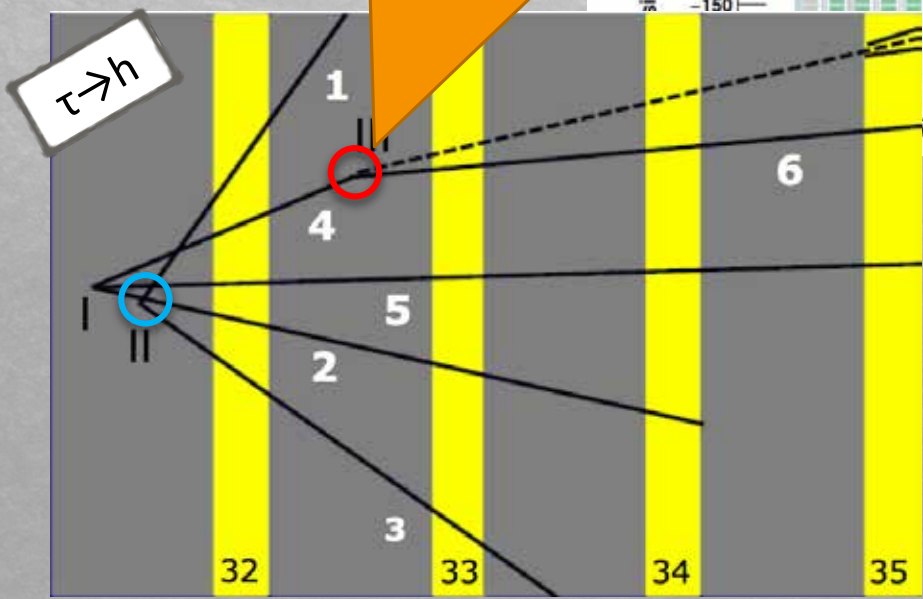
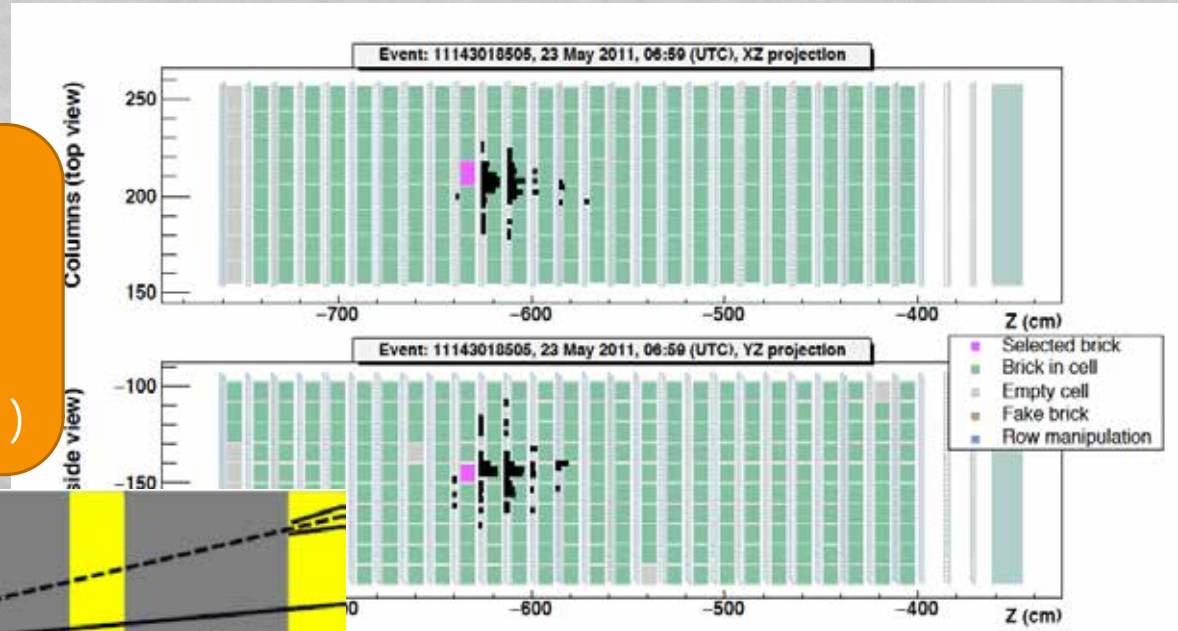


