

### Solar-Atmospheric Neutrinos and the Sensitivity Floor for Solar Dark Matter Annihilation Searches

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Based on JCAP07 (2017) 024 (arXiv:1703.07798)









Like in the Earth the Sun is bombarded by CR, which shower in the solar atmosphere producing neutrinos

## Recipe for a Solar-Atmospheric neutrino flux calculation

- Cosmic ray incident flux
- Model of the solar atmosphere
- Hadronic model for particle interaction showers
- Cascade equation code

https://github.com/afedynitch/MCEq

Neutrino transport code https://github.com/arguelles/nuSQuIDS





## Where are the neutrinos produced?





here)

Showers occur in the outer part of the Sun.
 Very boosted muons decay in after shower region.

# here)



(Cosmic ray model: Gaisser-Honda with H4a and hadronic model Sibyll2.3)

 Electron/Muon neutrinos dominated from muon decays and K.



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Tau neutrinos only present from charmed component (prompt)



We consider uncertainties due to cosmic ray models, hadronic models, and solar atmosphere modeling.

Total Uncertainty ~ 30%

6

## Our flux calculation after showering with uncertainties

These error bands account for cosmic ray, hadronic, and atmospheric model uncertainties





Mii

(here)

## Neutrino transport

oscillations absorption  $\int_{\alpha} \frac{dF_{\nu}(E)}{dx} = -i[\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{F}_{\nu}(\mathrm{E})] - \sum_{\alpha} \frac{1}{2\lambda^{\alpha}(E)} \{\Pi_{\alpha}, F_{\nu}(E)\}$  nc-"reg  $+ \int_{E'} \frac{1}{\lambda_{\mathrm{NC}}(E')} \sum_{\alpha} \{\Pi_{\alpha}, F_{\nu}(E')\} NC(E', E)$ nc-"regeneration"  $+\int_{r}\frac{1}{\lambda^{\tau}(E')}F_{\tau}(E')CC_{\tau}(E',E)\Pi_{\tau}$ au-"regeneration  $+ \operatorname{Br}_{\mu} \int_{E'} \frac{1}{\lambda^{\tau}(E')} \overline{F}_{\tau}(E') C C_{\tau}(E', E) \Pi_{\mu},$ +Br<sub>e</sub>  $\int_{\Gamma'} \frac{1}{\lambda^{\tau}(F')} \bar{F}_{\tau}(E') CC_{\bar{\tau}}(E', E) \prod_{e}$ 



Neutrino propagation accounts for CC, NC, oscillations, and tau regeneration. Code is fast: 15-30 min per calculation.

#### Get it here:

(here)

https://github.com/jsalvado/SQuIDS

https://github.com/arguelles/nuSQuIDS





## Averaging Oscillations to Earth!



- At these high energies neutrino coherence is maintained.
- Low energy fast oscillation are average out due to vacuum oscillation through the year:
  - Aphelion to perihelion distance difference is ~ 4 million km.

 $\mathbf{0}$ 

- Oscillation length at 100 GeV is ~ 1% of this distance.
- Oscillation length is comparable at 10 TeV.

$$\bar{\Phi}_{\alpha}(E_{\nu}) = \frac{1}{T} \sum_{\beta} \int_0^T dt \ P_{osc}^{\beta,\alpha}(r(t), E_{\nu}) \Phi_{b,\beta}(E_{\nu})$$



## Caveat: magnetic fields



## Edsjö et al. recent calculation

Edsjö et al. (1704.02892) recalculate the flux (using MCeq too!), but different solar atmosphere and using a MC method for neutrino transport.





## Comparison with Edsjö et al.

Edsjö et al. (1704.02892) recalculate the flux (using MCeq too!), but different solar atmosphere and using a MC method for neutrino transport.





#### **Comparison with Earth-Atmospheric flux**





#### **Comparison with Earth-Atmospheric flux**



At the Sun position the solar flux is greater than the conventional atmospheric flux! But what matters is the integrated flux considering the angular separation between muonneutrino

$$\theta_{\nu\mu} \approx 1^o \sqrt{E_{\nu}}/\text{TeV}$$



15

## Rates!

(\*used average nu+nubar effective area)

Experiment	Expected $\nu_{\mu}$ rate R (evts / yr)	Expected $\bar{\nu}_{\mu}$ rate $R$ (evts / yr)
IceCube (IC79)	1.36 < R < 2.17	0.73 < R < 1.17
IceCube (IC86)*	2.05 < R < 3.29	1.97 < R < 3.16
ANTARES*	0.032 < R < 0.053	0.030 < R < 0.049
IceCube+PINGU	1.42 < R < 2.26	0.79 < R < 1.26
KM3NeT*	3.02 < R < 4.95	2.78 < R < 4.53



#### **Solar-Atmospheric neutrinos as a DM background**



## **The Neutrino Floor**



✤For each DM mass and cross section we calculate the energy region of interest (ERI) where 90% of the DMneutrino events are. ✤We calculate in the ERI the number of expected atmospheric solar neutrinos. ✤Good agreement

Good agreement with Ng. Et al. and Edsjö et al. (2017).

Floor: S ~ B.

18

## Take home message

We are getting closer to detecting Solar-Atmospheric neutrinos!



Three new independent calculations have recently predicted Solar-Atmospheric neutrino flux: good agreement. See CA et al (1703.07798), Ng et al (1703.10280), and Edjö et al. (1704.02892).
Next step: add magnetic field modeling.
Fluxes for all variants and at several stages available online.

### THANKS!

\*Fluxes available here <u>https://dspace.mit.edu/handle/1721.1/108394</u>



## BONUS SLIDES!



## Floor comparison with Ng et al.

Ng et al. (1703.10280) use previous calculation by Ingelman-Thunman. Modification of the flux at low energies due to magnetic field effects accounted in their calculation.



Differences in the floor due to detector modeling.

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## Effect of neutrino ordering



Edsjö et al. (1704.02892)



## Solar density profile



