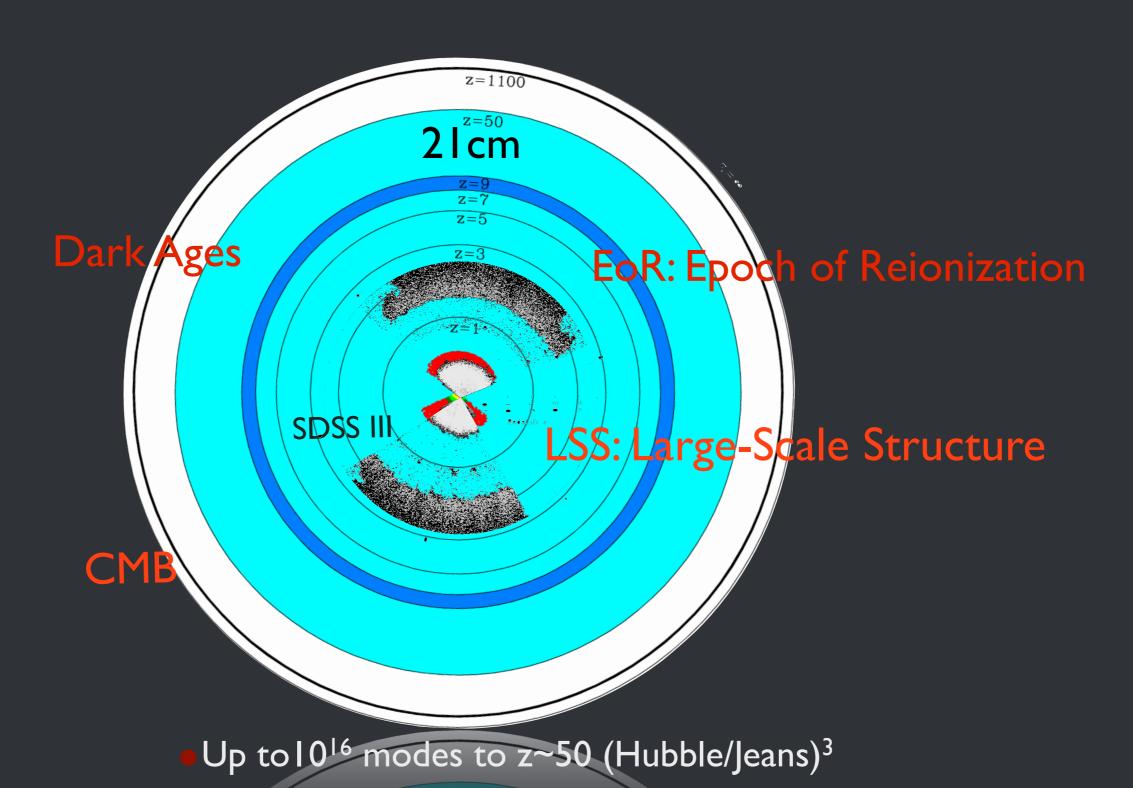
21cm Intensity Mapping

Tzu-Ching Chang (ASIAA, Taiwan)