Test statistic : likelihood ratio
 Results : $\mu = 1.1^{+0.5}_{-0.4}$
 $P_{\text{value}} = 4 \times 10^{-10}$

Significance = 6.1σ
 PRL 120,211801(2018)

An Event with Three Vertices without any muon in the final state

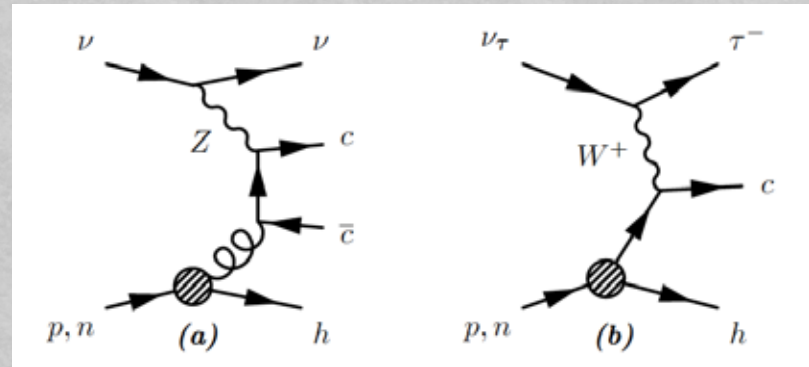
$\tau \rightarrow h$ decay vertex
 $n \quad \theta_{\text{kink}} = 90 \text{ mrad}$
 $\quad \rightarrow P_{\perp} = 240 \text{ MeV}$
 $n \quad \text{Flight length} = 1160 \mu\text{m}$
 $n \quad \gamma \text{ attached (IP} = 8 \pm 8 \mu\text{m)}$



event 11143018505

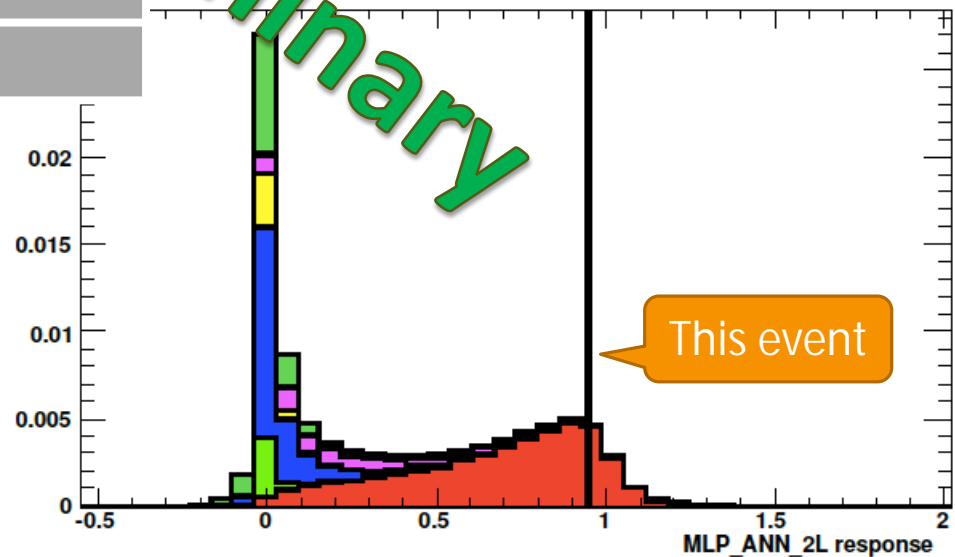
Expected Yield and Multivariate Analysis

sample	expected events($\times 10^{-3}$)
ν_τ CC+charm	45
ν_μ CC+charm+ h_{int}	21
ν_μ NC+ $c\bar{c}$	13
ν_τ CC+ h_{int}	9
ν_μ CC+2 h_{int}	4
ν_μ NC+2 h_{int}	4
Total	100



