

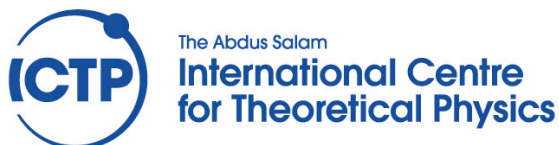
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Determination of the V_{tb} CKM element in single top production at Tevatron and LHC

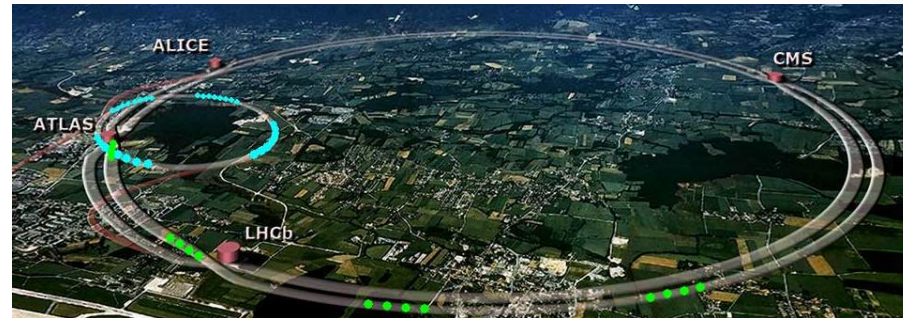
Kate Shaw on behalf of the ATLAS, CMS, D0 and CDF Collaborations
ATLAS Udine/ICTP Group



LHC and Tevatron

Large Hadron Collider

- Proton-proton collider
- Operated at a center of energy of 7 (8) TeV in 2011 (2012)
- Experiments ATLAS and CMS each collected up to 5 (20) fb⁻¹ of data



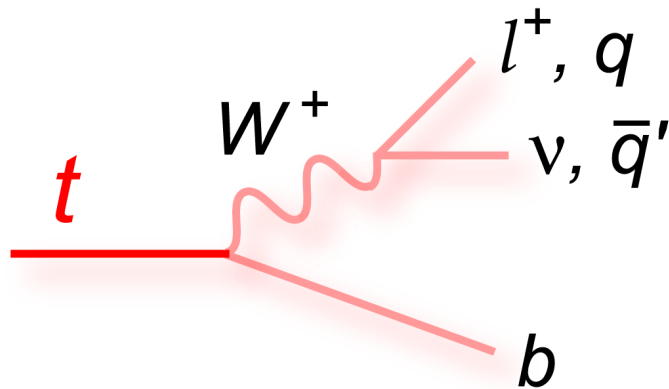
Tevatron

- Proton-antiproton collider
- Run II ended operation in 2011 at a center of mass energy of 1.96 TeV
- Experiments CDF and D0 each collected 10 fb⁻¹ of data.



Top Quark

- Top-quark is the most massive known fundamental particle
- It was discovered in 1995 at the Tevatron by CDF and D0
- Its mass is of the order of the electroweak symmetry breaking scale - probe for new physics