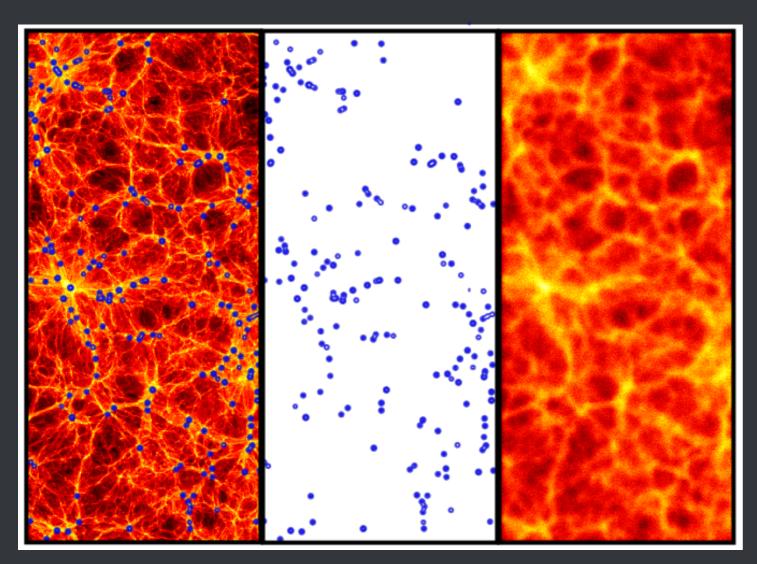
on behalf of

GBT-HIM: Cheng-Yu Kuo, Victor Liao, Chun-Hao To (ASIAA),
Kiyo Masui (UBC), Eric Switzer (Goddard)
Niels Oppermann, Ue-Li Pen, Richard Shaw (CITA),
Tabitha Voytek (UKZN), Jeff Peterson (CMU), Yi-Chao Li (NAOC)
Chris Anderson, Peter Timbie (U.Wisc)
Yuh-Jing Hwang, Ching-Ting Ho, Chi-Chang Lin(ASIAA)
Rich Bradley, John Ford, Sri Srikanth, Steve White (NRAO)

21cm Cosmology



Line Intensity Mapping

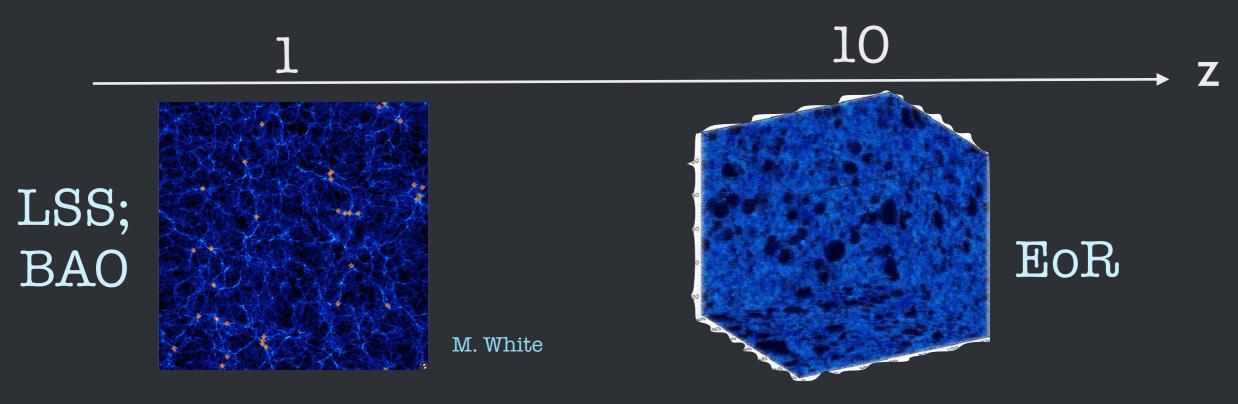


courtesy of Phil Krongut (Caltech)

- •"Intensity Mapping" (Chang+ 2008, Wyithe & Loeb 2008):
 - •Measure the collective emission from a large region, more massive and luminous, without spatially resolving down to galaxy scales.
- Retain high frequency resolution thus redshift information
- Brightness temperature
 fluctuations on the sky: just like
 CMB temperature field, but in 3D
- Low-angular resolution redshift surveys: LSS sciences, economical
- Confusion-limited. Foreground-limited.

Current 21cm Intensity Mapping Efforts

Intensity mapping: low-resolution, not resolving individual sources, CMB-like, in 3D