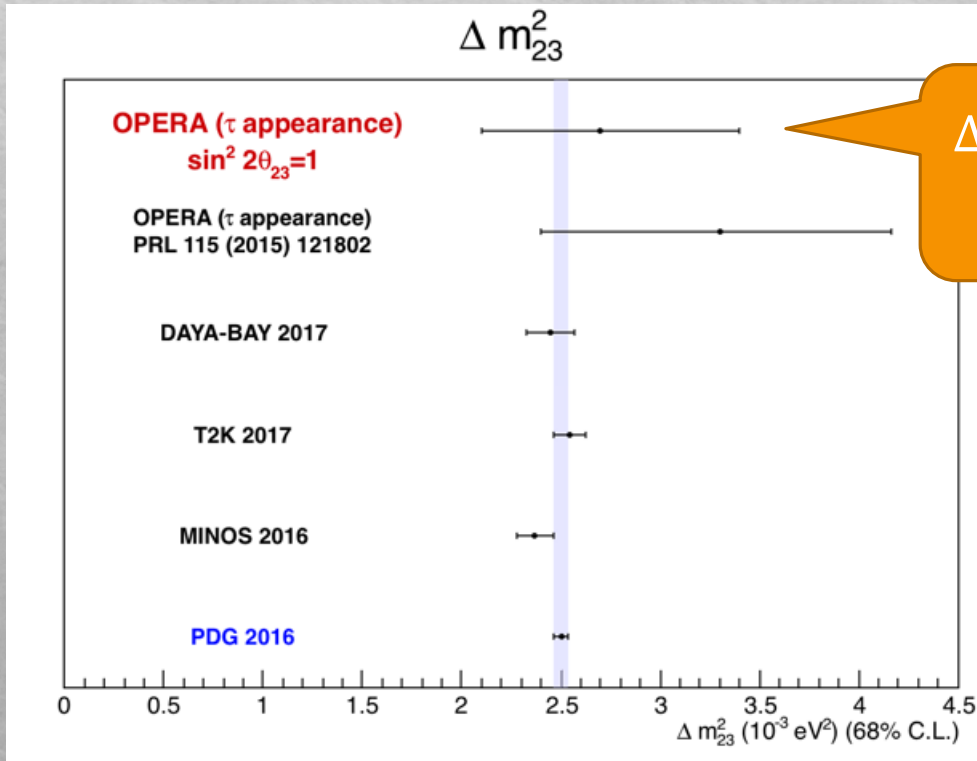
Leading Feynman Diagram

Preliminary



First Δm_{23}^2 Measurement in Appearance Mode

$$N_{\nu_\tau} \propto P(\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\tau) \times \sigma_{\nu_\tau}$$



$$\Delta m_{23}^2 = (2.7^{+0.7}_{-0.6}) \times 10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2$$

(68% C.L.)

PRL 120,211801(2018)

Assumptions :