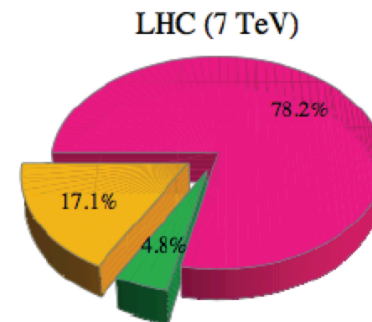
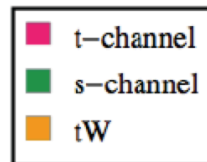
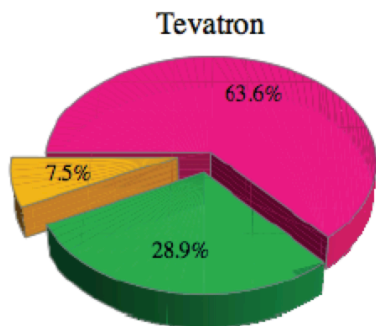
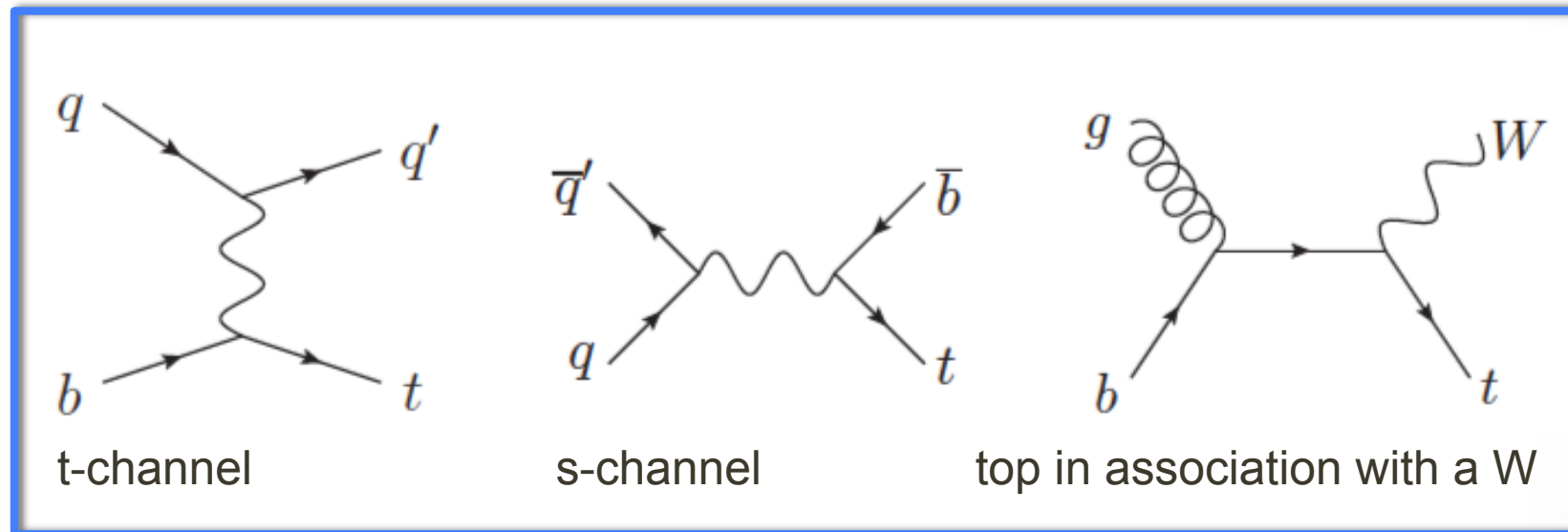
Lifetime of the top is shorter than the timescale of hadronisation

Top-quarks decay almost 100% to W-boson and Bottom-quark $|V_{tb}| \sim 1$

Final state topology is dictated by the leptonic or hadronic decay of the W-boson

Single top production

- Single top production proceeds via electroweak interaction involving a tWb vertex



CKM matrix element $|V_{tb}|$

- Quark mixing described by unitary CKM matrix V_{CKM}

$$|V_{ub}|^2 + |V_{cb}|^2 + |V_{tb}|^2 = 1$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} d' \\ s' \\ b' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} V_{ud} & V_{us} & V_{ub} \\ V_{cd} & V_{cs} & V_{cb} \\ V_{td} & V_{ts} & V_{tb} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \\ b \end{pmatrix} \equiv \hat{V}_{\text{CKM}} \begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \\ b \end{pmatrix}$$

- The matrix elements are determined from weak decays of the relevant quarks
 - Is the matrix 3 x 3?
 - Is there a fourth generation?
 - Does unitarity hold?

CKM matrix element $|V_{tb}|$

- Quark mixing described by unitary CKM matrix V_{CKM}

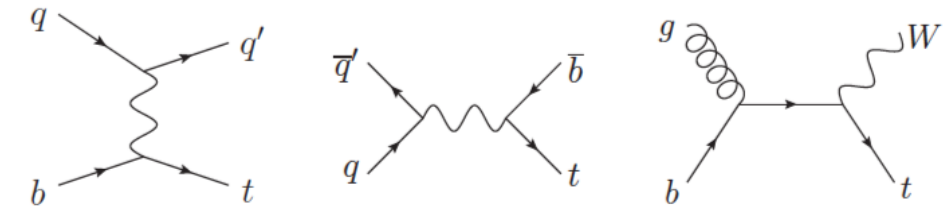
$$|V_{ub}|^2 + |V_{cb}|^2 + |V_{tb}|^2 = 1$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} d' \\ s' \\ b' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} V_{ud} & V_{us} & V_{ub} \\ V_{cd} & V_{cs} & V_{cb} \\ V_{td} & V_{ts} & V_{tb} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \\ b \end{pmatrix} \equiv \hat{V}_{\text{CKM}} \begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \\ b \end{pmatrix}$$