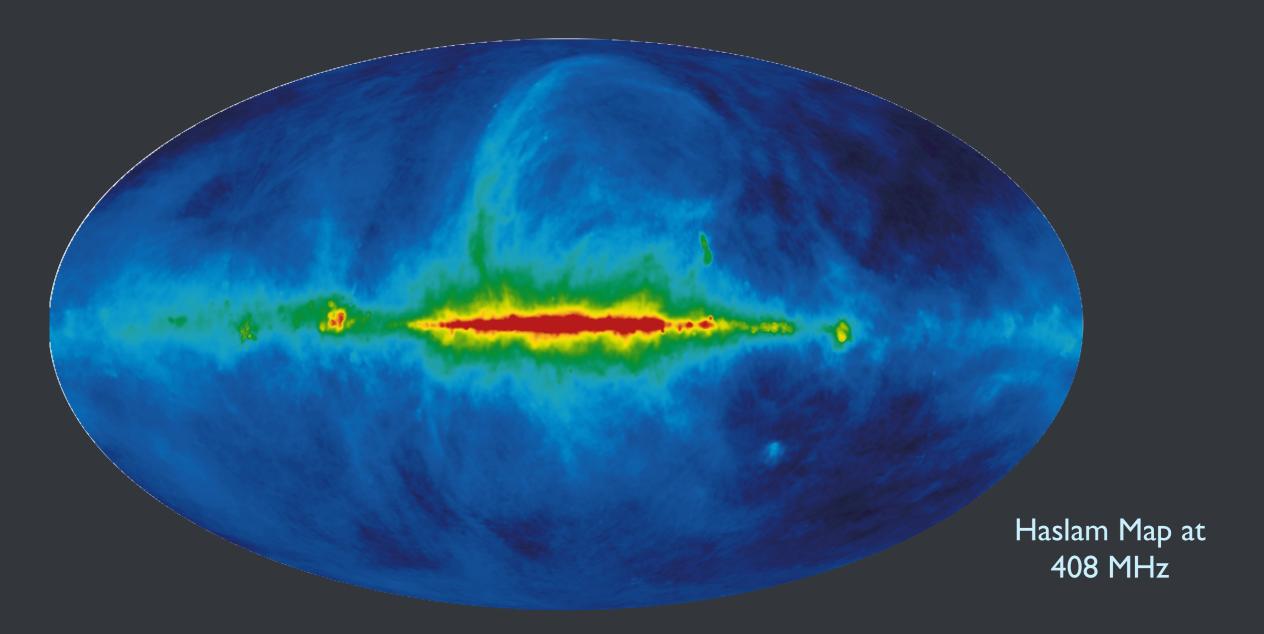


- 0.5<z<2.5, HI traces underlying matter distribution, can be used to measure Baryon Acoustic Oscillations (BAO), 109 h⁻¹ Mpc scale => dark energy
- CHIME, Tianlai, HIRAX, GBT-HIM

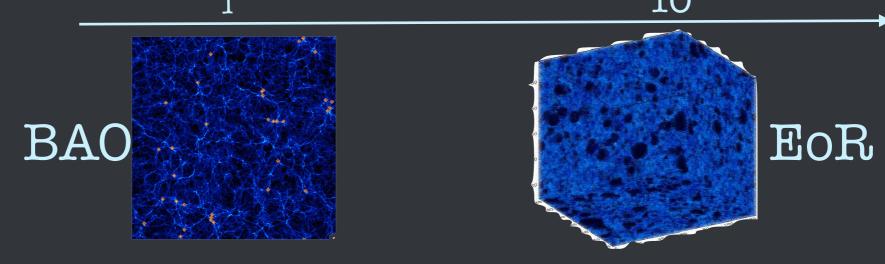
- 6<z<10, Epoch of Reionization (EoR), HI shows tomographic history of reionization, ~20-50 Mpc scale => astrophysics
- LOFAR, PAPER, MWA, GMRT-EoR,
 HERA, SKAI-LOW

2 I cm Intensity Mapping Observational Challenges:

- Galactic/extra-galactic Synchrotron foregrounds > 10³ x HI signals
- Radio Frequency Interference, ionosphere fluctuations
- Require high-precision control of systematics

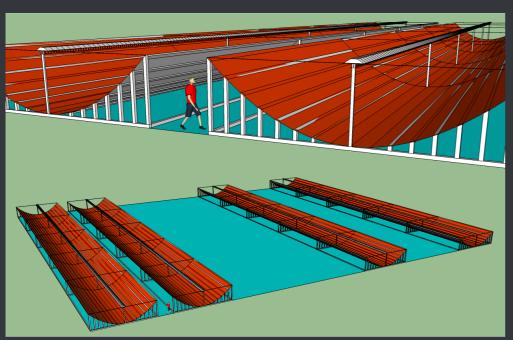


Observing 21cm Large-Scale Structure



Z	~1	~10
Science goal	Large-scale structure; BAO,RSD	Cosmic Reionization
Signal (mK)	0.1	10
Tsys (K)	30	300
Foreground spatial fluctuation (K)	0.1	10
Size scale	~10' - 1.4 deg; 109 h (non-linear scale - first peak)	~10'-30'; 20-50 Mpc (bubble scale)
First proposed	~2007	1970's?
First measurement	2010; cross-correlation	>2014; upper limit
Strategy	single dish; Interferometers	Interferometers