n maximal mixing $\rightarrow \sin^2(2\theta_{23}) = 1$

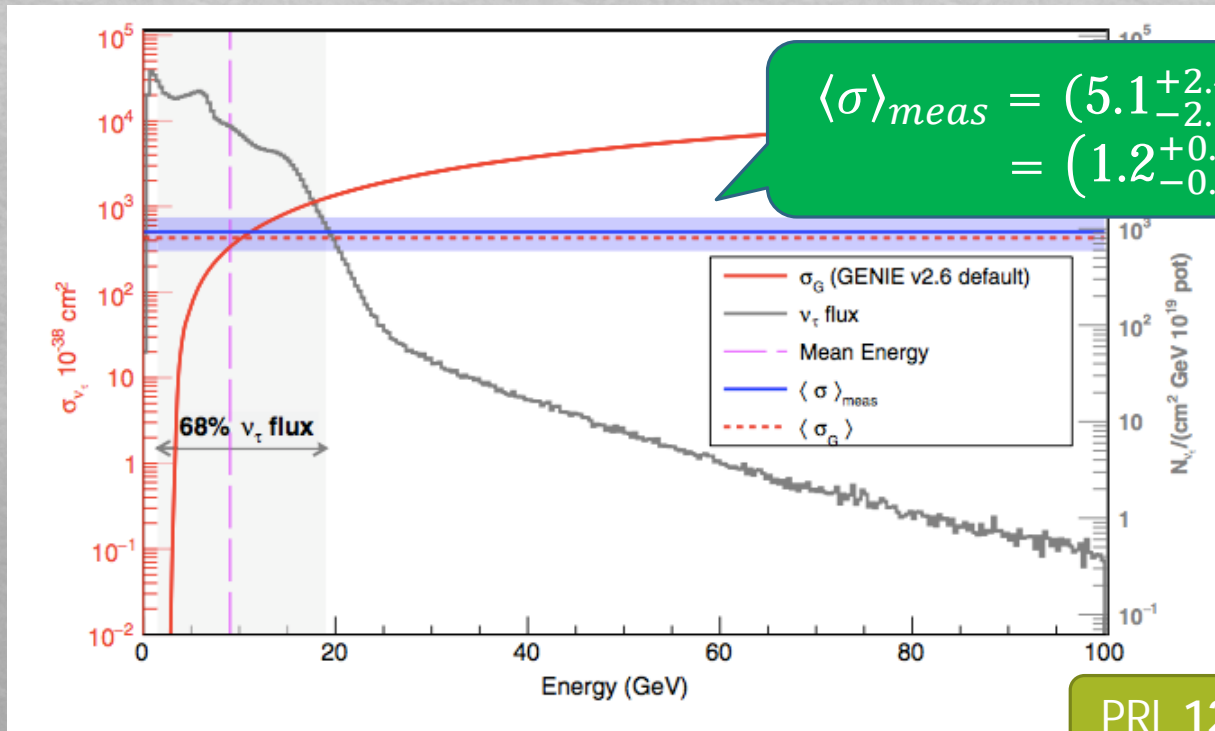
n ν_τ cross section as in Genie v2.6 default $\rightarrow \langle \sigma_G \rangle = (4.29 \pm 0.04) \times 10^{-36} \text{ cm}^2$

Tau Neutrino CC Cross Section

$$\langle \sigma \rangle_{meas} = \frac{(N^{obs} - N^{expB}) / (\varepsilon N_T)}{\int \Phi_{\nu_\mu}(E) P_{\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\tau}(E) dE}$$

$\varepsilon = 0.12$ (overall efficiency)
 N_T : Lead nuclei in the volume

assumptions : $\Delta m_{23}^2 = (2.50 \pm 0.04) \times 10^{-3} eV^2$ (PDG), $\sin^2 2\theta_{23} = 1$



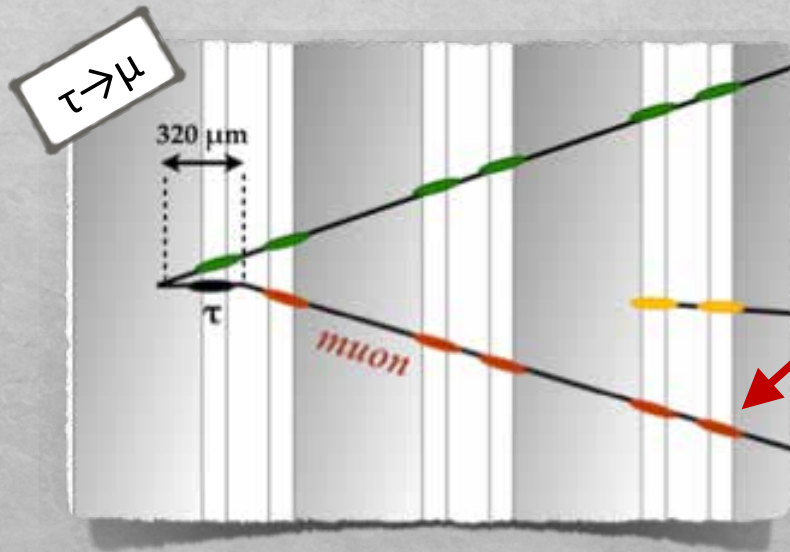
$$\langle \sigma \rangle_{meas} = (5.1_{-2.0}^{+2.4}) \times 10^{-36} \text{ cm}^2$$

$$= (1.2_{-0.5}^{+0.6}) \langle \sigma_G \rangle$$

PRL 120,211801(2018)