- $|V_{tb}|$ govern the decay rate of the top and its decay width to Wb
- Assuming there are three generations of quarks and applying the unitarity constraint $|V_{tb}|$ approaches unity

Directly Measuring $|V_{tb}|$

- The single top cross-section is directly proportional to the square of the coupling at the production vertex, thus proportional to $|V_{tb}|^2$
 - Assuming $|V_{tb}| \gg V_{ts}$ and $|V_{tb}| \gg V_{td}$
 - Assuming Wtb interaction is a SM-like left-handed weak coupling

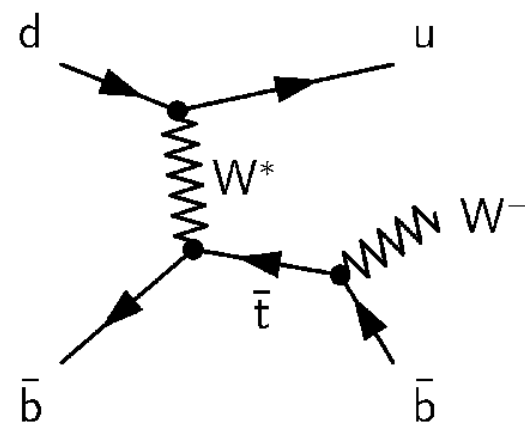
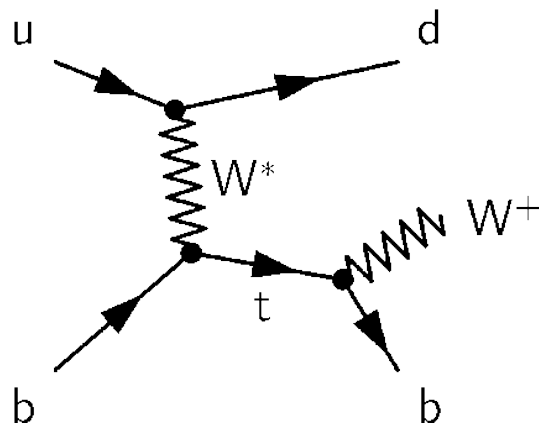
$$|V_{tb}| = \sqrt{\sigma_{meas.} / \sigma_{theory}}$$


σ_{theory} assumes $|V_{tb}| = 1$

- No dependence on unitarity of CKM matrix, thus a good test for unitarity and probe for fourth quark generation or BSM physics

t-channel

t-channel is the dominant production mode for single top at the LHC and the Tevatron



Leading order

Analysis based on leptonically decaying $W^+ t \rightarrow Wb \rightarrow bl\nu$
Dominant backgrounds are QCD-multijets, W +jets and Z +jets



CMS: t-channel

Constraints placed on $|V_{tb}|$ using the measured cross-section of single top production in the t-channel with 7^[1] and 8^[2] TeV data