Low-z 21cm Intensity Mapping Experiments



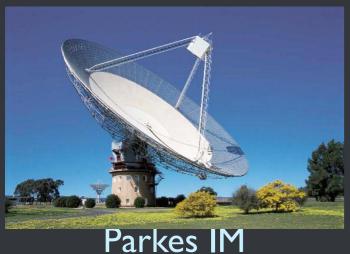
GBT-HIM multi-beam

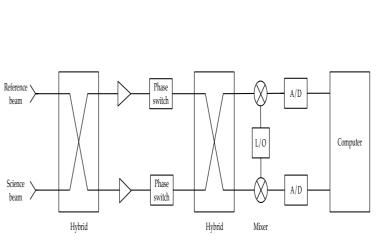
(1+v3)D = 5.60 \lambda = 2.10 m = 82.7

CHIME/Tian-Lai/CRT/BAORadio









BAOBAB



BINGO

CHIME

Canadian Hydrogen Intensity Mapping Experiment



The CHIME telescope array will search for a particular kind of hydrogen emission from ancient galaxies.

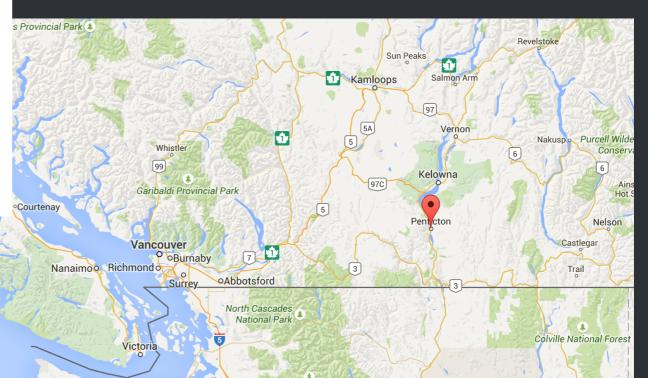
CUSMULUGA

Half-pipe array to map teen Universe

Canadian telescope aims to chart cosmic expansion rate between 10 billion and 8 billion years ago.

Nature article, July 29, 2015

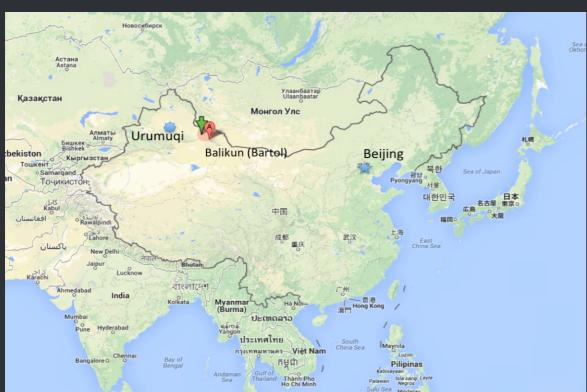
- Five 100m x 20m cylinder telescopes,
 1280 dual-pol feeds
- 400-800 MHz, 0.8 < z < 2.5, 20,000 deg²
 drift-scan sky coverage.
- At DRAO, British Columbia. Pl: Mark Halpern (UBC)
- Full CHIME constructed ~2 weeks ago.



Tianlai

Heaven Sound

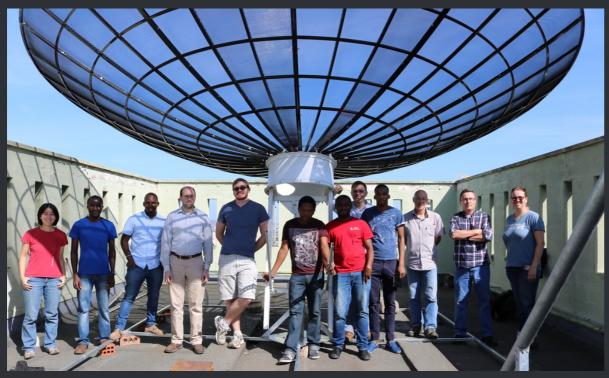




- Prototype constructed: three 45m x 15m cylinders and 16 6-m dishes constructed. Evaluating the performance.
- At 700MHz with 100MHz bandwidth (250-1000 MHz tuneable).
- At Balikun in western China. Pl: Xuelei Chen (NAOC).
- Four 5-m dishes prototype constructed in Nancay. Pl: Reza Ansari (LAL).