First measurement with negligible contamination from anti- ν_τ

ν_τ Lepton Number



Phys. Rev. D89(2014)051102

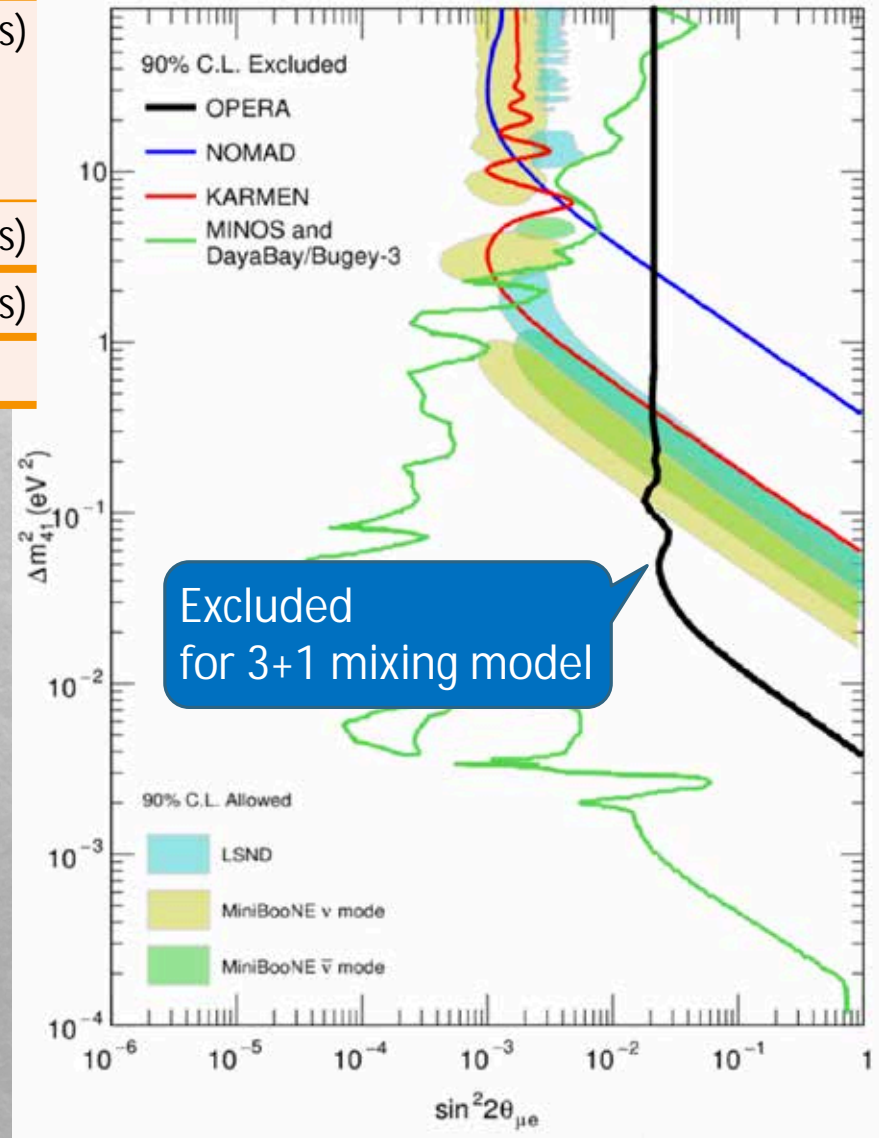
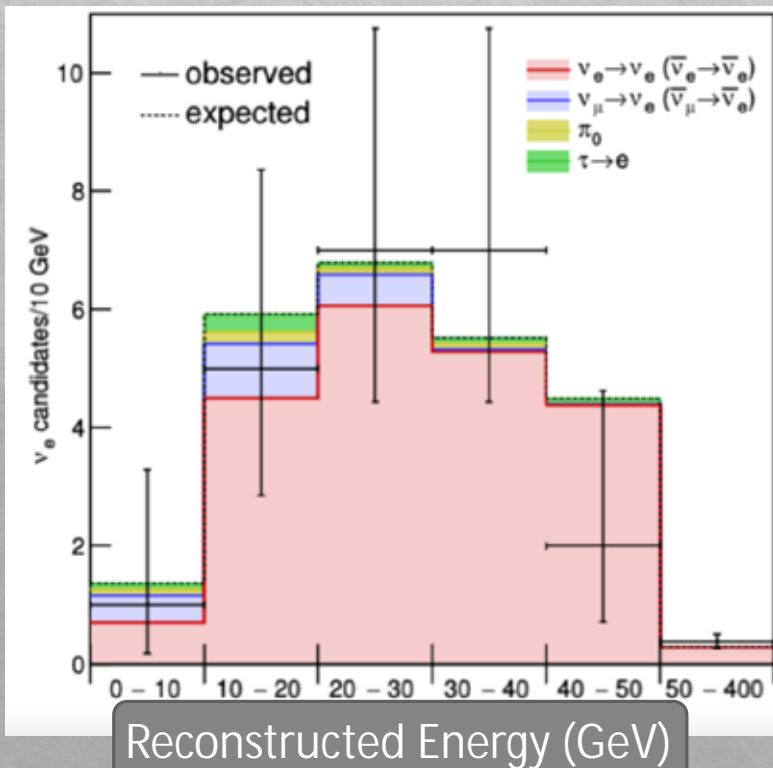
Muon charge is negative
with $P_\mu = 2.8 \pm 0.2 \text{ GeV}/c$