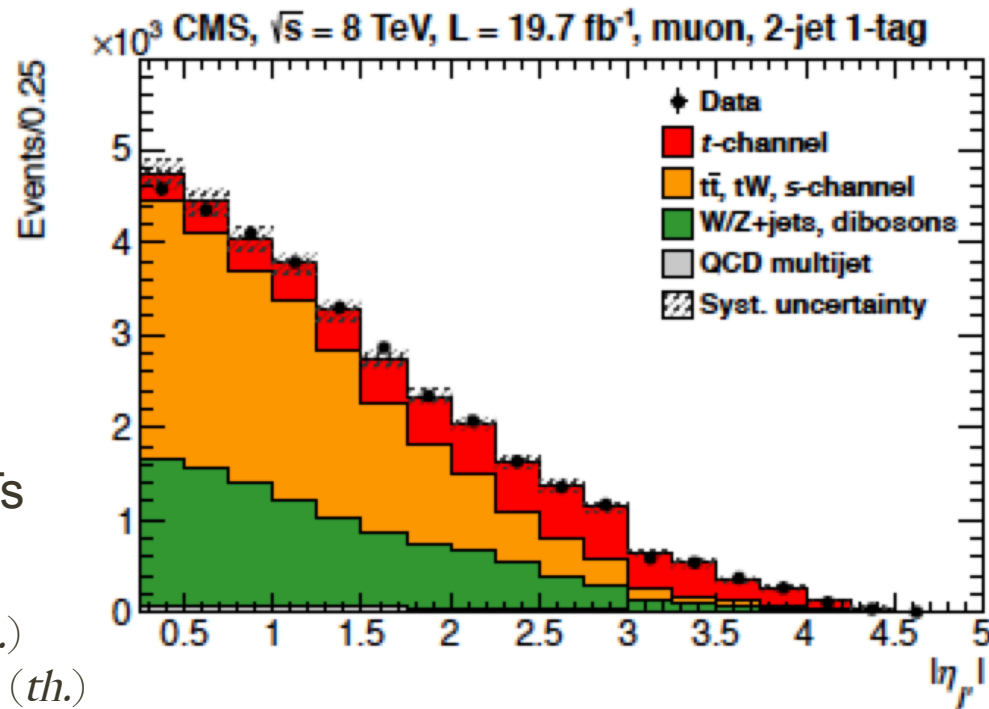
Event selection:

- One lepton
- At least two jets
- One b-tagged jet

Cross-section extracted from maximum-likelihood fits to the pseudorapidity of the light jet $|\eta_j|$

- 7 TeV analysis also used BDTs and NNs

7TeV: $|V_{tb}| = 1.04 \pm 0.09 (exp.) \pm 0.02 (th.)$
 8TeV: $|V_{tb}| = 0.979 \pm 0.045 (exp.) \pm 0.016 (th.)$



$|V_{tb}| = 0.998 \pm 0.038 (meas.) \pm 0.016(th.)$
 $0.92 < |V_{tb}| < 1 @ 95\% \text{ confidence level} \quad (7+8 \text{ TeV}).$

Most stringent lower limit

ATLAS: t-channel

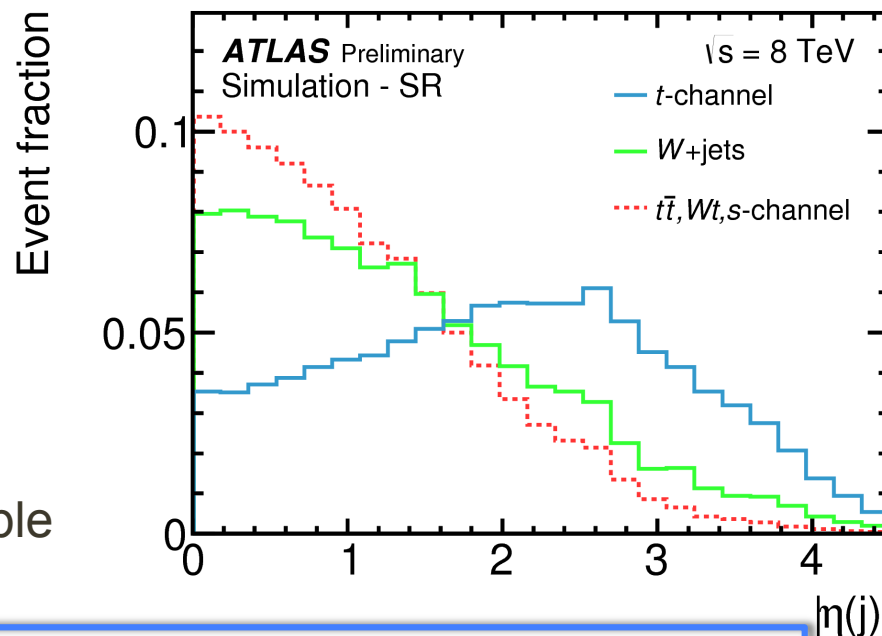
$|V_{tb}|$ determined using the measured combined (aMC@NLO extrapolated) cross-section of t-channel single top production in lepton +jets channel with 7^[1] (8^[2])TeV data

Event selection:

- One lepton
- At least two jets
- One b-tagged jet

Binned maximum-likelihood fit to neutral network distributions

- $|\eta_j|$ important discriminating variable



7 TeV $|V_{tb}| > 0.88$ @ 95% C.L.

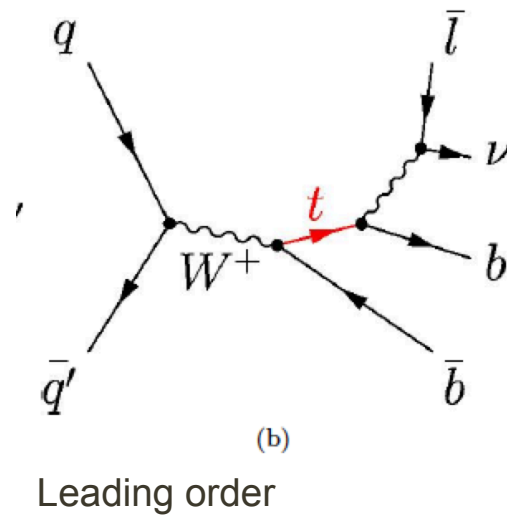
$$|V_{tb}| = 1.02 \pm 0.01(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.06(\text{syst.}) \pm 0.02(\text{theo.})_{-0.00}^{+0.01}(m_t)$$

8 TeV $|V_{tb}| > 0.78$ @ 95% C.L.

$$|V_{tb}| = 0.97 \pm 0.01(\text{stat.})_{-0.07}^{+0.06}(\text{syst.}) \pm 0.06(\text{gen. + PDF})_{-0.01}^{+0.02}(\text{theor.}) \pm 0.01(\text{lumi.})$$

s-channel

s-channel has a small cross-section at the LHC and Tevatron



Analysis based on leptonically decaying $W^+ t \rightarrow Wb \rightarrow bl\nu$
Dominant backgrounds are W +jets, QCD-multijets and $t\bar{t}$



DØ: s- and t-channel

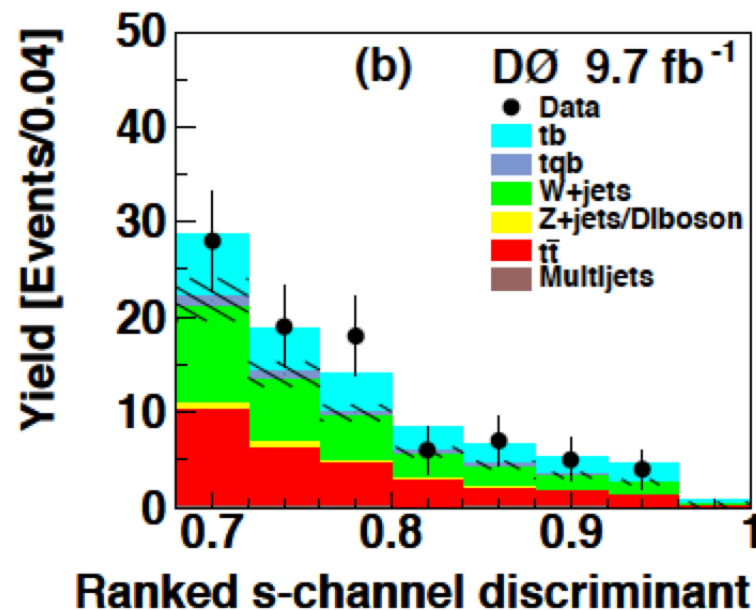
Lower limit defined on $|V_{tb}|$ using the measured cross-section of single top production in the s+t combined channel with 1.96 TeV data

Event selection:

- One lepton
- Two or three jets
- One or two b-tagged jet
- Missing Et

Multivariate methods applied to data

- Boosted Decision Trees (BDT)
- Bayesian Neural Network (BNN)
- Matrix Element probability calculations



Optimised to measure s- and t- channel independently

$$|V_{tb}| = 1.12 + 0.09 - 0.08$$
$$0.92 < |V_{tb}| < 1 \text{ @ 95\% CL.}$$

**Most stringent
lower limit**



CDF: s- and t-channel

Lower limit defined on $|V_{tb}|$ combining single top production in the $l\nu_{bb}^{[1]}$ and $MET_{bb}^{[2]}$ s+t combined channel with 1.96 TeV data

Event selection for MET_{bb}
recovering non-reconstructed
leptons and W decay to tau
(hadronic)