HIRAX

Hydrogen Intensity and Real-time Analysis eXperiment

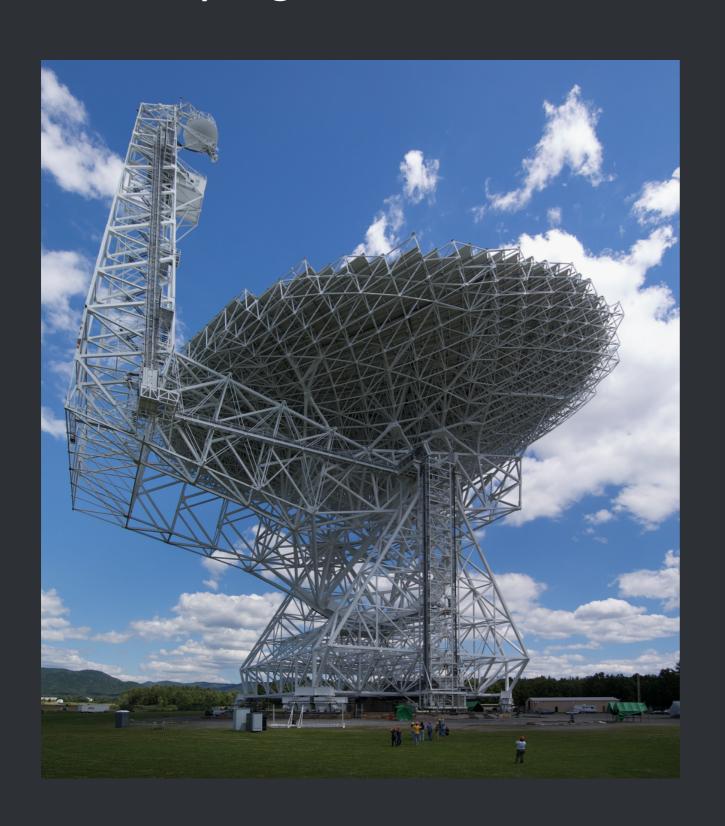




- 1024 5-6m close-packed dish array
- 400-800 MHz, 0.8 < z < 2.5
- Planned at the SKA SA site in Karoo dessert. Pl: Jon Sievers (UKZN)
- First prototype dish assembled last week.

GBT-HIM

Pilot program at the Green Bank Telescope (GBT)

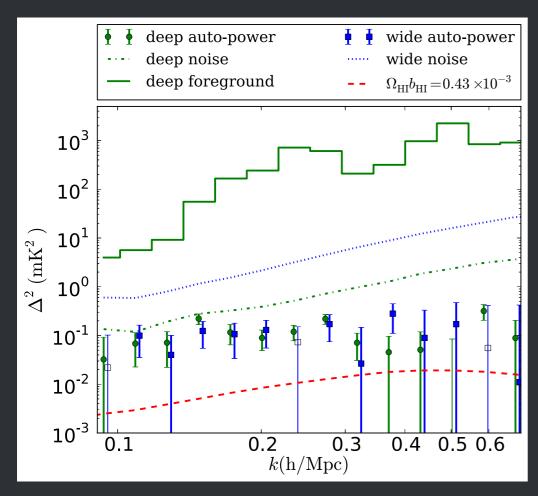


- Frequency: 700-900 MHz
 - 0.6 < z < 1
- Spatial beam ~ 15"
 - 9 h⁻¹ Mpc at z~0.8
- Spectral channel ~ 24 kHz
 - binned to 0.5 MHz
 - ~2 h⁻¹ Mpc
- 100-m diameter. Large collecting areas
- First detection in cross-correlation with DEEP2 galaxies at z=0.8 (Chang+10)