" $\bar{\nu}_\tau$ CC int due to $\bar{\nu}_\mu \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_\tau$ oscillations,
with its μ 's charge is
mis-identified or not-measured"
is also taken into account in BG.
= 0.0024 ± 0.0005

A significance of having observed $\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^-$ is 3.7σ .
First direct evidence for the ν_τ lepton number

$\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e$ Oscillation

$\nu_e, \bar{\nu}_e$ from beam contamination	$30.7 \pm 0.9(\text{stat}) \pm 3.1(\text{sys})$
π^0	$0.5 \pm 0.5(\text{stat})$
ν_τ from 3-flavor osc. ($\tau \rightarrow e$)	$0.7 \pm 0.2(\text{sys})$
Total expected bg	$31.9 \pm 1.0(\text{stat}) \pm 3.1(\text{sys})$
Expected in case of 3-flavor osc.	$34.3 \pm 1.0(\text{stat}) \pm 3.4(\text{sys})$
Data	35



Summary

- OPERA aimed to detect the appearance of ν_τ by neutrino oscillation.
- The CNGS ν_μ beam exposed to 1.25kton Pb+emulsion targets, L=730km.
- **5 ν_τ events were reported by 2015 \rightarrow 5.1 σ significance.**
- After the appearance observation, new selection to increase ν_τ statistics \rightarrow improve Δm^2 and $\sigma_{\tau\text{CC}}$ accuracy.
- **5 new candidates, thus total 10 ν_τ events are the final output from OPERA.**
 - **ν_τ appearance significance reached 6.1 σ**
 - **$\Delta m^2 = (2.7_{-0.6}^{+0.7}) \times 10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2 \leftarrow$ The first from appearance experiment**
 - **$\sigma_\tau = (5.1_{-2.0}^{+2.4}) \times 10^{-38} \text{ cm}^2 \leftarrow$ with negligible contamination of $\bar{\nu}_\tau$**
 - **one event with $\tau \rightarrow \mu^- \leftarrow$ first ν_τ lepton number observation.**
- **$\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e$ analysis have been performed and 35 ν_e were found.**