- Lepton veto
- At least two jets (one b-tagged)
- Missing Et

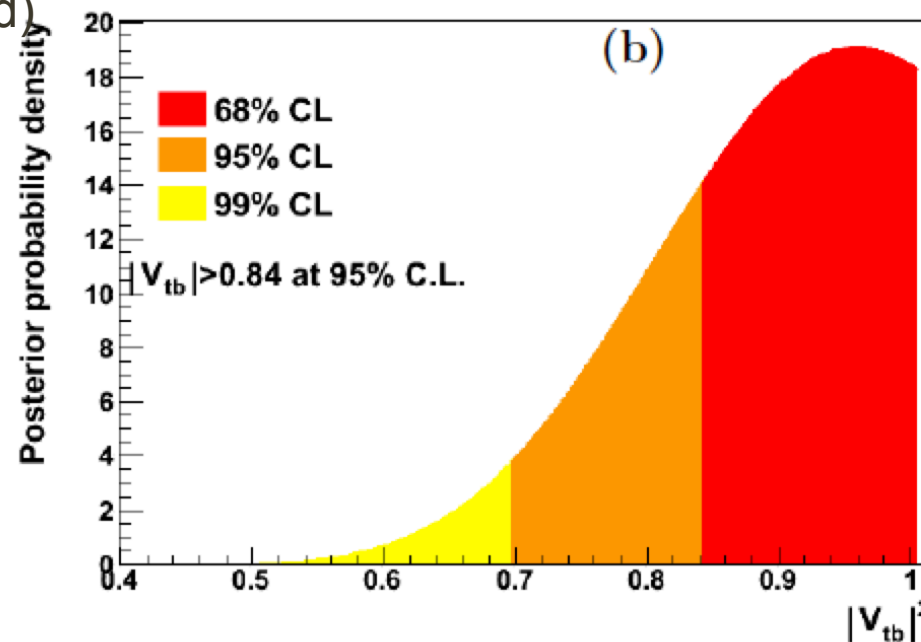
Event selection for $l\nu_{bb}^{[1]}$

- One lepton
- Two or three jets (one b-tagged)
- Missing Et

Combination of MET_{bb} & $l\nu_{bb}$

- Product of likelihoods
- Simultaneously vary correlated uncertainties

$$0.84 < |V_{tb}| < 1 \text{ @ 95\% CL.}$$

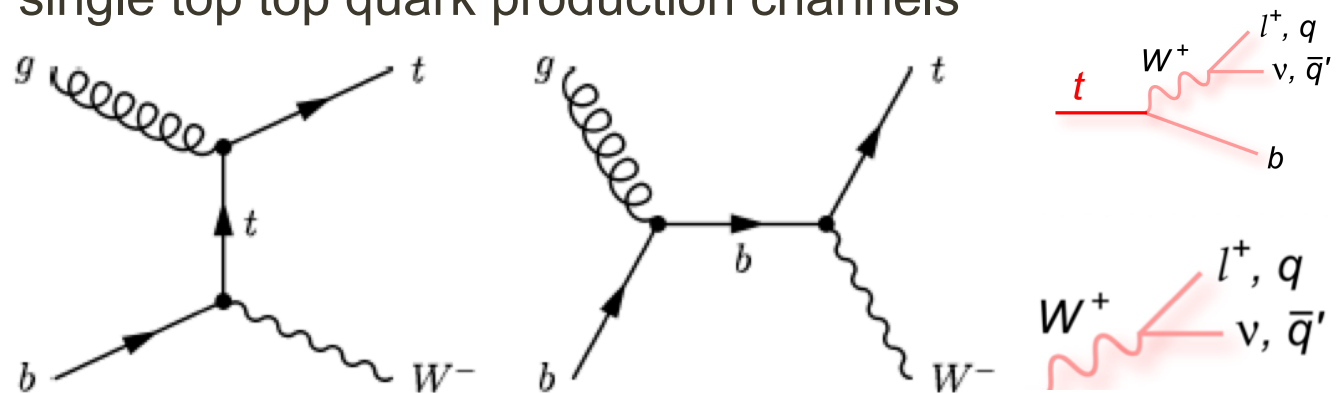


Wt associated production

Associated Wt production very small at Tevatron, but significant at LHC

Production of special interest because of its sensitivity to non-SM couplings of the Wtb vertex

While being relatively insensitive to scenarios that affect the other single top quark production channels