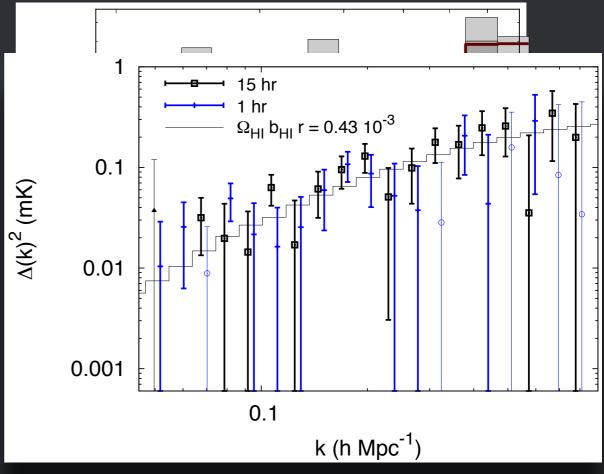
21cm Intensity Mapping at the GBT

- Frequency: 700-900 MHz
 - 0.6 < z < 1
- Spatial beam ~ 15"
 - 9 h⁻¹ Mpc at z~0.8
- Spectral channel ~ 24 kHz
 - binned to 0.5 MHz
 - ~2 h⁻¹ Mpc

- ullet 800-hr HI survey of the WiggleZ fields at 0.6 < z < 1
- HI cross-power and auto-limits in 2013 at z=0.8 implies:
- $\Omega_{\text{HI}} \, b_{\text{HI}} = [0.62^{+0.23}_{-0.15}] \times 10^{-3}$

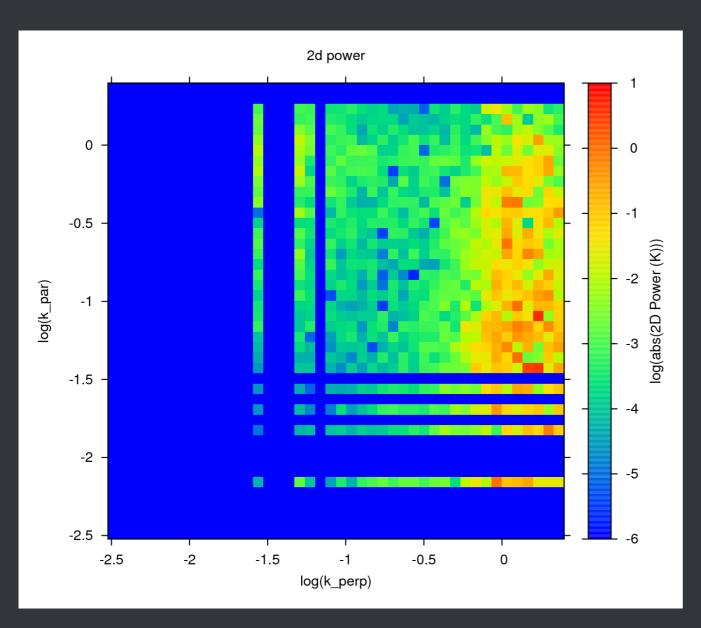


Auto-power limits, Switzer+13, GBT-HIM



Cross-power, Masui+ 13, GBT-HIM

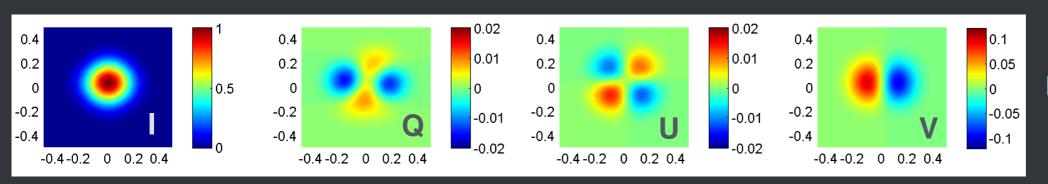
Work in progress: Redshift-space distortions with cross-power spectrum



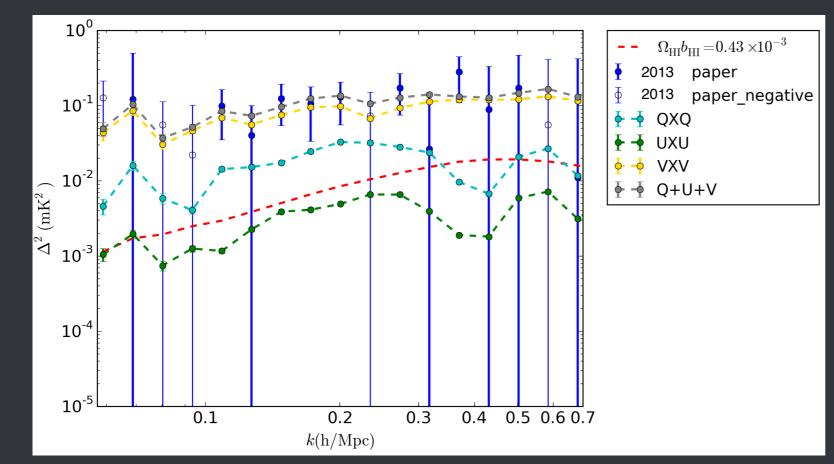
T.-C. Chang, Cheng-Yu Kuo (ASIAA), GBT-HIM team