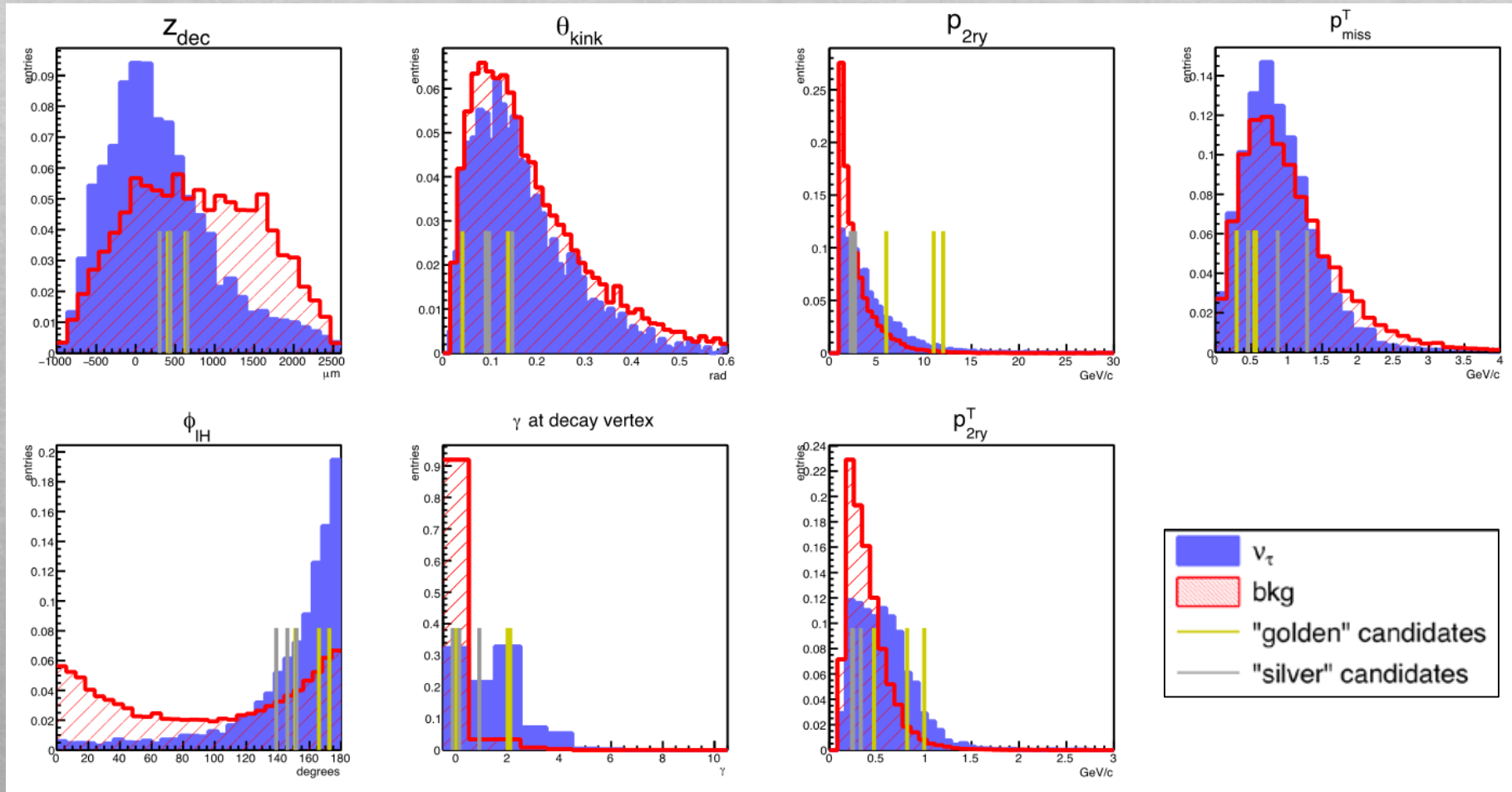


Thank you for your attention!

Image taken using an **OPERA** nuclear emulsion film
with a pinhole hand made camera
courtesy by Donato Di Ferdinando

backup slides

Input Variables for the Multivariate Analysis in the $\tau \rightarrow h$ Decay Channel



"golden" \rightarrow candidates passing the tight selection cuts
"silver" \rightarrow newly found candidates with looser cuts

Multivariate Analysis based on Boosted Decision Tree

BDT responses for all decay channels