Leading order

Analysis is based on both W-bosons decaying leptonically

Dominant background is $t\bar{t}$

$$t \rightarrow Wb \rightarrow bl\nu,$$



Wt associated production

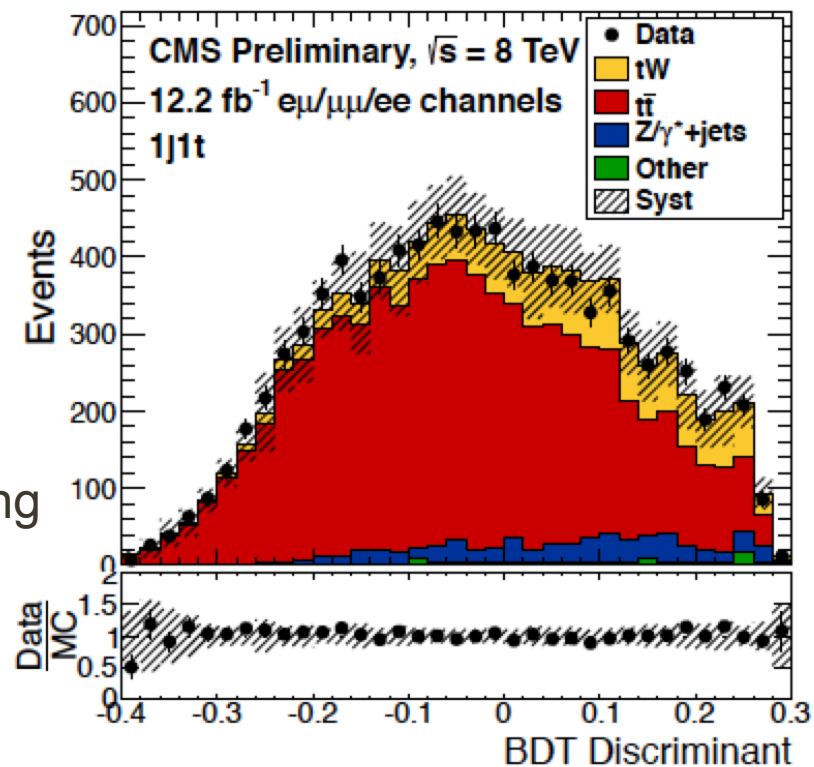
$|V_{tb}|$ determined using measured cross-section of associated production of a single top quark and a W boson at 8 TeV where both W-bosons decay leptonically

Event selection:

- Two leptons (e μ only atlas)
- Missing Et
- One b-tagged jet

Multivariate analysis based on BDT

- Most powerful variables are those involving loose b-tagged jets



$$|V_{tb}| = \sqrt{\frac{\sigma_{tW}}{\sigma_{tW}^{th}}} = 1.03 \pm 0.12(\text{exp.}) \pm 0.04(\text{th.})$$

$0.78 < |V_{tb}| < 1$ @ 95% CL. [1]

$$|V_{tb}| = 1.10 \pm 0.12 (\text{exp.}) \pm 0.03 (\text{th.})$$

$0.72 < |V_{tb}| < 1$ @ 95% CL. [2]

Summary

$|V_{tb}|$ determination in single top production without unitarity constraint

	ch.	$< V_{tb} $	$ V_{tb} $ measured value
CDF (1.96 TeV)	s+t	0.84	
D0 (1.96 TeV)	s+t	0.92	$1.12^{+0.09} - 0.08$
CMS (7+8 TeV)	t	0.92	0.998 ± 0.038 (exp.) ± 0.016 (th.)
ATLAS (7 (8) TeV)	t	0.88 (0.78)	1.02 ± 0.07 (0.97 $^{+0.09} - 0.10$)
CMS	Wt	0.78	1.03 ± 0.12 (exp.) ± 0.04 (th.)
ATLAS	Wt	0.72	1.10 ± 0.12 (exp.) ± 0.03 (th.)

Back up

Measuring $|V_{tb}|$

Indirect measurement

- Assuming the unitarity of the CKM matrix, the ratio of branching fractions can be used to set limits on $|V_{tb}|$

$$R = \mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow Wb) / \mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow Wq) = |V_{tb}|^2 / (\sum_q |V_{tq}|^2) = |V_{tb}|^2$$

- Where $q = b, s, d$