- Redshift-space distortion (RSD) measurement with HI-WiggleZ cross power spectra:
- Anisotropic clustering gives measurement of Ω_{HI} and b_{HI}
- Currently working on RSD modelling for HI intensity mapping
- Improving cross-power spectra measurements

Work in progress: Precision polarization calibration HI auto-power spectrum



Liao et al., in prep



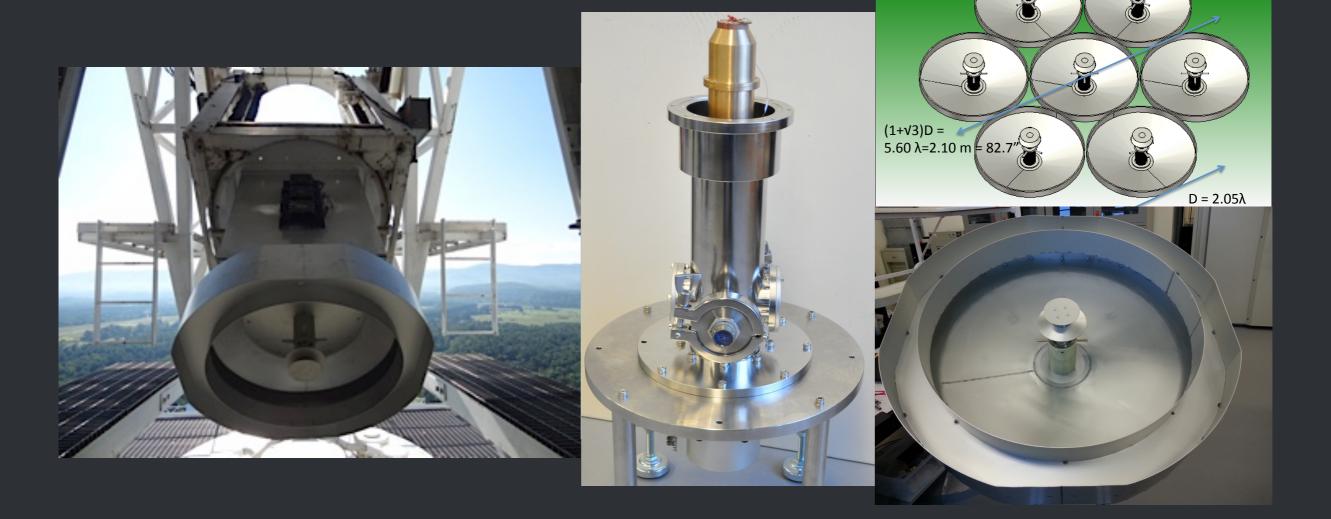
Chun-Hao To (ASIAA), the GBT-HIM team

- Current HI power spectrum P(k)
 - Systematics dominated
 - Improving polarization calibration with full mueller matrix treatment
 - Estimate polarization leakage power spectra
 - Including full polarized beam model in map-making
 - Larger survey field enabling better foreground SVD subtraction

GBT-HIM: 800 MHz multi-beam HIM Project

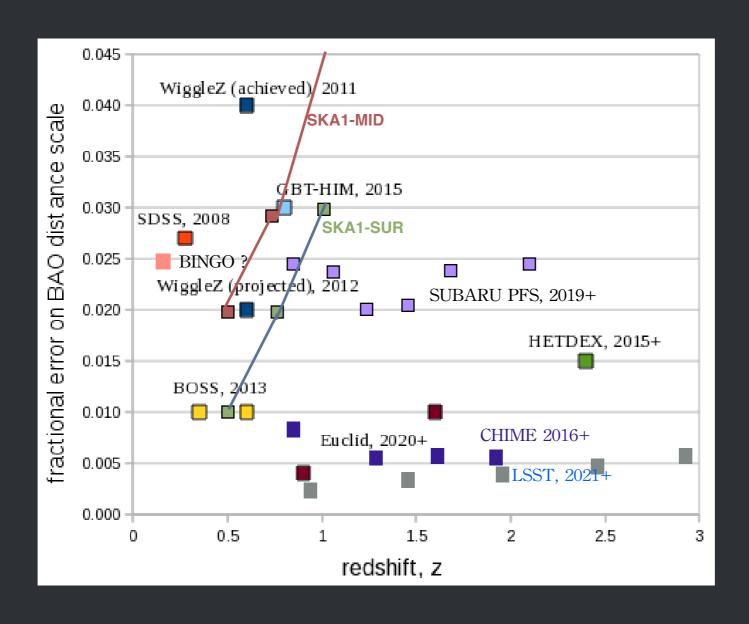
- GBT-HIM Project (P. I. T.-C. Chang): Building a seven-beam receiver at 700-900 MHz for redshifted HI survey at 0.5 < z < I for BAO measurements.
- Use Short-backfire Antenna (SBA) with a edge-tapered reflector; with a cryogenic cold finger connecting to the dipole to reduce Tsys.
- Prototype tested on GBT in summer 2013.
- Seven-pixel receiver array commissioning in 2016.

 Instrumentation members: Yuh-Jing Hwang, Chi-Chang Lin, Ching-Ting Ho (ASIAA), Peter Timbie, Chris Anderson (UWisc), John Ford, Steve White, Sri Srikanth, Rich Bradley (NRAO), Jeff Peterson (CMU)

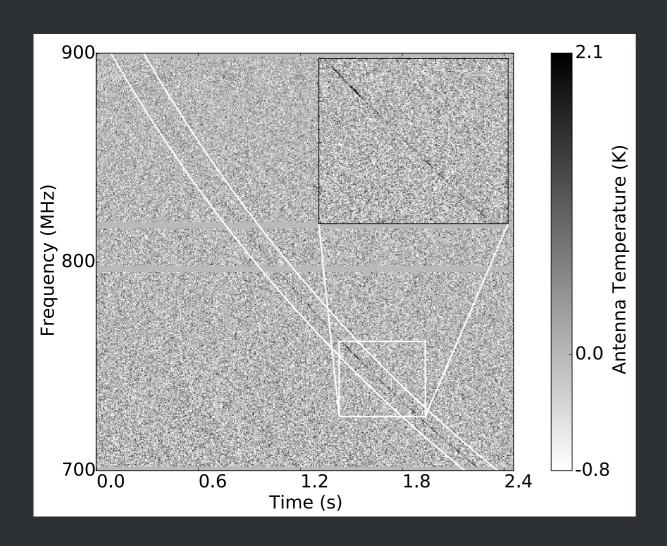


BAO measurements

Forecasts on Baryon Acoustic Oscillation (BAO) distance scale.



21cm Intensity Mapping at GBT Fast Radio Burst (FRB) Found!



Masui et al., the GBT-IM team, 2015, submitted

- FRBs are bright, millisecond radio flashes of unknown origin (Lorimer et al. 2007)
- We search through 700 hours of GBT HI data at 700-900 MHz, found one event
- First FRB detection under I GHz, with linear polarization and Faraday Rotation Measurements.
- The FRB detection implies a source location in the dense central region of its host galaxy, or the presence of magnetized material associated with the source itself.

Summary

- Intensity mapping (IM) is a new and interesting path to improve our understanding of EoR and probe the large-scale structure.
- Good progress in 21cm IM measurements at both low and high redshifts, but we'd need a detection soon! ~Early days of the CMB.
- Existing facility explorations:
 - PAPER/LOFAR/MWA/GMRT-EoR: 21cm fluctuations upper limit of 23mK at z~8 (Ali et al 2015).
 - GBT-IM: Cross-power spectra measured. Upper limits on HI power spectra at z~0.8
 - CHIME, Tianlai, HIRAX: large-scale 21cm IM experiments. Constructed or in progress.
- Pilot programs are on-going/planned: Time-pilot ([CII]), SPHEREx (Lya), LAMP (Lya), AIM-CO and COMAP (CO), and several on-going HI IM experiments. Stay tuned!